

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025
OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 000-54687

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Maryland

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

**800 Newport Center Drive, Suite 700
Newport Beach, California**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

27-1627696

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

92660

(Zip Code)

(949) 417-6500

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class

None

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered

None

Trading Symbol(s)

None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer ☐

Non-Accelerated Filer ☒

Accelerated Filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☐

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 11, 2025, there were 148,516,246 outstanding shares of common stock of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc.

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

FORM 10-Q

June 30, 2025

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	June 30, 2025 (unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Assets		
Real estate:		
Land	\$ 219,306	\$ 219,306
Buildings and improvements	1,908,718	1,901,197
Tenant origination and absorption costs	25,891	27,334
Total real estate held for investment, cost	2,153,915	2,147,837
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(688,043)	(645,371)
Total real estate held for investment, net	1,465,872	1,502,466
Real estate held for sale, net	63,115	61,065
Total real estate, net	1,528,987	1,563,531
Real estate equity securities	38,226	40,600
Total real estate and real estate-related investments, net	1,567,213	1,604,131
Cash and cash equivalents	27,540	30,484
Restricted cash	19,328	11,090
Rents and other receivables, net	97,992	99,007
Above-market leases, net	86	120
Assets related to real estate held for sale, net	7,317	7,195
Prepaid expenses and other assets	63,026	71,418
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,782,502</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,445</u>
Liabilities and equity		
Notes payable:		
Notes payable, net	\$ 1,369,863	\$ 1,354,997
Notes payable related to real estate held for sale, net	87,664	87,664
Notes payable, net	1,457,527	1,442,661
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	48,412	46,911
Due to affiliate	19,866	19,520
Below-market leases, net	359	544
Liabilities related to real estate held for sale, net	1,340	940
Other liabilities	54,160	56,310
Total liabilities	1,581,664	1,566,886
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Redeemable common stock	—	—
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 148,516,246 and 148,516,246 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	1,485	1,485
Additional paid-in capital	1,313,297	1,313,297
Cumulative distributions in excess of net income	(1,113,944)	(1,058,223)
Total stockholders' equity	200,838	256,559
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 1,782,502</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,445</u>

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues:				
Rental income	\$ 60,904	\$ 64,681	\$ 121,168	\$ 130,038
Dividend income from real estate equity securities	—	—	261	540
Other operating income	4,479	4,715	8,342	9,046
Total revenues	65,383	69,396	129,771	139,624
Expenses:				
Operating, maintenance and management	17,267	17,698	34,317	35,101
Real estate taxes and insurance	11,912	12,117	23,772	25,071
Asset management fees to affiliate	4,643	4,877	9,227	9,820
General and administrative expenses	2,279	2,372	4,818	7,863
Depreciation and amortization	25,193	28,486	51,599	56,020
Interest expense	30,508	33,209	58,855	65,661
Net (gain) loss on derivative instruments	(969)	(4,903)	866	(21,055)
Total expenses	90,833	93,856	183,454	178,481
Other income (loss):				
Unrealized gain (loss) on real estate equity securities	2,849	(4,511)	(2,374)	(24,023)
Gain from extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	56,372
Gain on sale of real estate, net	—	—	—	14,781
Other interest income	152	352	336	682
Total other income (loss), net	3,001	(4,159)	(2,038)	47,812
Net (loss) income	\$ (22,449)	\$ (28,619)	\$ (55,721)	\$ 8,955
Net (loss) income per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.38)	\$ 0.06
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	148,516,246	148,516,246	148,516,246	148,516,246

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amounts			
Balance, March 31, 2025	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,091,495)	\$ 223,287
Net loss	—	—	—	(22,449)	(22,449)
Balance, June 30, 2025	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,113,944)	\$ 200,838

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amounts			
Balance, March 31, 2024	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,009,798)	\$ 304,984
Net loss	—	—	—	(28,619)	(28,619)
Balance, June 30, 2024	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,038,417)	\$ 276,365

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amounts			
Balance, December 31, 2024	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,058,223)	\$ 256,559
Net loss	—	—	—	(55,721)	(55,721)
Balance, June 30, 2025	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,113,944)	\$ 200,838

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Net Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amounts			
Balance, December 31, 2023	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,299	\$ (1,047,372)	\$ 267,412
Net income	—	—	—	8,955	8,955
Other offering costs	—	—	(2)	—	(2)
Balance, June 30, 2024	148,516,246	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,313,297	\$ (1,038,417)	\$ 276,365

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (55,721)	\$ 8,955
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	51,599	56,020
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities	2,374	24,023
Deferred rents	(4,113)	(5,696)
Amortization of above- and below-market leases, net	(151)	(261)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	5,895	5,954
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments	6,258	(7,501)
Gains related to swap terminations	—	(178)
Interest rate swap settlement for early terminated swaps	—	6,552
Gain from extinguishment of debt	—	(56,372)
Gain on sale of real estate	—	(14,781)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Rents and other receivables	2,266	(2,819)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,787)	(8,148)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,943)	1,839
Due to affiliate	346	1,434
Other liabilities	620	(1,353)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>643</u>	<u>7,668</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Improvements to real estate	(12,671)	(22,084)
Proceeds from sale of real estate, net	—	46,929
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	<u>(12,671)</u>	<u>24,845</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from notes payable	26,816	32,080
Principal payments on notes payable	(3,213)	(54,088)
Payments of deferred financing costs	(6,281)	(4,775)
Restricted cash surrendered from deed-in-lieu of foreclosure	—	(1,886)
Payments of prepaid other offering costs	—	(1,172)
Payments of other offering costs	—	(2)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>17,322</u>	<u>(29,843)</u>
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	5,294	2,670
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	41,574	50,922
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 46,868</u>	<u>\$ 53,592</u>
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 46,958</u>	<u>\$ 45,484</u>
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Mortgage loan extinguished in connection with deed-in-lieu of foreclosure	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 125,000</u>
Real estate transferred in connection with deed-in-lieu of foreclosure	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 69,028</u>
Net liabilities transferred in connection with deed-in-lieu of foreclosure	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,286</u>
Accrued improvements to real estate	<u>\$ 5,615</u>	<u>\$ 5,189</u>
Accrued deferred loan financing costs	<u>\$ 13,061</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Accrued disposition fees	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION

KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. (the “Company”) was formed on December 22, 2009 as a Maryland corporation that elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011 and it intends to continue to operate in such manner. Substantially all of the Company’s business is conducted through KBS Limited Partnership III (the “Operating Partnership”), a Delaware limited partnership. The Company is the sole general partner of and owns a 0.1% partnership interest in the Operating Partnership. KBS REIT Holdings III LLC (“REIT Holdings III”), the limited partner of the Operating Partnership, owns the remaining 99.9% interest in the Operating Partnership and is its sole limited partner. The Company is the sole member and manager of REIT Holdings III.

Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, the business of the Company is externally managed by KBS Capital Advisors LLC (the “Advisor”), an affiliate of the Company, pursuant to an advisory agreement the Company entered into with the Advisor (as amended, the “Advisory Agreement”). On January 26, 2010, the Company issued 20,000 shares of its common stock to the Advisor at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share. As of June 30, 2025, the Advisor owned 20,857 shares of the Company’s common stock.

The Company owns a diverse portfolio of real estate investments. As of June 30, 2025, the Company owned 13 office properties (one of which was held for sale and subsequently sold on July 11, 2025), one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of Prime US REIT, a Singapore real estate investment trust (the “SREIT”).

The Company commenced its initial public offering (the “Offering”) on October 26, 2010. Upon commencing the Offering, the Company retained KBS Capital Markets Group LLC (the “Dealer Manager”), an affiliate of the Company, to serve as the dealer manager of the Offering pursuant to a dealer manager agreement, as amended and restated (the “Dealer Manager Agreement”). The Company ceased offering shares of common stock in the primary Offering on May 29, 2015 and terminated the primary Offering on July 28, 2015.

The Company sold 169,006,162 shares of common stock in the primary Offering for gross proceeds of \$1.7 billion. The Company sold 46,154,757 shares of common stock under its dividend reinvestment plan for gross offering proceeds of \$471.3 million. The Company has redeemed or repurchased 74,644,349 shares sold in the Offering for \$789.2 million. On March 15, 2024, the Company terminated its dividend reinvestment plan and its share redemption program.

Additionally, on October 3, 2014, the Company issued 258,462 shares of common stock for \$2.4 million in private transactions exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

2. GOING CONCERN

Each reporting period, management evaluates the Company's ability to continue as a going concern by evaluating conditions and events, including assessing the Company's liquidity needs in order to satisfy upcoming debt obligations and the Company's ability to satisfy debt covenant requirements. Through the normal course of operations, the Company has \$556.5 million of notes payable maturities and required principal paydowns during the 12-month period from the issuance of these financial statements. In order to refinance, restructure or extend the Company's maturing debt obligations, the Company has been required to reduce the loan commitments and/or make paydowns on certain loans, and the Company may be required to make additional reductions to loan commitments and paydowns on the loans maturing during the next 12 months in order to refinance, restructure or extend those loans. As a result of reductions in loan commitments and paydowns and the ongoing liquidity needs in the Company's real estate portfolio, the Company may be required to sell assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage its liquidity needs. Selling real estate assets in the current market may result in a lower sale price than the Company would otherwise obtain. In addition, the Company continues to evaluate raising capital through the issuance of new equity or debt. The Company may also defer noncontractual expenditures. However, there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's plans to be effectively implemented within one year from the date the financial statements are issued, as certain elements of management's plans are outside the control of the Company, including its ability to repay outstanding debt obligations at maturity, make certain required principal paydowns during the terms of the loans, satisfy other terms and conditions contained in its loan agreements, refinance, restructure or extend certain debt obligations and sell assets in the current real estate and financial markets. As a result of the Company's upcoming loan maturities and required principal paydowns, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans may not be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. See Note 8, "Notes Payable" for further information regarding the Company's notes payable.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no significant changes to the Company's accounting policies since it filed its audited financial statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Annual Report"). For further information about the Company's accounting policies, refer to the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2024 included in the Company's Annual Report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and condensed notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information as contained within the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") and the rules and regulations of the SEC, including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, the financial statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair and consistent presentation of the results for such periods. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, REIT Holdings III, the Operating Partnership and their direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and condensed notes thereto in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and condensed notes. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the Company's prior period consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have not changed the results of operations of prior periods.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company classified one office property as held for sale. As a result, certain assets and liabilities related to this property were reclassified to held for sale on the consolidated balance sheets for all periods presented.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was equal to net income (loss) for these respective periods.

Derivative Instruments

Cash Flow Classification of Derivative Settlements

The Company classifies proceeds received or amounts paid related to early terminations or settlements of its derivative instruments not designated as hedges for accounting purposes in cash flows from operating activities in the statement of cash flows. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company terminated two interest rate swap agreements and received aggregate settlement proceeds of \$6.6 million which was included in net cash flow provided by operating activities in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows.

Per Share Data

Basic net income (loss) per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding during such period. Diluted net income (loss) per share of common stock equals basic net income (loss) per share of common stock as there were no potentially dilutive securities outstanding during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

No distributions were declared for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Square Footage, Occupancy and Other Measures

Square footage, occupancy, number of tenants and other measures, including annualized base rent and annualized base rent per square foot, used to describe real estate investments included in these condensed notes to the consolidated financial statements are unaudited and outside the scope of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm's review of the Company's financial statements in accordance with the standards of the United States Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
Recently Issued Accounting Standards Update

In November 2024, the FASB issued accounting standards update (“ASU”) No. 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses* (“ASU 2024-03”). ASU 2024-03 requires public entities to disaggregate, in a tabular presentation, certain income statement expenses into different categories, such as purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, and intangible asset amortization. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted and should be applied either (1) prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date or (2) retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2024-03 on its consolidated financial statements and future disclosures but does not expect the adoption of ASU 2024-03 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

4. REAL ESTATE
Real Estate Held for Investment

As of June 30, 2025, the Company’s real estate portfolio held for investment was composed of 12 office properties and one mixed-use office/retail property encompassing in the aggregate approximately 6.1 million rentable square feet. As of June 30, 2025, the Company’s real estate portfolio held for investment was collectively 79.3% occupied. The following table summarizes the Company’s investments in real estate held for investment as of June 30, 2025 (in thousands):

Property	Date Acquired	City	State	Property Type	Total Real Estate, at Cost ⁽¹⁾	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization ⁽¹⁾	Total Real Estate, Net ⁽¹⁾
Town Center	03/27/2012	Plano	TX	Office	\$ 144,406	\$ (61,956)	\$ 82,450
Gateway Tech Center	05/09/2012	Salt Lake City	UT	Office	37,398	(15,029)	22,369
60 South Sixth	01/31/2013	Minneapolis	MN	Office	115,636	(5,459)	110,177
Accenture Tower	12/16/2013	Chicago	IL	Office	578,374	(196,570)	381,804
Ten Almaden	12/05/2014	San Jose	CA	Office	131,628	(47,776)	83,852
Towers at Emeryville	12/23/2014	Emeryville	CA	Office	223,760	(77,697)	146,063
3003 Washington Boulevard	12/30/2014	Arlington	VA	Office	154,964	(51,925)	103,039
Park Place Village	06/18/2015	Leawood	KS	Office/Retail	88,412	(19,545)	68,867
201 17th Street	06/23/2015	Atlanta	GA	Office	105,728	(40,130)	65,598
515 Congress	08/31/2015	Austin	TX	Office	138,263	(43,133)	95,130
The Almaden	09/23/2015	San Jose	CA	Office	192,596	(59,105)	133,491
3001 Washington Boulevard	11/06/2015	Arlington	VA	Office	61,009	(17,608)	43,401
Carillon	01/15/2016	Charlotte	NC	Office	181,741	(52,110)	129,631
					<u>\$ 2,153,915</u>	<u>\$ (688,043)</u>	<u>\$ 1,465,872</u>

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented are net of impairment charges and write-offs of fully depreciated/amortized assets.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

4. REAL ESTATE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2025, the following property represented more than 10% of the Company's total assets:

Property	Location	Rentable Square Feet	Total Real Estate, Net (in thousands)	Percentage of Total Assets	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) ⁽¹⁾	Occupancy
Accenture Tower	Chicago, IL	1,457,724	\$ 381,804	21.4 %	\$ 37,951	90.9 %

⁽¹⁾ Annualized base rent represents annualized contractual base rental income as of June 30, 2025, adjusted to straight-line any contractual tenant concessions (including free rent), rent increases and rent decreases from the lease's inception through the balance of the lease term.

Operating Leases

The Company's office and office/retail properties are leased to tenants under operating leases for which the terms and expirations vary. As of June 30, 2025, the leases, including leases that have been executed but not yet commenced, had remaining terms, excluding options to extend, of up to 14.0 years with a weighted-average remaining term of 5.4 years. Some of the leases have provisions to extend the term of the leases, options for early termination for all or a part of the leased premises after paying a specified penalty, and other terms and conditions as negotiated. The Company retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the real estate assets leased to tenants. Generally, upon the execution of a lease, the Company requires a security deposit from the tenant in the form of a cash deposit and/or a letter of credit. The amount required as a security deposit varies depending upon the terms of the respective lease and the creditworthiness of the tenant, but generally is not a significant amount. Therefore, exposure to credit risk exists to the extent that a receivable from a tenant exceeds the amount of its security deposit. Security deposits received in cash related to tenant leases are included in other liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and totaled \$8.9 million and \$8.4 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized deferred rent from tenants of \$4.1 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the cumulative deferred rent balance was \$95.1 million and \$92.8 million, respectively, and is included in rents and other receivables on the accompanying balance sheets. The cumulative deferred rent balance included \$16.9 million and \$17.5 million of unamortized lease incentives as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

As of June 30, 2025, the future minimum rental income from the Company's properties held for investment under its non-cancelable operating leases was as follows (in thousands):

July 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025	\$	83,191
2026		163,699
2027		144,924
2028		127,168
2029		106,065
Thereafter		377,010
	\$	<u>1,002,057</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

4. REAL ESTATE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2025, the Company's office and office/retail properties held for investment were leased to approximately 400 tenants over a diverse range of industries and geographic areas. As of June 30, 2025, no tenant accounted for more than 10% of annualized base rent.

Geographic Concentration Risk

As of June 30, 2025, the Company's net investments in real estate held for investment in Illinois, California and Texas represented 21.4%, 20.4% and 10.0% of the Company's total assets, respectively. As a result, the geographic concentration of the Company's portfolio makes it particularly susceptible to adverse economic developments in the Illinois, California and Texas real estate markets. Any adverse economic or real estate developments in these markets, such as business layoffs or downsizing, industry slowdowns, relocations of businesses, changing demographics and other factors, or any decrease in demand for office space resulting from the local business climate, could adversely affect the Company's operating results.

Disposition Through Deed-in-Lieu of Foreclosure Transaction

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the borrower under the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan (the "Spear Street Borrower") entered into a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction (the "Deed-in-Lieu Transaction") with the lender of the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan (the "Spear Street Lender"). On January 9, 2024, the Spear Street Lender transferred the title of the 201 Spear Street property to a third-party buyer of the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan. As a result, during the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company disposed of the 201 Spear Street property in connection with the Deed-in-Lieu Transaction and recognized a \$56.4 million gain from extinguishment of debt for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The results of operations for 201 Spear Street are included in continuing operations on the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The following table summarizes the revenue and expenses related to 201 Spear Street for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands).

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024
Revenues		
Rental income	\$ —	\$ 197
Other operating income	—	9
Total revenues	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 206</u>
Expenses		
Operating, maintenance, and management	\$ —	\$ 52
Real estate taxes and insurance	—	69
Asset management fees to affiliate	—	26
General and administrative expenses	—	22
Interest expense	—	419
Total expenses	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 588</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

5. REAL ESTATE SALES AND REAL ESTATE HELD FOR SALE

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company sold two office properties to purchasers unaffiliated with the Company or the Advisor. In February 2024, the Company completed the sale of one office property for \$48.8 million, before third-party closing costs and disposition fees payable to the Advisor, and in November 2024, the Company sold one office property for \$151.0 million, before third-party closing costs, credits and disposition fees payable to the Advisor. The Company recognized a gain on sale of \$53.1 million related to these dispositions. As of June 30, 2025, the Company classified one office property as held for sale.

The following summary presents the major components of assets and liabilities related to real estate held for sale (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets related to real estate held for sale:		
Total real estate, at cost	\$ 100,966	\$ 97,086
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(37,851)	(36,021)
Real estate held for sale, net	63,115	61,065
Other assets	7,317	7,195
Total assets related to real estate held for sale	<u>\$ 70,432</u>	<u>\$ 68,260</u>
Liabilities related to real estate held for sale		
Notes payable, net	\$ 87,664	\$ 87,664
Other liabilities	1,340	940
Total liabilities related to real estate held for sale	<u>\$ 89,004</u>	<u>\$ 88,604</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

5. REAL ESTATE SALES AND REAL ESTATE HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

The results of operations for the properties sold during the year ended December 31, 2024 and the office property held for sale as of June 30, 2025 are included in continuing operations on the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The following table summarizes certain revenues and expenses related to the Company's real estate properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2024 and the office property held for sale as of June 30, 2025, which were included in continuing operations (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 3,023	\$ 7,378	\$ 6,091	\$ 15,643
Other operating income	265	664	529	1,299
Total revenues	<u>\$ 3,288</u>	<u>\$ 8,042</u>	<u>\$ 6,620</u>	<u>\$ 16,942</u>
Expenses ⁽¹⁾				
Operating, maintenance, and management	\$ 691	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,335	\$ 3,583
Real estate taxes and insurance	430	1,087	1,058	2,689
Asset management fees to affiliate	197	476	389	1,000
General and administrative expenses	181	—	181	—
Depreciation and amortization	885	3,071	2,193	6,133
Total expenses	<u>\$ 2,384</u>	<u>\$ 6,222</u>	<u>\$ 5,156</u>	<u>\$ 13,405</u>

⁽¹⁾ The office property sold in February 2024 had served as collateral for the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility. The property sold in November 2024 had served as collateral for the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and as of June 30, 2025, the property held for sale served as collateral for this facility. Interest expense incurred on these portfolio loans is not allocated to the individual properties that serve as collateral for these portfolio loans and therefore, interest expense incurred for the sold properties and the property held for sale as of June 30, 2025 is not shown in this table. Upon the sale of the office property in February 2024, \$46.2 million of the outstanding principal of the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility was repaid. Upon the sale of the office property in November 2024, \$140.4 million of the outstanding principal of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was repaid. Subsequent to June 30, 2025, the property held for sale as of June 30, 2025 was sold and \$87.7 million of the net sales proceeds from the sale of the property was applied to reduce the outstanding principal of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. See Note 8, "Notes Payable – Recent Financing Transactions – Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility" and Note 14, "Subsequent Events – Disposition of Sterling Plaza and Paydown of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility."

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

6. TENANT ORIGATION AND ABSORPTION COSTS, ABOVE-MARKET LEASE ASSETS AND BELOW-MARKET LEASE LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's tenant origination and absorption costs, above-market lease assets and below-market lease liabilities (excluding fully amortized assets and liabilities and accumulated amortization) were as follows (in thousands):

	Tenant Origination and Absorption Costs		Above-Market Lease Assets		Below-Market Lease Liabilities	
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cost	\$ 25,891	\$ 27,334	\$ 873	\$ 873	\$ (2,809)	\$ (4,679)
Accumulated Amortization	(20,716)	(20,960)	(787)	(753)	2,450	4,135
Net Amount	<u>\$ 5,175</u>	<u>\$ 6,374</u>	<u>\$ 86</u>	<u>\$ 120</u>	<u>\$ (359)</u>	<u>\$ (544)</u>

Increases (decreases) in net income as a result of amortization of the Company's tenant origination and absorption costs, above-market lease assets and below-market lease liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows (in thousands):

	Tenant Origination and Absorption Costs		Above-Market Lease Assets		Below-Market Lease Liabilities	
	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Amortization	<u>\$ (597)</u>	<u>\$ (717)</u>	<u>\$ (17)</u>	<u>\$ (17)</u>	<u>\$ 88</u>	<u>\$ 118</u>

	Tenant Origination and Absorption Costs		Above-Market Lease Assets		Below-Market Lease Liabilities	
	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Amortization	<u>\$ (1,199)</u>	<u>\$ (1,506)</u>	<u>\$ (34)</u>	<u>\$ (35)</u>	<u>\$ 185</u>	<u>\$ 296</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

7. REAL ESTATE EQUITY SECURITIES

Investment in Prime US REIT

In connection with the Company's sale of 11 properties to the SREIT on July 18, 2019 (the "Singapore Portfolio"), on July 19, 2019, the Company, through an indirect wholly owned subsidiary ("REIT Properties III"), acquired 307,953,999 units in the SREIT at a price of \$271.0 million, or \$0.88 per unit, representing a 33.3% ownership interest in the SREIT (such transactions, the "Singapore Transaction"). On August 21, 2019, REIT Properties III sold 18,392,100 of its units in the SREIT for \$16.2 million pursuant to an over-allotment option granted to the underwriters of the SREIT's offering, reducing REIT Properties III's ownership in the SREIT to 31.3% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. On November 9, 2021, REIT Properties III sold 73,720,000 of its units in the SREIT for \$58.9 million, net of fees and costs, reducing REIT Properties III's ownership in the SREIT to 18.5% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. On March 28, 2024, the SREIT issued an additional unit for every 10 existing units held by its unitholders as of March 4, 2024, increasing REIT Properties III's investment in the units of the SREIT to 237,426,088 units. As of June 30, 2025, REIT Properties III held 237,426,088 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT. As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate book value and fair value of the Company's investment in the units of the SREIT was \$38.2 million, which was based on the closing price of the SREIT units on the SGX-ST of \$0.161 per unit as of June 30, 2025.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million of dividend income from its investment in the SREIT, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded an unrealized gain on real estate equity securities of \$2.8 million, and during the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$2.4 million. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$4.5 million and \$24.0 million, respectively.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's notes payable, including notes payable related to real estate held for sale, consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Book Value as of June 30, 2025	Book Value as of December 31, 2024	Contractual Interest Rate as of June 30, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	Effective Interest Rate as of June 30, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	Payment Type	Maturity Date ⁽²⁾
The Almaden Mortgage Loan ⁽³⁾	\$ 117,660	\$ 118,440	7.45%	7.45%	Principal & Interest	02/01/2026
Carillon Mortgage Loan ⁽⁴⁾	89,143	88,140	One-month Term SOFR ⁽⁵⁾ +2.00%	6.32%	Principal & Interest	12/31/2026
Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility ⁽⁶⁾	208,643	209,789	One-month Term SOFR + 3.00%	7.32%	Principal & Interest	03/01/2026
3001 & 3003 Washington Mortgage Loan ⁽⁷⁾	138,807	138,807	One-month Term SOFR + 0.10% + 2.90%	7.32%	Interest Only	05/06/2026
Accenture Tower Loan ⁽⁸⁾	317,447	307,097	One-month Term SOFR + 3.00%	7.32%	Interest Only	11/02/2026
Credit Facility ⁽⁹⁾	62,852	62,852	One-month Term SOFR + 3.00%	7.32%	Principal & Interest	09/30/2027
Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility ⁽¹⁰⁾	475,114	460,938	One-month Term SOFR + 3.00%	7.32%	Principal & Interest	01/22/2027
Park Place Village Mortgage Loan ⁽¹¹⁾	65,000	65,000	One-month Term SOFR + 1.95%	6.27%	Interest Only	08/31/2025
Total notes payable principal outstanding	\$ 1,474,666	\$ 1,451,063				
Deferred financing costs, net	(17,139)	(8,402)				
Total Notes Payable, net	<u>\$ 1,457,527</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,661</u>				

⁽¹⁾ Contractual interest rate represents the interest rate in effect under the loan as of June 30, 2025. Effective interest rate is calculated as the actual interest rate in effect as of June 30, 2025, consisting of the contractual interest rate and using interest rate indices as of June 30, 2025, where applicable. For information regarding the Company's derivative instruments, see Note 9, "Derivative Instruments."

⁽²⁾ Represents the maturity date as of June 30, 2025; subject to certain conditions, the maturity dates of certain loans may be extended beyond the dates shown. See below.

⁽³⁾ Beginning January 1, 2024, the borrower under the Almaden Mortgage Loan is required to make a monthly principal payment in the amount of \$130,000.

⁽⁴⁾ See below, "Recent Financing Transactions – Carillon Mortgage Loan."

⁽⁵⁾ Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Term SOFR").

⁽⁶⁾ Beginning June 1, 2024, the borrowers under the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility are required to make a quarterly principal payment in the amount of \$880,900. As of June 30, 2025, \$6.1 million of the holdbacks on the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility are available for future disbursement, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. The Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility is secured by 515 Congress, Gateway Tech Center and 201 17th Street. For more information on this loan, see the Company's Annual Report filed with the SEC.

⁽⁷⁾ The 3001 & 3003 Washington Mortgage Loan is secured by 3001 Washington Boulevard and 3003 Washington Boulevard. For more information on this loan, see the Company's Annual Report filed with the SEC.

⁽⁸⁾ As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding principal balance of the Accenture Tower Loan was \$317.4 million and \$4.6 million of new funding was available for future disbursement, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. As of June 30, 2025, the Accenture Tower Loan has one 12-month extension option available pursuant to the loan agreement, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. For more information on this loan, see the Company's Annual Report filed with the SEC.

⁽⁹⁾ The borrower under the Credit Facility (the "Credit Facility Borrower") is required to meet each of the following milestones: (a) on or prior to December 31, 2025, the Credit Facility Borrower will cause the sale of one of the Company's properties and pay down the outstanding principal balance of the Credit Facility in an amount equal to the net sales proceeds therefrom up to \$25.4 million and reduce the outstanding principal balance of the Credit Facility to no greater than \$37.5 million; (b) on or prior to September 30, 2026, the Credit Facility Borrower will cause the sale of one of the Company's properties and use 50% of the net sales proceeds therefrom to pay down the Credit Facility Borrower's obligations under the Credit Facility and reduce the outstanding principal balance of the Credit Facility to no greater than \$27.5 million; and (c) on or prior to September 30, 2027, the Credit Facility Borrower will cause the sale of three of the Company's properties and use 100% of the net sales proceeds to pay all remaining obligations of the Credit Facility Borrower under the Credit Facility. For more information on this loan, see the Company's Annual Report filed with the SEC.

⁽¹⁰⁾ See below, "Recent Financing Transactions – Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility."

⁽¹¹⁾ As of June 30, 2025, the Park Place Village Mortgage Loan has two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms, conditions and fees as described in the loan documents. Monthly payments are interest only during the initial term and the first extension option. During the second extension option, certain future monthly payments due under the Park Place Village Mortgage Loan also include amortizing principal payments. Subsequent to June 30, 2025, the maturity date of the Park Place Village Mortgage Loan was extended to November 30, 2025.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Through the normal course of operations, the Company has \$556.5 million of notes payable maturing and required principal paydowns during the 12-month period from the issuance of these financial statements. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment and the ongoing required loan paydowns and loan maturity schedule, this raises substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of these financial statements. In order to refinance, restructure or extend the Company's maturing debt obligations, the Company has been required to reduce the loan commitments and/or make paydowns on certain loans, and the Company may be required to make additional reductions to loan commitments and paydowns on the loans maturing during the next 12 months in order to refinance, restructure or extend those loans. As a result of reductions in loan commitments and paydowns and the ongoing liquidity needs in the Company's real estate portfolio, the Company may be required to sell assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage its liquidity needs. Selling real estate assets in the current market may result in a lower sale price than the Company would otherwise obtain. In addition, the Company may continue to evaluate raising capital through the issuance of new equity or debt. The Company may also defer noncontractual expenditures. Additionally, elevated interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on the Company's ability to meet loan compliance tests and may further reduce the available liquidity under the Company's loan agreements. See also, Note 2, "Going Concern."

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company's interest expense related to notes payable was \$30.5 million and \$58.9 million, respectively, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company's interest expense related to notes payable was \$33.2 million and \$65.7 million, respectively, which excludes the impact of interest rate swaps put in place to mitigate the Company's exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate notes payable. See Note 9, "Derivative Instruments." Included in interest expense was the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$3.6 million and \$5.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, and \$3.5 million and \$6.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, \$8.7 million and \$8.6 million of interest expense were payable, respectively.

The following is a schedule of maturities, including principal amortization payments, for all notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2025 (in thousands):

July 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025	\$	148,679
2026		998,487
2027		327,500
2028		—
2029		—
Thereafter		—
	\$	<u>1,474,666</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)****KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.****CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Company's notes payable contain financial debt covenants. As of June 30, 2025, the Company believes it was in compliance with the debt covenants under its notes payable. However, the Company determined it did not meet the debt service coverage ratio required under one of the Company's loan agreements as of March 31, 2025, and as a result, on August 7, 2025, the Company received a demand notice from the agent under the loan agreement of a required paydown of approximately \$4.2 million. The Company has not made this paydown and is in discussions with the agent in regard to this matter. In accordance with the loan agreement, the Company has 30 days from the notice date to cause the outstanding principal balance of the loan to not exceed the amount available as determined by the debt service coverage ratio test. The receipt of the demand letter does not constitute a default under the loan agreement. The Company's loan agreements contain cross default provisions, including that the failure of one or more of the Company's subsidiaries to pay debt as it matures under one debt facility may trigger the acceleration of the Company's indebtedness under other debt facilities. As of June 30, 2025, the Almaden Mortgage Loan, the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, the 3001 & 3003 Washington Mortgage Loan, the Accenture Tower Loan and the Carillon Mortgage Loan are subject to cash sweep arrangements, whereby each month the excess cash flow from the properties securing the loan is deposited into a cash management account held for the benefit of the Company's lenders. Generally, excess cash flow means an amount equal to (a) gross revenues from the properties securing the facility less (b) an amount equal to principal and interest paid with respect to the associated debt facility, operating expenses of the properties securing the facility and in certain cases a limited amount of REIT-level expenses. In certain cases, the Company may request disbursements from the cash management accounts to fund capital or operating shortfalls at the underlying assets. Amounts held in the cash management accounts at each reporting period are included in restricted cash in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Recent Financing Transactions***Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility***

On November 3, 2021, certain of the Company's indirect wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers") entered into a loan agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent (the "Portfolio Loan Agent"); BofA Securities, Inc., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and Capital One, National Association as joint lead arrangers and joint book runners; Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as syndication agent; and each of the financial institutions signatory thereto as lenders (as subsequently modified and amended, the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility"). The current lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility are Bank of America, N.A.; Wells Fargo Bank, National Association; U.S. Bank, National Association; Capital One, National Association; PNC Bank, National Association; Regions Bank; and Zions Bankcorporation, N.A., DBA California Bank & Trust (together, the "Portfolio Loan Lenders").

As of June 30, 2025, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was secured by 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center (the "Portfolio Loan Properties").

On February 6, 2025, the Company, through the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers and REIT Properties III, entered into the eighth loan modification agreement with the Portfolio Loan Agent and the Portfolio Loan Lenders (the "Eighth Extension Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Eighth Extension Agreement, the maturity date of the facility was extended to January 22, 2027, with two additional 12-month extension options, subject to the terms and conditions in the loan documents. Pursuant to the Eighth Extension Agreement, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility bears interest at one-month Term SOFR plus 300 basis points.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Prior to closing the Eighth Extension Agreement, the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was approximately \$465.9 million (the “Principal Debt”). The Eighth Extension Agreement provides for \$15.0 million of new funding (“Additional Loan Proceeds”; the Additional Loan Proceeds together with the Principal Debt (the “Maximum Facility Amount”)) that may be advanced in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, the Eighth Extension Agreement. The Additional Loan Proceeds may be used solely for approved tenant improvements, leasing commissions and capital improvement costs, and taxes and insurance attributable to the Portfolio Loan Properties. The advances of Additional Loan Proceeds are only available to the extent sufficient funds are not available from certain cash accounts established under the Eighth Extension Agreement. As of June 30, 2025, \$5.8 million of the Additional Loan Proceeds remain available for future disbursement, subject to the conditions of the Eighth Extension Agreement.

The Eighth Extension Agreement requires the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers to paydown a portion of the loan such that the Maximum Facility Amount is not greater than (i) \$420.0 million on or before December 31, 2025, (ii) \$300.0 million on or before December 31, 2026 and (iii) \$150.0 million on or before December 31, 2027. In connection with the paydown provisions, the Eighth Extension Agreement requires the sale of Counted Projects (defined below), from time to time, such that the Company does not own more than five Counted Projects as of December 31, 2025, four Counted Projects as of December 31, 2026 and three Counted Projects as of December 31, 2027. The Counted Projects are the Portfolio Loan Properties and Accenture Tower. In connection with the sale of the Portfolio Loan Properties, the Eighth Extension Agreement provides for up to \$30 million of sales proceeds from the sale of the first Portfolio Loan Property and up to a total of \$15 million of sales proceeds from the sale of subsequent Portfolio Loan Properties to be funded into the Cash Sweep Collateral Account (defined below) that can be used as described below. Commencing September 30, 2025 and each quarter thereafter, the Eighth Extension Agreement also requires that the Portfolio Loan Properties meet certain leasing requirements.

Subsequent to June 30, 2025, pursuant to the Eighth Extension Agreement, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers sold Sterling Plaza and used the net sales proceeds of \$117.7 million to (i) paydown the outstanding principal of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility by \$87.7 million and (ii) fund \$30.0 million into the Cash Sweep Collateral Account. See Note 14, “Subsequent Events – Disposition of Sterling Plaza and Paydown of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility.”

The Eighth Extension Agreement provides that 100% of excess cash flow from the Portfolio Loan Properties be deposited monthly into cash collateral accounts (the “Cash Sweep Collateral Account”). Subject to the requirements contained therein, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers will be permitted to withdraw funds from the Cash Sweep Collateral Account to pay or reimburse the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers for approved tenant improvements, leasing commissions and capital improvements, for operating shortfalls related to the Portfolio Loan Properties to the extent they occur in any month and for certain other limited fees and expenses.

Additionally, the Eighth Extension Agreement (i) limits the amount of asset management fees that may be paid by the Company to the Advisor to 90% of the asset management fees associated with the Portfolio Loan Properties (“Permitted Asset Management Fees”) (with the remaining 10% of the asset management fees associated with the Portfolio Loan Properties being deferred until the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers have either paid in full their obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, or met the requirements to pay such deferred fees during the extension periods of the loan) and (ii) limits the amount of REIT-level general and administrative expenses that can be allocated to the Portfolio Loan Properties and paid or reimbursed by the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers, provided that in each case no such payments may be made during the occurrence and continuance of a default or potential default for which the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers have received notice that has not been waived or cured.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Eighth Extension Agreement also restricts the Company from paying dividends or distributions to its stockholders or redeeming shares of its stock, except that if no default has occurred and is continuing under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, the Company may distribute such amounts to its stockholders as are required for the Company to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, so long as such distributions are not funded by the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers.

The Eighth Extension Agreement contains various ongoing financial covenants at both the guarantor (REIT Properties III) and borrower level.

The Eighth Extension Agreement required the Company to cause the equity interests of certain of the Company's subsidiaries (and all proceeds therefrom) that directly and indirectly own Accenture Tower to be pledged to the Portfolio Loan Lenders as security for all of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers' obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. The Company has also agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts until October 7, 2025 to pursue alternative collateral arrangements with respect to the Company's prior obligation to use commercially reasonable efforts to pledge approximately half of the units of the SREIT held by the Company as security for the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers' obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. To the extent that the Company sells any of the units of the SREIT (other than certain excluded units), the Company is required to contribute the cash proceeds of such sale to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers for such proceeds to be applied as follows (i) in respect of the first \$30.0 million of cash proceeds, 50% in prepayment of the outstanding obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and the remaining 50% to be distributed to REIT Properties III to fund the general capital and other cash flow needs of the Company and its subsidiaries and, (ii) any amounts thereafter, 50% in prepayment of the outstanding obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and 50% to fund the Cash Sweep Collateral Account for capital needs of the Portfolio Loan Properties. The Eighth Extension Agreement also provides that (a) in respect of the sale of Accenture Tower, the first \$10 million of net sale proceeds shall be used to fund to the Cash Sweep Collateral Account with the remaining net sale proceeds required to be used to reduce the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers' obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, and (b) in respect of the sale of The Almaden, the first \$10.0 million of net sale proceeds is required to be used to reduce the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers' obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility with the remaining net sale proceeds to be applied on an equal basis to reduce the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers' obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and to fund the Cash Sweep Collateral Account.

The Eighth Extension Agreement continues to provide that, if elected by the required Portfolio Loan Lenders, a default will occur under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility if a written demand for payment is delivered to REIT Properties III under (a) the Company's Credit Facility, (b) the payment guaranty agreement of the Company's Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility or (c) as a result of a default under any guaranty or any other indebtedness of REIT Properties III where the demand made or amount guaranteed is greater than \$5.0 million. Further, the occurrence of a default (after any required notice, cure or standstill period, as applicable) under the Accenture Tower Loan will cause a default under the Accenture pledge, resulting in a cross-default under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility.

Carillon Mortgage Loan

On April 11, 2019, the Company, through an indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "Carillon Borrower"), entered into a loan facility with U.S. Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (the "Carillon Agent") (as amended and modified, the "Carillon Mortgage Loan"). The current lenders under the Carillon Mortgage Loan are U.S. Bank, National Association and TD Bank, N.A. (the "Carillon Lenders"). The Carillon Mortgage Loan is secured by Carillon.

On March 26, 2025, the Company, through the Carillon Borrower, entered into a third modification agreement with the Carillon Agent and the Carillon Lenders (the "Carillon Third Modification Agreement"). Pursuant to the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the Carillon Lenders agreed to extend the maturity date of the Carillon Mortgage Loan to December 31, 2026.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Prior to the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the Carillon Mortgage Loan bore interest at the one-month Term SOFR plus 150 basis points. Pursuant to the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the Carillon Mortgage Loan bears interest at one-month Term SOFR plus 200 basis points.

Pursuant to the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the aggregate commitment under the Carillon Mortgage Loan was increased to \$95.0 million (the “Aggregate Commitment”), consisting of the then-outstanding non-revolving, principal balance of \$87.8 million and \$7.2 million of non-revolving, new funding (“New Availability”) that may be advanced in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, the Carillon Third Modification Agreement. Subject to the terms and conditions in the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, proceeds from the New Availability may be used solely for approved tenant improvements, leasing commissions and capital improvement costs, certain approved monthly operating shortfall amounts at Carillon, taxes and insurance attributable to Carillon, or other capital expenditures related to Carillon, and the New Availability is only available to the extent there are not sufficient funds available from the Carillon Cash Sweep Collateral Account (defined below). Pursuant to the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the Carillon Borrower is required to make a monthly principal payment in the amount of \$112,000 commencing April 1, 2025 through the remaining term of the loan, and the Aggregate Commitment will be reduced by the amount of such principal payments. As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding principal balance of the Carillon Mortgage Loan was \$89.1 million and \$5.5 million of New Availability on the Carillon Mortgage Loan was available for future disbursement, subject to the conditions of the Carillon Third Modification Agreement.

Commencing on April 20, 2025, the Carillon Third Modification Agreement requires that 100% of excess cash flow (the “Carillon Excess Cash Flow”) from Carillon be deposited monthly into a cash collateral account maintained with the Carillon Agent in the name of the Carillon Borrower (the “Carillon Cash Sweep Collateral Account”). Funds may not be withdrawn from the Carillon Cash Sweep Collateral Account without the prior written consent of the Carillon Agent. So long as no default exists under the Carillon Mortgage Loan and subject to the terms and conditions in the Carillon Third Modification Agreement, the Carillon Borrower will be permitted to withdraw funds from the Carillon Cash Sweep Collateral Account once per calendar month for the payment or reimbursement of (i) approved tenant improvements, leasing commissions and capital improvement costs, (ii) monthly operating shortfall amounts at Carillon, (iii) taxes and insurance attributable to Carillon and (iv) certain other cash flow needs of the Carillon Borrower. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a default and on the maturity date, the Carillon Agent has the right to withdraw funds from the Carillon Cash Sweep Collateral Account and/or other required accounts and apply such funds to any due and payable obligations of the Carillon Borrower.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

8. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Carillon Third Modification Agreement restricts the Carillon Borrower, REIT Properties III, the Operating Partnership and the Company from making Restricted Payments (as defined below) without the prior consent of the required Carillon Lenders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Company may pay the Advisor 90% of the asset management fees associated with Carillon (“Permitted Asset Management Fees”) (with the remaining 10% of the asset management fees associated with Carillon being deferred until the Carillon Borrower has paid in full its obligations under the Carillon Mortgage Loan) and (ii) the Carillon Borrower may distribute to the Company certain REIT-level general and administrative expenses allocated to Carillon, provided that in each case no such payments may be made without the consent of the required Carillon Lenders during the occurrence and continuance of a noticed default that has not been cured or waived, if the Carillon Agent has delivered to the Carillon Borrower a reservation of rights or similar letter relating to a default that has not been waived or if the Carillon Agent determines a monthly operating shortfall exists at Carillon. Further, provided no event of default exists, REIT Properties III, the Operating Partnership and the Company may make Restricted Payments as necessary for the Company to maintain its status as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes and to avoid any liability for federal and state income or excise taxes. “Restricted Payments” include (a) any distribution, dividend or redemption with respect to any equity interests in the Carillon Borrower or the direct or indirect owners of the Carillon Borrower, (b) any payment on account of the purchase, redemption, cancellation or termination of any equity interests in the Carillon Borrower or the direct or indirect owners of the Carillon Borrower or any option, warrant or other right to acquire any equity interest in the Carillon Borrower or any direct or indirect owners of the Carillon Borrower, or (c) any other payment by the Carillon Borrower to (i) its direct or indirect owners or (ii) any person that controls the Carillon Borrower including, without limitation, the payment of any asset management fees or general or administrative expenses, provided that asset management fees and REIT-level general and administrative costs and expenses allocable to properties other than Carillon may be paid using sources other than those derived from Carillon.

The Carillon Third Modification Agreement requires the Carillon Borrower to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio and REIT Properties III, as guarantor, to satisfy the EBITDA to interest charges ratio covenant, commencing with the March 31, 2025 calendar quarter reporting period.

Additionally, the Carillon Third Modification Agreement provides that a default will occur under the Carillon Mortgage Loan if a written demand for payment following a default is delivered to REIT Properties III and not paid when due under (i) any loan facility under which REIT Properties III is a guarantor or borrower or (ii) any other indebtedness of REIT Properties III where the demand made is greater than \$5.0 million and the required Carillon Lenders elect to call a default.

9. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company enters into derivative instruments for risk management purposes to hedge its exposure to cash flow variability caused by changing interest rates. The primary goal of the Company’s risk management practices related to interest rate risk is to prevent changes in interest rates from adversely impacting the Company’s ability to achieve its investment return objectives. The Company does not enter into derivatives for speculative purposes.

The Company enters into interest rate swaps as a fixed rate payer to mitigate its exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate notes payable. The value of interest rate swaps is primarily impacted by interest rates, market expectations about interest rates, and the remaining life of the instrument. In general, increases in interest rates, or anticipated increases in interest rates, will increase the value of the fixed rate payer position and decrease the value of the variable rate payer position. As the remaining life of the interest rate swap decreases, the value of both positions will generally move towards zero.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

9. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2025, the Company has entered into 12 interest rate swaps, which were not designated as hedging instruments. The following table summarizes the notional amount and other information related to the Company's interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The notional amount is an indication of the extent of the Company's involvement in each instrument at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks (dollars in thousands):

Derivative Instruments	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		Reference Rate as of June 30, 2025	Weighted-Average Fix Pay Rate	Weighted-Average Remaining Term in Years
	Number of Instruments	Notional Amount	Number of Instruments	Notional Amount			
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate swaps ⁽¹⁾	12	\$ 1,000,000	14	\$ 1,100,000	One-month Term SOFR/ Fixed at 2.38% - 3.92%	3.3%	1.1

⁽¹⁾ During the six months ended June 30, 2025, two of the Company's interest rate swaps expired.

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments as well as their classification on the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

		June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
Derivative Instruments	Balance Sheet Location	Number of Instruments	Fair Value	Number of Instruments	Fair Value
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments					
Interest rate swaps	Prepaid expenses and other assets, at fair value	11	\$ 4,365	14	\$ 10,509
Interest rate swaps	Other liabilities, at fair value	1	\$ (114)	—	\$ —

The following table summarizes the effects of derivative instruments on the Company's consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments</i>				
Realized gain recognized on interest rate swaps	\$ (2,704)	\$ (6,306)	\$ (5,392)	\$ (13,376)
Unrealized loss (gain) on interest rate swaps	1,735	1,403	6,258	(7,501)
Gains related to swap terminations	—	—	—	(178)
Net (gain) loss on derivative instruments	\$ (969)	\$ (4,903)	\$ 866	\$ (21,055)

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

10. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Under GAAP, the Company is required to measure certain financial instruments at fair value on a recurring basis. In addition, the Company is required to measure other non-financial and financial assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis (e.g., carrying value of impaired real estate loans receivable and long-lived assets). Fair value is defined as the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The GAAP fair value framework uses a three-tiered approach. Fair value measurements are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and
- Level 3: prices or valuation techniques where little or no market data is available that requires inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

The fair value for certain financial instruments is derived using a combination of market quotes, pricing models and other valuation techniques that involve significant management judgment. The price transparency of financial instruments is a key determinant of the degree of judgment involved in determining the fair value of the Company's financial instruments. Financial instruments for which actively quoted prices or pricing parameters are available and for which markets contain orderly transactions will generally have a higher degree of price transparency than financial instruments for which markets are inactive or consist of non-orderly trades. The Company evaluates several factors when determining if a market is inactive or when market transactions are not orderly. The following is a summary of the methods and assumptions used by management in estimating the fair value of each class of assets and liabilities for which it is practicable to estimate the fair value:

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, rent and other receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities: These balances approximate their fair values due to the nature and/or short maturities of these items.

Real estate equity securities: At June 30, 2025, the Company's investment in the units of the SREIT was presented at fair value on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the units of the SREIT was based on a quoted price in an active market on a major stock exchange. The Company classifies these inputs as Level 1 inputs.

Derivative instruments: The Company's derivative instruments are presented at fair value on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The valuation of these instruments is determined using a proprietary model that utilizes observable inputs. As such, the Company classifies these inputs as Level 2 inputs. The proprietary model uses the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, as well as observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and volatility. The fair values of interest rate swaps are estimated using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted fixed cash payments and the discounted expected variable cash receipts. The variable cash receipts are based on an expectation of interest rates (forward curves) derived from observable market interest rate curves. In addition, credit valuation adjustments, which consider the impact of any credit risks to the contracts, are incorporated in the fair values to account for potential nonperformance risk.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

10. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Notes payable: The fair values of the Company's notes payable are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on management's estimates of current market interest rates for instruments with similar characteristics, including remaining loan term, loan-to-value ratio, type of collateral and other credit enhancements. Additionally, when determining the fair value of a liability in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability is not available, the Company measures fair value using (i) a valuation technique that uses the quoted price of the identical liability when traded as an asset or quoted prices for similar liabilities when traded as assets or (ii) another valuation technique that is consistent with the principles of fair value measurement, such as the income approach or the market approach. The Company classifies these inputs as Level 3 inputs.

The following were the face values, carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's notes payable as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, which carrying amounts generally do not approximate the fair values (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial liabilities:						
Notes payable	\$ 1,474,666	\$ 1,457,527	\$ 1,465,710	\$ 1,451,063	\$ 1,442,661	\$ 1,442,777

Disclosure of the fair values of financial instruments is based on pertinent information available to the Company as of the period end and requires a significant amount of judgment. Low levels of transaction volume for certain financial instruments have made the estimation of fair values difficult and, therefore, both the actual results and the Company's estimate of value at a future date could be materially different.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company measured the following assets and liabilities at fair value (in thousands):

	Total	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Recurring Basis:				
Real estate equity securities	\$ 38,226	\$ 38,226	\$ —	\$ —
Asset derivatives - interest rate swaps	\$ 4,365	\$ —	\$ 4,365	\$ —
Liability derivatives - interest rate swaps	\$ (114)	\$ —	\$ (114)	\$ —

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)
KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into the Advisory Agreement with the Advisor. The Company's Dealer Manager Agreement with the Dealer Manager terminated on March 15, 2024 upon termination of the Company's dividend reinvestment plan. These agreements entitled the Advisor and/or the Dealer Manager to specified fees upon the provision of certain services with regard to the Offering and reimbursement of organization and offering costs incurred by the Advisor and the Dealer Manager on behalf of the Company and entitle the Advisor to specified fees upon the provision of certain services with regard to the investment of funds in real estate investments, the management of those investments, among other services, and the disposition of investments, and entitle the Advisor to reimbursement of certain costs incurred by the Advisor in providing services to the Company. In addition, the Advisor is entitled to certain other fees, including an incentive fee upon achieving certain performance goals, as detailed in the Advisory Agreement. The Company has also entered into a fee reimbursement agreement with the Dealer Manager pursuant to which the Company agreed to reimburse the Dealer Manager for certain fees and expenses it incurs for administering the Company's participation in the DTCC Alternative Investment Product Platform with respect to certain accounts of the Company's investors serviced through the platform.

As of January 1, 2024, the Company, together with the Dealer Manager, the Advisor and other KBS-affiliated entities, had entered into an errors and omissions and directors and officers liability insurance program where the lower tiers of such insurance coverage were shared. The cost of these lower tiers is allocated by the Advisor and its insurance broker among each of the various entities covered by the program, and is billed directly to each entity. In June 2025, the Company renewed its participation in the program, and the program is effective through June 30, 2026.

Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, summarized below are the related-party costs incurred by the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and any related amounts payable as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in thousands):

	Incurred		Incurred		Payable as of	
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		June 30,	December 31,
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Expensed						
Asset management fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,643	\$ 4,877	\$ 9,227	\$ 9,820	\$ 19,147	\$ 18,585
Reimbursement of operating expenses ⁽²⁾	76	64	187	182	219	435
Disposition fees ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	414	500	500
	<u>\$ 4,719</u>	<u>\$ 4,941</u>	<u>\$ 9,414</u>	<u>\$ 10,416</u>	<u>\$ 19,866</u>	<u>\$ 19,520</u>

⁽¹⁾ See below "—Asset Management Fees."

⁽²⁾ Reimbursable operating expenses primarily consists of internal audit personnel costs, accounting software costs and cybersecurity related expenses incurred by the Advisor under the Advisory Agreement. The Company has reimbursed the Advisor for the Company's allocable portion of the salaries, benefits and overhead of internal audit department personnel providing services to the Company. These amounts totaled \$41,000 and \$79,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, and \$39,000 and \$64,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, and were the only type of employee costs reimbursed under the Advisory Agreement for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The Company currently does not reimburse for employee costs in connection with services for which the Advisor earns acquisition or origination fees or disposition fees (other than reimbursement of travel and communication expenses), and other than future payments pursuant to the Bonus Retention Fund (see below, "—Asset Management Fees"), the Company does not reimburse the Advisor for the salaries or benefits the Advisor or its affiliates may pay to the Company's executive officers and affiliated directors. In addition to the amounts above, the Company reimburses the Advisor for certain of the Company's direct costs incurred from third parties that were initially paid by the Advisor on behalf of the Company.

⁽³⁾ Disposition fees with respect to real estate sold are included in the gain on sale of real estate, net, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company accrued and deferred \$0.5 million of disposition fees payable to the Advisor related to the sale of Preston Commons until December 1, 2025. See below, "—Disposition Fees."

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

In connection with the Offering, Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber agreed to provide additional indemnification to one of the participating broker-dealers. The Company agreed to add supplemental coverage to its directors' and officers' insurance coverage to insure Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber's obligations under this indemnification agreement in exchange for reimbursement by Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber to the Company for all costs, expenses and premiums related to this supplemental coverage. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Advisor did not incur any costs of the supplemental coverage obtained by the Company.

Asset Management Fees

For asset management services, the Company pays the Advisor a monthly fee. With respect to investments in real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee equal to one-twelfth of 0.75% of the amount paid or allocated to acquire the investment, plus the cost of any subsequent development, construction or improvements to the property. This amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition expenses related thereto (but excludes acquisition fees paid to the Advisor). In the case of investments made through joint ventures, the asset management fee is determined based on the Company's proportionate share of the underlying investment (but excluding acquisition fees paid to the Advisor). With respect to investments in loans and any investments other than real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee calculated, each month, as one-twelfth of 0.75% of the lesser of (i) the amount actually paid or allocated to acquire or fund the loan or other investment (which amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition or origination expenses related thereto, but is exclusive of acquisition or origination fees paid to the Advisor) and (ii) the outstanding principal amount of such loan or other investment, plus the acquisition or origination expenses related to the acquisition or funding of such investment (excluding acquisition or origination fees paid to the Advisor), as of the time of calculation. The Company currently does not pay any asset management fees in connection with the Company's investment in the equity securities of the SREIT.

On November 22, 2024, the Advisor entered into a Management Fee and Disposition Fee Subordination Agreement (the "Subordination Agreement") in favor of U.S. Bank National Association (the "Credit Facility Agent") as agent for the lenders under the credit facility that was entered on July 30, 2021 (as subsequently modified and amended, the "Credit Facility") among REIT Properties III, the Credit Facility Agent and the lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility Lenders"). Pursuant to the Subordination Agreement, the Advisor agreed that payment of certain asset management fees owed by the Company to the Advisor pursuant to the Advisory Agreement will be subordinate to the obligations of REIT Properties III to the Credit Facility Lenders under the Credit Agreement (such obligations, the "Senior Debt"). Specifically, payment of asset management fees to the Advisor associated with five of the Company's real estate properties (Carillon, 515 Congress, Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street and Accenture Tower) is subordinated to the Senior Debt until the Senior Debt is paid in full, provided that the Company may pay the Advisor 90% of the asset management fees associated with these five properties so long as an "Event of Default" under the Credit Facility is not in existence or would not result from such payment. For the avoidance of doubt, the remaining 10% of the asset management fees associated with these properties is subordinated and deferred until the Senior Debt is paid in full.

In connection with the Accenture Tower Fourth Modification Agreement, on December 20, 2024, the Company and the Advisor entered into an amendment to the Advisory Agreement to defer 10% of the asset management fees associated with Accenture Tower until the Accenture Tower Loan is paid in full; provided, that upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a restricted payment event under the loan agreement, all asset management fees with respect to Accenture Tower will be deferred and during the restricted payment event, such deferred fees may only be paid to the Advisor with the consent of the required lenders.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Further, in connection with the Eighth Modification Agreement to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, on February 6, 2025, the Company and the Advisor entered into an amendment to the Advisory Agreement to defer 10% of the asset management fees associated with 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center until the obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility are paid in full, or the requirements to pay such deferred fees are met during the extension period of the loan; provided that no asset management fees with respect to 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center may be paid during the occurrence and continuance of a default or potential default under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility for which the Company has received notice that has not been waived or cured.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, on November 8, 2022, the Company and the Advisor amended the advisory agreement and commencing with asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022, the Company paid \$1.15 million of the monthly asset management fee to the Advisor in cash and the Company deposited the remainder of the monthly asset management fee into an interest bearing account in the Company's name, which amounts will be paid to the Advisor from such account solely as reimbursement for payments made by the Advisor pursuant to the Advisor's employee retention program (such account, the "Bonus Retention Fund"). The Bonus Retention Fund was established in order to incentivize and retain key employees of the Advisor. The Bonus Retention Fund was fully funded in December 2023, when the Company had deposited \$8.5 million in cash into such account. Following such time and except as described herein, the monthly asset management fee became fully payable in cash to the Advisor. The Advisor has acknowledged and agreed that payments by the Advisor to employees under the Advisor's employee retention program that are reimbursed by the Company from the Bonus Retention Fund will be conditioned on (a) the Company's liquidation and dissolution; (b) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of the Company in which (i) the Company is not the surviving entity and (ii) the Advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; (c) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; (d) the non-renewal or termination of the Advisory Agreement without cause; or (e) the termination of the employee without cause. To the extent the Bonus Retention Fund is not fully paid out to employees as set forth above, the Advisory Agreement provides that the residual amount will be deemed additional Deferred Asset Management Fees (defined below) and be treated in accordance with the provisions for payment of Deferred Asset Management Fees. Two of the Company's executive officers, Jeff Waldvogel and Stacie Yamane, and one of the Company's directors, Marc DeLuca, participate in and have been allocated awards under the Advisor's employee retention program, which awards would only be paid as set forth above. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had deposited \$8.5 million of restricted cash into the Bonus Retention Fund and the Company had not made any payments to the Advisor from the Bonus Retention Fund.

Prior to amending the Advisory Agreement in November 2022, the prior advisory agreement had provided that with respect to asset management fees accruing from March 1, 2014, the Advisor would defer, without interest, the Company's obligation to pay asset management fees for any month in which the Company's modified funds from operations ("MFFO") for such month, as such term is defined in the practice guideline issued by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA") in November 2010 and interpreted by the Company, excluding asset management fees, did not exceed the amount of distributions declared by the Company for record dates of that month. The Company remained obligated to pay the Advisor an asset management fee in any month in which the Company's MFFO, excluding asset management fees, for such month exceeded the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, an "MFFO Surplus"); however, any amount of such asset management fee in excess of the MFFO Surplus was deferred under the prior advisory agreement. If the MFFO Surplus for any month exceeded the amount of the asset management fee payable for such month, any remaining MFFO Surplus was applied to pay any asset management fee amounts previously deferred in accordance with the prior advisory agreement.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the current Advisory Agreement, asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022 are no longer subject to the deferral provision described above. Asset management fees that remained deferred as of September 30, 2022 are “Deferred Asset Management Fees.” As of September 30, 2022, Deferred Asset Management Fees totaled \$8.5 million and the Company has not made any payments to the Advisor related to the Deferred Asset Management Fees for the period from October 1, 2022 to June 30, 2025. The Advisory Agreement also provides that the Company remains obligated to pay the Advisor outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in any month to the extent that MFFO for such month exceeds the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, a “RMFFO Surplus”); provided however, that any amount of outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in excess of the RMFFO Surplus will continue to be deferred.

Consistent with the prior advisory agreement, the current Advisory Agreement provides that notwithstanding the foregoing, any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will become immediately due and payable at such time as the Company’s stockholders have received, together as a collective group, aggregate distributions (including distributions that may constitute a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) sufficient to provide (i) an 8.0% per year cumulative, noncompounded return on such net invested capital (the “Stockholders’ 8% Return”) and (ii) a return of their net invested capital, or the amount calculated by multiplying the total number of shares purchased by stockholders by the issue price, reduced by any amounts to repurchase shares pursuant to the Company’s share redemption program. The Stockholders’ 8% Return is not based on the return provided to any individual stockholder. Accordingly, it is not necessary for each of the Company’s stockholders to have received any minimum return in order for the Advisor to receive Deferred Asset Management Fees.

In addition, the current Advisory Agreement provides that any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will also be immediately due and payable upon the earlier of:

- (i) a listing of the Company’s shares of common stock on a national securities exchange;
- (ii) the Company’s liquidation and dissolution;
- (iii) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of the Company in which (y) the Company is not the surviving entity and (z) the Advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; and
- (iv) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company’s assets.

The Advisory Agreement has a term expiring on September 27, 2025 but may be renewed for an unlimited number of successive one-year periods upon the mutual consent of the Company and the Advisor. The Advisory Agreement may be terminated (i) upon 60 days written notice without cause or penalty by either the Company (acting through the conflicts committee) or the Advisor or (ii) immediately by the Company for cause or upon the bankruptcy of the Advisor. If the Advisory Agreement is terminated without cause, then the Advisor will be entitled to receive from the Company any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees, provided that upon such non-renewal or termination the Company does not retain an advisor in which the Advisor or its affiliates have a majority interest. Upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, all unpaid Deferred Asset Management Fees will automatically be forfeited by the Advisor, and if the Advisory Agreement is terminated for cause, any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees will also automatically be forfeited by the Advisor.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had accrued \$19.1 million and \$18.6 million of asset management fees, respectively, of which (i) \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, (ii) \$8.5 million were related to asset management fees that were restricted for payment and deposited in the Bonus Retention Fund as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and (iii) \$0.7 million were related to asset management fees that were deferred in connection with agreements related to the refinancing of the Company's debt obligations as of June 30, 2025. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$1.6 million of asset management fees payable related to asset management fees incurred for the month of December 2024, which were subsequently paid in January 2025. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had \$1.4 million of asset management fees payable related to asset management fees incurred for the month of June 2025, which were subsequently paid in July 2025.

Disposition Fees

For substantial assistance in connection with the sale of properties or other investments, the Company pays the Advisor or one of its affiliates 1.0% of the contract sales price of each property or other investment sold; provided, however, that if, in connection with such disposition, commissions are paid to third parties unaffiliated with the Advisor or one of its affiliates, the fee paid to the Advisor or one of its affiliates may not exceed the commissions paid to such unaffiliated third parties, and provided further that the aggregate disposition fees paid to the Advisor or one of its affiliates and unaffiliated third parties may not exceed 6.0% of the contract sales price. The Company will not pay a disposition fee upon the maturity, prepayment or workout of a loan or other debt-related investment, provided that if the Company takes ownership of a property as a result of a workout or foreclosure of a loan, the Company will pay a disposition fee upon the sale of such property. No disposition fees will be paid with respect to any sales of the Company's investment in units of the SREIT.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Advisor has agreed to reduce and defer certain disposition fees. On October 11, 2024, in connection with an amendment to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, the Company and the Advisor amended the Advisory Agreement to reduce the disposition fee payable in connection with the sale of Preston Commons to \$0.5 million and to defer payment of the disposition fee to December 1, 2025.

Additionally, pursuant to the Subordination Agreement, with respect to the disposition fees associated with the sale of Carillon, 515 Congress, Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street and Accenture Tower, the Advisor agreed that the disposition fees will be reduced to not more than 0.65% of the contract sales price of each property and that payment of such disposition fees to the Advisor is subordinated to the Senior Debt until the Senior Debt is paid in full. Such deferred disposition fees will be set aside and deposited to an interest bearing account under the control of the Credit Facility Agent.

In connection with the Eighth Modification Agreement, on February 6, 2025, the Company and the Advisor entered into an amendment to the Advisory Agreement to reduce the disposition fees associated with the sales of 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden, Town Center, Accenture Tower and The Almaden to 0.65% of the contract sales price of each property, in each case subject to the further limitations contained in the Advisory Agreement and the Company's charter.

Lease to Affiliate

On May 29, 2015, the indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "Lessor") of the Company that owns 3003 Washington Boulevard entered into a lease with an affiliate of the Advisor (the "Lessee") for 5,046 rentable square feet, or approximately 2.4% of the total rentable square feet, at 3003 Washington Boulevard. The lease commenced on October 1, 2015 and was amended on March 14, 2019 (the "Amended Lease") to extend the lease period commencing on September 1, 2019 and terminating on August 31, 2024 and set the annual base rent during the extension period. The annualized base rent from the commencement of the Amended Lease was approximately \$0.3 million, and the average annual rental rate (net of rental abatements) over the term of the Amended Lease through its termination was \$62.55 per square foot.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

On August 12, 2024, the Lessor entered into a Second Amendment to Deed of Office Lease with the Lessee to extend the lease period commencing on September 1, 2024 and expiring on November 30, 2029, unless terminated earlier in accordance with certain terms and conditions contained therein (the “Second Amended Lease”), and set the annual base rent during the extension period. The annualized base rent for the Second Amended Lease is approximately \$0.3 million, and the average annual rental rate (net of rental abatements) over the term of the Second Amended Lease is \$53.75 per square foot.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$70,000 and \$139,000 of revenue related to this lease, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$83,000 and \$166,000 of revenue related to this lease, respectively.

Prior to their approval of the lease, the Amended Lease and the Second Amended Lease, the Company’s conflicts committee and board of directors determined the lease to be fair and reasonable to the Company.

Portfolio Sale

On July 18, 2019, the Company sold the Singapore Portfolio to the SREIT, which is affiliated with Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., a director and executive officer of the Company. See Note 7, “Real Estate Equity Securities” for information related to the Company’s investment in the SREIT. The SREIT is externally managed by an entity (the “Manager”) in which Charles J. Schreiber, Jr. currently holds an indirect ownership interest. Mr. Schreiber is also a former director of the Manager. The SREIT pays the Manager an annual base fee of 10% of annual distributable income and an annual performance fee of 25% of the increase in distributions per unit of the SREIT from the preceding year. For acquisitions other than the Singapore Portfolio, the SREIT pays the Manager an acquisition fee of 1% of the acquisition price. The SREIT will also pay the Manager a divestment fee of 0.5% of the sale price of any real estate sold and a development management fee of 3% of the total project costs incurred for development projects. A portion of the fees paid to the Manager are paid to KBS Realty Advisors LLC, an entity controlled by Mr. Schreiber, for sub-advisory services. The Schreiber Trust, a trust whose beneficiaries are Charles J. Schreiber, Jr. and his family members, and the Linda Bren 2017 Trust also acquired units in the SREIT. The Schreiber Trust agreed it will not sell any portion of its units in the SREIT unless it has received the consent of the Company’s conflicts committee. The Linda Bren 2017 Trust has agreed it will not sell \$5.0 million of its investment in the SREIT unless it has received the consent of the Company’s conflicts committee.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, no other business transactions occurred between the Company and the Advisor, the Dealer Manager or other KBS-affiliated entities.

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company’s operations are reported within one reportable segment. The Company has invested in core real estate properties and real estate-related investments with the goal of acquiring a portfolio of income-producing investments. The Company’s real estate properties exhibit similar long-term financial performance and have similar economic characteristics to each other. The Company derives revenue from real estate properties leased to tenants under operating leases and dividends from its investment in the SREIT, a traded Singapore real estate investment trust which holds income-producing office properties. The Company’s real estate properties and the SREIT’s properties are all located in the United States. The Company manages its business activities on a consolidated basis.

As a group, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer, the Company’s Chief Financial Officer and the Advisor’s Chief Executive Officer collectively act as the CODM of the Company.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2025

(unaudited)

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The CODM reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis. The CODM assesses entity-wide operating results and performance and decides how to allocate resources based on consolidated net income, which is reported on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The CODM uses consolidated net income to evaluate income generated from assets (return on assets) in deciding whether to reinvest profits into its real estate properties, repay debt or to pay dividends to stockholders. Consolidated net income is used to monitor budgeted versus actual results. Additionally, the measure of segment assets is reported on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as total assets.

The accounting policies of the Company's single reportable segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies included in the Company's Annual Report.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Economic Dependency

The Company is dependent on the Advisor for certain services that are essential to the Company, including the disposition of investments; management of the daily operations of the Company's investment portfolio; and other general and administrative responsibilities. In the event that the Advisor is unable to provide the respective services, the Company will be required to obtain such services from other sources.

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company may be party to legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of its business. Management is not aware of any legal proceedings of which the outcome is probable or reasonably possible to have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition, which would require accrual or disclosure of the contingency and possible range of loss. Additionally, the Company has not recorded any loss contingencies related to legal proceedings in which the potential loss is deemed to be remote.

Environmental

As an owner of real estate, the Company is subject to various environmental laws of federal, state and local governments. Compliance with existing environmental laws is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations as of June 30, 2025.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluates subsequent events up until the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Disposition of Sterling Plaza and Paydown of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility

On July 11, 2025, the Company completed the sale of Sterling Plaza, an office property containing an aggregate of 313,609 rentable square feet located on approximately 2.1 acres of land in Dallas, Texas, to a purchaser unaffiliated with the Company or the Advisor, for a gross sales price of \$126.5 million, or \$117.7 million of net sales proceeds, after credits given to the purchaser for outstanding tenant improvements and lease incentives, prorations, third-party closing costs and \$0.8 million of disposition fees paid to the Advisor.

On July 11, 2025, pursuant to the Eighth Extension Agreement, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Borrowers used the net sales proceeds of \$117.7 million from the sale of Sterling Plaza to (i) paydown the outstanding principal of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility by \$87.7 million and (ii) fund \$30.0 million into the Cash Sweep Collateral Account. Sterling Plaza was released as security for the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. Following the release of Sterling Plaza, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility is secured by 60 South Sixth, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. and the notes thereto. As used herein, the terms "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc., a Maryland corporation, and, as required by context, KBS Limited Partnership III, a Delaware limited partnership, which we refer to as the "Operating Partnership," and to their subsidiaries.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. and members of our management team, as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based, and generally are identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "seeks," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "plans," "intends," "should" or similar expressions. These include statements about our plans, strategies and prospects and these statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results over time, unless required by law. Moreover, you should interpret many of the risks identified in this report, as well as the risks set forth below, as being heightened as a result of the continued disruptions in the financial markets impacting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings.

The following are some of the risks and uncertainties, although not all of the risks and uncertainties, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those presented in our forward-looking statements:

- The ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings, continues to be one of the most significant risks and uncertainties we face. The combination of elevated interest rates and persistent inflation (or the perception that any of these events may continue), as well as a low level of lending activity in the debt markets, have contributed to continued weakness in the commercial real estate markets. The usage and leasing activity of our assets in several markets remains lower than pre-pandemic levels. Upcoming and recent tenant lease expirations and leasing challenges in certain markets amidst the aforementioned headwinds coupled with slower than expected return-to-office, most notably in the greater San Francisco Bay Area where we own several assets, have had direct and material impacts to property appraisal values used by our lenders and have impacted our ability to access certain credit facilities and our ongoing cash flow.
- In order to refinance, restructure or extend our maturing debt obligations, we have been required to reduce the loan commitments and/or make paydowns on certain loans, and we have agreed to satisfy certain conditions that are not in our sole control, including making principal paydowns during the terms of the loans, selling assets and taking identified actions relating to our portfolio. Selling real estate assets in the current market may result in a lower sale price than we would otherwise obtain. We will be adversely affected if we are unable to satisfy the terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements. There is no assurance that we will be able to satisfy the terms and conditions of our existing loan agreements or the terms and conditions of any future extension or refinancing agreements that are entered into. If we are unable to make required principal paydowns under certain loans, sell assets or satisfy certain covenants and conditions in our loan agreements, the lenders may seek to foreclose on the underlying collateral. Our loan agreements contain cross default provisions whereby the occurrence of (or a demand following) an "event of default" under one or more of our debt facilities may trigger a default under certain other debt facilities and the guaranty obligations in respect thereof, thereby giving lenders a right to accelerate the relevant debt obligations and exercise their enforcement rights with respect thereto. We have pledged the equity of certain of our subsidiaries (and all proceeds therefrom) in connection with the restructuring of certain debt facilities. If an event of default occurs under certain debt facilities and the lenders party thereto elect to exercise their enforcement rights thereunder, one of the remedies available to them is to take possession of the relevant pledged equity. If we are unable to satisfy the terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements, we anticipate we will make efforts to further refinance or restructure certain of our debt instruments or make additional asset sales to pay off the debt, though there can be no certainty that we will be able to complete such refinancing, restructuring or asset sales. As a result of certain upcoming loan maturities and required principal paydowns, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans may not be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of our financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

- As of August 14, 2025, six of our debt facilities (representing \$1.3 billion of our outstanding debt that are secured by 12 of our properties) are subject to cash sweep arrangements, whereby each month the excess cash flow from the properties securing the loan is deposited into a cash management account held for the benefit of our lenders. In certain cases, we may request disbursements from the cash management accounts to fund capital or operating shortfalls at the underlying assets. Cash management accounts place limits on our access to cash flows from these properties and restrict our operating flexibility.
- Continued disruptions in the financial markets and economic uncertainty impacting the U.S. commercial real estate industry could further impact our ability to implement our business strategy and continue as a going concern. Overall, there remains significant uncertainty regarding the timing and duration of the economic recovery, which precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact the current disruptions in the markets may have on our business. Potential long-term changes in customer behavior, such as continued work-from-home arrangements, could materially and negatively impact the future demand for office space, further adversely impacting our operations.
- We are unable to predict when or if we will be in a position to pay distributions to our stockholders. Due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to pay any dividends or distributions until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. We have not declared any distributions since June 2023. If and when we pay distributions, we will likely fund distributions from the sale of assets.
- Stockholders may have to hold their shares an indefinite period of time. We can provide no assurance when we will be able to provide additional liquidity to stockholders. Due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to redeem any shares of common stock until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. We terminated our share redemption program on March 15, 2024.
- Our charter does not require us to liquidate our assets and dissolve by a specified date, nor does our charter require our directors to list our shares for trading by a specified date. No public market currently exists for our shares of common stock. There are limits on the ownership and transferability of our shares. Our shares cannot be readily sold and, if our stockholders are able to sell their shares, they would likely have to sell them at a substantial discount.
- We are dependent on KBS Capital Advisors LLC ("KBS Capital Advisors"), our advisor, to conduct our operations.
- All of our executive officers, our affiliated directors and other key professionals are also officers, affiliated directors, managers, key professionals and/or holders of a direct or indirect controlling interest in our advisor and/or its affiliates. These individuals, our advisor and its affiliates face conflicts of interest, including conflicts created by our advisor's and its affiliates' compensation arrangements with us and other programs and investors and conflicts in allocating time among us and other programs and investors. These conflicts could result in action or inaction that is not in the best interests of our stakeholders.
- Our advisor and its affiliates currently receive fees in connection with transactions involving the management and disposition of our investments. Asset management fees are based on the cost of the investment, and not based on the quality of the investment or the quality of the services rendered to us. We may also pay significant fees during our listing/liquidation stage. Although most of the fees payable during our listing/liquidation stage are contingent on our stockholders first enjoying agreed-upon investment returns, the investment return thresholds may be reduced subject to approval by our conflicts committee and our charter limitations. These payments increase the risk of loss to our stakeholders.
- We may incur debt until our total liabilities would exceed 75% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves), and we may exceed this limit with the approval of the conflicts committee of our board of directors. High debt levels would impact our net revenues and could cause our financial condition to suffer.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

- We depend on tenants for the revenue generated by our real estate investments. Revenues from our properties could decrease due to a reduction in occupancy (caused by factors including, but not limited to, tenant defaults, tenant insolvency, early termination of tenant leases and non-renewal of existing tenant leases), rent deferrals or abatements, tenants becoming unable to pay their rent, lower rental rates and/or potential changes in customer behavior, such as continued work from home arrangements, making it more difficult for us to meet our debt service obligations and causing our operations to suffer.
- Our significant investment in the equity securities of Prime US REIT (the "SREIT"), a traded Singapore real estate investment trust, is subject to the risks associated with real estate investments as well as the risks inherent in investing in traded securities, including, in this instance, risks related to the quantity of units held by us relative to the trading volume of the units. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility and has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. office buildings.

All forward-looking statements should be read in light of the risks identified in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

Overview

We were formed on December 22, 2009 as a Maryland corporation that elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011 and we intend to continue to operate in such a manner. We conduct our business primarily through our Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner. Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, our business is managed by our advisor pursuant to an advisory agreement and our advisor conducts our operations and manages our portfolio of real estate investments. Our advisor owns 20,857 shares of our common stock. We have no paid employees.

We have invested in a diverse portfolio of real estate investments. As of June 30, 2025, we owned 13 office properties (one of which was held for sale and subsequently sold on July 11, 2025), one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of the SREIT.

Section 5.11 of our charter requires that we seek stockholder approval of our liquidation if our shares of common stock are not listed on a national securities exchange by September 30, 2020, unless a majority of the conflicts committee of our board of directors, composed solely of all of our independent directors, determines that liquidation is not then in the best interest of our stockholders. Pursuant to our charter requirement, the conflicts committee considered the ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office properties, the challenging interest rate environment, the limited availability in the debt markets for commercial real estate transactions in the office sector, and the low amount of transaction volume in the U.S. office market for assets similar in size to those of ours, and on August 13, 2025, our conflicts committee unanimously determined to postpone approval of our liquidation. Section 5.11 of our charter requires that the conflicts committee revisit the issue of liquidation at least annually.

Going Concern Considerations

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and condensed notes in this Quarterly Report have been prepared assuming we will continue as a going concern. The ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings, continues to be one of the most significant risks and uncertainties we face. The combination of elevated interest rates and persistent inflation (or the perception that any of these events may continue), as well as a low level of lending activity in the debt markets, have contributed to continued weakness in the commercial real estate markets. The usage and leasing activity of our assets in several markets remains lower than pre-pandemic levels, and we cannot predict when economic activity and demand for office space will return to pre-pandemic levels in those markets. Both upcoming and recent tenant lease expirations and leasing challenges in certain markets amidst the aforementioned headwinds coupled with slower than expected return-to-office, most notably in the greater San Francisco Bay Area where we own several assets, have had direct and material impacts to property appraisal values used by our lenders and have impacted our ability to access certain credit facilities and our ongoing cash flow, which, in large part, provide liquidity for capital expenditures needed to manage our real estate assets.

Since February 2024, we have refinanced, restructured or extended \$1.3 billion of maturing debt obligations. As of August 14, 2025, we had debt obligations in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.4 billion, with a weighted-average remaining term of 1.1 years.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

In order to refinance, restructure or extend our maturing debt obligations, we have been required to reduce the loan commitments and/or make paydowns on certain loans, and we have agreed to satisfy certain conditions that are not in our sole control, including making principal paydowns during the terms of the loans, selling assets and taking identified actions relating to our portfolio.

As of August 14, 2025, we have \$556.5 million of loan maturities and required principal paydowns during the next 12 months and \$503.0 million of loan maturities and required principal paydowns from August 14, 2026 through December 31, 2026. Our loan agreements require us to sell two properties in 2025, two properties in 2026 and up to four properties in 2027. Subsequent to June 30, 2025, we closed on the sale of one real estate property and we received a nonrefundable deposit related to another property that was under contract to sell with an anticipated close in the third quarter of 2025. Selling real estate assets in the current market may result in a lower sale price than we would otherwise obtain. We may continue to evaluate raising capital through the issuance of new equity or debt to the extent we see improvement in the capital markets. We may also defer noncontractual expenditures to manage our liquidity needs.

We will be adversely affected if we are unable to satisfy the terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements. There is no assurance that we will be able to satisfy the terms and conditions of our existing loan agreements or the terms and conditions of any future extension or refinancing agreements that are entered into. If we are unable to make required principal paydowns under certain loans, sell assets or satisfy certain covenants and conditions in our loan agreements, the lenders may seek to foreclose on the underlying collateral. Our loan agreements contain cross default provisions whereby the occurrence of (or a demand following) an "event of default" under one or more of our debt facilities may trigger a default under certain other debt facilities and the guaranty obligations in respect thereof. The cross default provisions vary across the loan agreements and some require that lenders affirmatively elect that an event of default is triggered and/or that payment demands are made in excess of a threshold amount before an event of default is triggered; however, depending upon which facilities default and the guaranty obligations thereunder, there is a risk that an event of default under one loan agreement could cause an event of default under other debt facilities thereby giving lenders a right to accelerate the relevant debt obligations and exercise their enforcement rights with respect thereto. In addition, we have pledged the equity of certain of our subsidiaries (and all proceeds therefrom) in connection with the restructuring of certain of our subsidiaries' debt facilities and, therefore, if an event of default occurs under certain debt facilities and the lenders party thereto elect to exercise their enforcement rights thereunder, one of the remedies available to them is to take possession of the relevant pledged equity. We have directly and/or indirectly pledged the equity of subsidiaries owning the following properties: Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street, 515 Congress, Carillon, Park Place Village and Accenture Tower. We have also agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts until October 7, 2025 to pursue alternative collateral arrangements with respect to our prior obligation to use commercially reasonable efforts to pledge approximately half of the units of the SREIT we own as security for our obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility.

In addition, as of August 14, 2025, six of our debt facilities (representing \$1.3 billion of our outstanding debt that are secured by 12 of our properties) are subject to cash sweep arrangements, whereby each month the excess cash flow from the properties securing the loan is deposited into a cash management account held for the benefit of our lenders. In certain cases, we may request disbursements from the cash management accounts to fund capital or operating shortfalls at the underlying assets. However, such cash management accounts place limits on our access to cash flows from these properties and restrict our operating flexibility.

Despite the substantial amount of refinancing activity since February 2024 (over \$1.3 billion of debt refinanced or extended), there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's future plans in regards to the matters above, as certain elements of management's plans are outside our control, including our ability to repay our outstanding debt obligations at maturity, make required principal paydowns during the terms of the loans, satisfy other terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements, refinance, restructure or extend certain debt obligations, sell assets in the current real and financial markets and raise capital through the issuance of new equity or debt. If we are unable to satisfy the terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements, we anticipate we will make efforts to further refinance or restructure certain of our debt instruments or make additional asset sales to pay off the debt, though there can be no certainty that we will be able to complete such refinancing, restructuring or asset sales.

As a result of certain upcoming loan maturities and required principal paydowns, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans may not be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of our financial statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Continued disruptions in the financial markets and economic uncertainty impacting the U.S. commercial real estate industry could further impact our ability to implement our business strategy and continue as a going concern. Overall, there remains significant uncertainty regarding the timing and duration of the economic recovery, which precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact the current disruptions in the markets may have on our business. Potential long-term changes in customer behavior, such as continued work-from-home arrangements, could materially and negatively impact the future demand for office space, further adversely impacting our operations.

Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets

Volatility in global financial markets and changing political environments can cause fluctuations in the performance of the U.S. commercial real estate markets. Declines in rental rates, slower or potentially negative net absorption of leased space, increased rental concessions, including free rent to renew tenants early, to retain tenants who are up for renewal or to attract new tenants, may result in decreases in cash flows from investment properties. Further, revenues from our properties have decreased and could continue to decrease due to a reduction in occupancy (caused by factors including, but not limited to, tenant defaults, tenant insolvency, early termination of tenant leases and non-renewal of existing tenant leases), increased rent deferrals or abatements, tenants being unable to pay their rent and/or lower rental rates. Increases in the cost of financing due to higher interest rates and higher market interest rate spreads has prevented us from refinancing debt obligations at terms as favorable as the terms of the debt we were refinancing. Further, increases in interest rates increase the amount of our debt payments on our variable rate debt to the extent the interest rates on such debt are not fixed through interest rate swap agreements or limited by interest rate caps. Market conditions can change quickly, potentially negatively impacting the value of real estate investments. The current challenging interest rate environment and low level of financing available in the current environment have had a downward impact on real estate values, especially for commercial office buildings, and these factors have significantly impacted the amount of transaction activity in the commercial real estate market and made valuing such assets increasingly difficult. Management continuously reviews our investment and debt financing strategies to optimize our portfolio and the cost of our debt exposure in this challenging environment.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As described above under “—Going Concern Considerations,” our management determined that substantial doubt exists about our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of our financial statements. Our principal demands for funds during the short and long-term are and will be for payments (including maturity payments and required principal paydowns) under debt obligations and operating expenses, capital expenditures and general and administrative expenses. As discussed below, due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to pay any dividends or distributions or redeem any shares of common stock until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. Our primary sources of capital for meeting our cash requirements are as follows:

- Cash flow generated by our real estate and real estate-related investments;
- Debt financings (including any amounts currently available under existing loan facilities); and
- Proceeds from the sale of our real estate properties and real estate-related investments.

Our real estate properties generate cash flow in the form of rental revenues and tenant reimbursements, which are reduced by operating expenditures, capital expenditures, debt service payments, the payment of asset management fees and corporate general and administrative expenses. Cash flow from operations from our real estate properties is primarily dependent upon the occupancy level of our portfolio, the net effective rental rates on our leases, the collectability of rent and operating recoveries from our tenants and how well we manage our expenditures. Due to uncertainties in the U.S. office real estate market, most notably in the greater San Francisco Bay Area where we own certain assets, our cash flows have been and we anticipate that our future cash flows from operations may be impacted due to lease rollover and reduced demand for office space.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

We have also made a significant investment in the common units of the SREIT. Our investment in the equity securities of the SREIT generates cash flow in the form of dividend income, and dividends are typically declared and paid on a semi-annual basis, though dividends are not guaranteed. As of June 30, 2025, we held 237,426,088 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets discussed above, since early March 2020, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility. The trading price of the common units of the SREIT has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. commercial office buildings. As of August 14, 2025, the aggregate value of our investment in the units of the SREIT was \$41.3 million, which was based solely on the closing price of the units on the SGX-ST of \$0.174 per unit as of August 14, 2025, and did not take into account any potential discount for the holding period risk due to the quantity of units we hold. This is a decrease of \$0.706 per unit from our initial acquisition of the SREIT units at \$0.880 per unit on July 19, 2019.

As of August 14, 2025, we had mortgage debt obligations in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.4 billion, with a weighted-average remaining term of 1.1 years. As of August 14, 2025, our debt obligations consisted of \$117.4 million of fixed rate notes payable and \$1.3 billion of variable rate notes payable. As of August 14, 2025, the interest rates on \$1.0 billion of our variable rate notes payable were effectively fixed through interest rate swap agreements.

As of August 14, 2025, we have \$556.5 million of loan maturities and required principal paydowns during the next 12 months and \$503.0 million of loan maturities and required principal paydowns from August 14, 2026 through December 31, 2026. In addition, we determined we did not meet the debt service coverage ratio required under one of our loan agreements as of March 31, 2025, and as a result, on August 7, 2025, we received a demand notice from the agent under the loan agreement of a required paydown of approximately \$4.2 million. We have not made this paydown and are in discussions with the agent in regard to this matter. In accordance with the loan agreement, we have 30 days from the notice date to cause the outstanding principal balance of the loan to not exceed the amount available as determined by the debt service coverage ratio test. The receipt of the demand letter does not constitute a default under the loan agreement. As of June 30, 2025, we believe we were in compliance with the debt covenants under our notes payable.

Our loan agreements require us to sell two properties in 2025, two properties in 2026 and up to four properties in 2027. Subsequent to June 30, 2025, we closed on the sale of one real estate property and we received a nonrefundable deposit related to another property that was under contract to sell with an anticipated close in the third quarter of 2025. Selling real estate assets in the current market may result in a lower sale price than we would otherwise obtain. We may continue to evaluate raising capital through the issuance of new equity or debt to the extent we see improvement in the capital markets. We may also defer noncontractual expenditures to manage our liquidity needs.

If we are unable to make required principal paydowns under certain loans, sell assets or satisfy certain covenants and conditions in our loan agreements, the lenders may seek to foreclose on the underlying collateral. Our loan agreements contain cross default provisions whereby the occurrence of (or a demand following) an "event of default" under one or more of our debt facilities may trigger a default under certain other debt facilities and the guaranty obligations in respect thereof. The cross default provisions vary across the loan agreements and some require that lenders affirmatively elect that an event of default is triggered and/or that payment demands are made in excess of a threshold amount before an event of default is triggered; however, depending upon which facilities default and the guaranty obligations thereunder, there is a risk that an event of default under one loan agreement could cause an event of default under other debt facilities thereby giving lenders a right to accelerate the relevant debt obligations and exercise their enforcement rights with respect thereto. In addition, we have pledged the equity of certain of our subsidiaries (and all proceeds therefrom) in connection with the restructuring of certain of our subsidiaries' debt facilities and, therefore, if an event of default occurs under certain debt facilities and the lenders party thereto elect to exercise their enforcement rights thereunder, one of the remedies available to them is to take possession of the relevant pledged equity. We have directly and/or indirectly pledged the equity of subsidiaries owning the following properties: Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street, 515 Congress, Carillon, Park Place Village and Accenture Tower. We have also agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts until October 7, 2025 to pursue alternative collateral arrangements with respect to our prior obligation to use commercially reasonable efforts to pledge approximately half of the units of the SREIT we own as security for our obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Despite the substantial amount of refinancing activity since February 2024 (over \$1.3 billion of debt refinanced or extended), there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's future plans in regards to the matters above, as certain elements of management's plans are outside our control, including our ability to repay our outstanding debt obligations at maturity, make required principal paydowns during the terms of the loans, satisfy other terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements, refinance, restructure or extend certain debt obligations, sell assets in the current real and financial markets and raise capital through the issuance of new equity or debt. If we are unable to satisfy the terms and conditions contained in our loan agreements, we anticipate we will make efforts to further refinance or restructure certain of our debt instruments or make additional asset sales to pay off the debt, though there can be no certainty that we will be able to complete such refinancing, restructuring or asset sales.

As a result of certain upcoming loan maturities and required principal paydowns, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans may not be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of our financial statements.

In addition, as of August 14, 2025, six of our debt facilities (representing \$1.3 billion of our outstanding debt that are secured by 12 of our properties) are subject to cash sweep arrangements, whereby each month the excess cash flow from the properties securing the loan is deposited into a cash management account held for the benefit of our lenders. Generally, excess cash flow means an amount equal to (a) gross revenues from the properties securing the facility less (b) an amount equal to principal and interest paid with respect to the associated debt facility, operating expenses of the properties securing the facility and in certain cases a limited amount of REIT-level expenses. In certain cases, we may request disbursements from the cash management accounts to fund capital or operating shortfalls at the underlying assets. However, such cash management accounts place limits on our access to cash flows from these properties and decrease our operating flexibility.

As a result of the current interest rate environment, the recent extensions and refinancings of certain of our loans have also reduced our available liquidity due to increased interest rate spreads. Additionally, we have entered into various interest rate swap agreements that are currently below market and as those swaps expire, our interest expense will increase and further impact our liquidity position and ongoing cash flows.

We expect that our debt financing and other liabilities will be between 45% and 65% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves). There is no limitation on the amount we may borrow for the purchase of any single asset. We limit our total liabilities to 75% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves), meaning that our borrowings and other liabilities may exceed our maximum target leverage of 65% of the cost of our tangible assets without violating these borrowing restrictions. We may exceed the 75% limit only if a majority of the conflicts committee approves each borrowing in excess of this limitation and we disclose such borrowings to our stockholders in our next quarterly report with an explanation from the conflicts committee of the justification for the excess borrowing. To the extent financing in excess of this limit is available on attractive terms, our conflicts committee may approve debt in excess of this limit. From time to time, our total liabilities could also be below 45% of the cost of our tangible assets due to the lack of availability of debt financing. As of June 30, 2025, our borrowings and other liabilities were approximately 56% of the cost (before deducting depreciation and other noncash reserves) and 59% of the book value (before deducting depreciation) of our tangible assets, respectively. This leverage limitation is based on cost and not fair value, and our leverage may exceed 75% of the fair value of our tangible assets.

We have not declared any distributions since June 2023. We have experienced a reduction in our net cash flows from operations in recent periods primarily due to higher interest expense and a decrease in dividend income received from the SREIT and to a lesser extent, due to lease rollover and reduced demand for office space. We are unable to predict when or if we will be in a position to pay distributions to our stockholders. Due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to pay any dividends or distributions until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. On March 15, 2024, we terminated our dividend reinvestment plan.

We did not redeem any shares of our common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2025. Due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to redeem any shares of common stock until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. We terminated our share redemption program on March 15, 2024.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

Under our charter, we are required to limit our total operating expenses to the greater of 2% of our average invested assets or 25% of our net income for the four most recently completed fiscal quarters, as these terms are defined in our charter, unless the conflicts committee has determined that such excess expenses were justified based on unusual and non-recurring factors. Operating expenses for the four fiscal quarters ended June 30, 2025 did not exceed the charter-imposed limitation.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, net cash provided by operating activities was \$0.6 million and \$7.7 million, respectively. Net cash provided by operating activities decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2025 primarily as a result of \$6.6 million of interest rate swap settlement proceeds received in 2024 for early terminated swaps, the sales of real estate properties in February 2024 and November 2024, and the timing of payments and cash receipts.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$12.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 due to improvements to real estate.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, net cash provided by financing activities was \$17.3 million as a result of proceeds from notes payable of \$26.8 million, partially offset by principal payments on notes payable of \$3.2 million and payments of deferred financing costs of \$6.3 million.

We also expect to use our capital resources to make certain payments to our advisor. We currently make payments to our advisor in connection with the management of our investments and costs incurred by our advisor in providing services to us. We also pay fees to our advisor in connection with the disposition of investments. We reimburse our advisor and dealer manager for certain stockholder services. In addition, our advisor is entitled to an incentive fee upon achieving certain performance goals.

Asset Management Fees

Among the fees payable to our advisor is an asset management fee. With respect to investments in real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee equal to one-twelfth of 0.75% of the amount paid or allocated to acquire the investment, plus the cost of any subsequent development, construction or improvements to the property. This amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition expenses related thereto (but excludes acquisition fees paid to our advisor). In the case of investments made through joint ventures, the asset management fee is determined based on our proportionate share of the underlying investment (but excluding acquisition fees paid to our advisor). With respect to investments in loans and any investments other than real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee calculated, each month, as one-twelfth of 0.75% of the lesser of (i) the amount actually paid or allocated to acquire or fund the loan or other investment (which amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition or origination expenses related thereto but is exclusive of acquisition or origination fees paid to our advisor) and (ii) the outstanding principal amount of such loan or other investment, plus the acquisition or origination expenses related to the acquisition or funding of such investment (excluding acquisition or origination fees paid to our advisor), as of the time of calculation. We currently do not pay asset management fees to our advisor on our investment in units of the SREIT.

On November 22, 2024, our advisor entered into a Management Fee and Disposition Fee Subordination Agreement (the "Subordination Agreement") in favor of U.S. Bank National Association (the "Credit Facility Agent") as agent for the lenders under the credit facility that was entered on July 30, 2021 (as subsequently modified and amended, the "Credit Facility") among KBS REIT Properties III, LLC, our indirect wholly owned subsidiary ("REIT Properties III"), the Credit Facility Agent and the lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility Lenders"). Pursuant to the Subordination Agreement, our advisor agreed that payment of certain asset management fees owed by us to our advisor pursuant to the advisory agreement will be subordinate to the obligations of REIT Properties III to the Credit Facility Lenders under the Credit Agreement (such obligations, the "Senior Debt"). Specifically, payment of asset management fees to our advisor associated with five of our real estate properties (Carillon, 515 Congress, Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street and Accenture Tower) is subordinated to the Senior Debt until the Senior Debt is paid in full, provided that we may pay our advisor 90% of the asset management fees associated with these five properties so long as an "Event of Default" under the Credit Facility is not in existence or would not result from such payment. For the avoidance of doubt, the remaining 10% of the asset management fees associated with these properties is subordinated and deferred until the Senior Debt is paid in full.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

In connection with the Accenture Tower Fourth Modification Agreement, on December 20, 2024, we and our advisor entered into an amendment to the advisory agreement to defer 10% of the asset management fees associated with Accenture Tower until the Accenture Tower Loan is paid in full; provided, that upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a restricted payment event under the loan agreement, all asset management fees with respect to Accenture Tower will be deferred and during the restricted payment event, such deferred fees may only be paid to our advisor with the consent of the required lenders.

Further, on February 6, 2025, in connection with an amendment to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we and our advisor entered into an amendment to the advisory agreement to defer 10% of the asset management fees associated with 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center until the obligations under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility are paid in full, or the requirements to pay such deferred fees are met during the extension period of the loan; provided that no asset management fees with respect to 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center may be paid during the occurrence and continuance of a default or potential default under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility for which we have received notice that has not been waived or cured.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, on November 8, 2022, we and our advisor amended the advisory agreement and commencing with asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022, we paid \$1.15 million of the monthly asset management fee to our advisor in cash and we deposited the remainder of the monthly asset management fee into an interest bearing account in our name, which amounts will be paid to our advisor from such account solely as reimbursement for payments made by our advisor pursuant to our advisor's employee retention program (such account, the "Bonus Retention Fund"). The Bonus Retention Fund was established in order to incentivize and retain key employees of our advisor. The Bonus Retention Fund was fully funded in December 2023, when we had deposited \$8.5 million in cash into such account. Following such time and except as described herein, the monthly asset management fee became fully payable in cash to our advisor. Our advisor has acknowledged and agreed that payments by our advisor to employees under our advisor's employee retention program that are reimbursed by us from the Bonus Retention Fund will be conditioned on (a) our liquidation and dissolution; (b) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of us in which (i) we are not the surviving entity and (ii) our advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; (c) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets; (d) the non-renewal or termination of the advisory agreement without cause; or (e) the termination of the employee without cause. To the extent the Bonus Retention Fund is not fully paid out to employees as set forth above, the advisory agreement provides that the residual amount will be deemed additional Deferred Asset Management Fees (defined below) and be treated in accordance with the provisions for payment of Deferred Asset Management Fees. Two of our executive officers, Mr. Waldvogel and Ms. Yamane, and one of our directors, Mr. DeLuca, participate in and have been allocated awards under our advisor's employee retention program, which awards would only be paid as set forth above.

Prior to amending the advisory agreement in November 2022, the prior advisory agreement had provided that with respect to asset management fees accruing from March 1, 2014, our advisor would defer, without interest, our obligation to pay asset management fees for any month in which our modified funds from operations ("MFFO") for such month, as such term is defined in the practice guideline issued by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA") in November 2010 and interpreted by us, excluding asset management fees, did not exceed the amount of distributions declared by us for record dates of that month. We remained obligated to pay our advisor an asset management fee in any month in which our MFFO, excluding asset management fees, for such month exceeded the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, an "MFFO Surplus"); however, any amount of such asset management fee in excess of the MFFO Surplus was deferred under the prior advisory agreement. If the MFFO Surplus for any month exceeded the amount of the asset management fee payable for such month, any remaining MFFO Surplus was applied to pay any asset management fee amounts previously deferred in accordance with the prior advisory agreement.

Pursuant to the current advisory agreement, asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022 are no longer subject to the deferral provision described above. Asset management fees that remained deferred as of September 30, 2022 are "Deferred Asset Management Fees." As of September 30, 2022, Deferred Asset Management Fees totaled \$8.5 million. The advisory agreement also provides that we remain obligated to pay our advisor outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in any month to the extent that MFFO for such month exceeds the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, a "RMFFO Surplus"); provided however, that any amount of outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in excess of the RMFFO Surplus will continue to be deferred. We have not made any payments to our advisor related to the Deferred Asset Management Fees for the period from October 1, 2022 to June 30, 2025.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Consistent with the prior advisory agreement, the current advisory agreement provides that notwithstanding the foregoing, any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will become immediately due and payable at such time as our stockholders have received, together as a collective group, aggregate distributions (including distributions that may constitute a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) sufficient to provide (i) an 8.0% per year cumulative, noncompounded return on such net invested capital (the "Stockholders' 8% Return") and (ii) a return of their net invested capital, or the amount calculated by multiplying the total number of shares purchased by stockholders by the issue price, reduced by any amounts to repurchase shares pursuant to our share redemption program. The Stockholders' 8% Return is not based on the return provided to any individual stockholder. Accordingly, it is not necessary for each of our stockholders to have received any minimum return in order for our advisor to receive Deferred Asset Management Fees.

In addition, the current advisory agreement provides that any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will also be immediately due and payable upon the earlier of:

- (i) a listing of our shares of common stock on a national securities exchange;
- (ii) our liquidation and dissolution;
- (iii) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of us in which (y) we are not the surviving entity and (z) our advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; and
- (iv) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets.

The advisory agreement may be terminated (i) upon 60 days written notice without cause or penalty by either us (acting through the conflicts committee) or our advisor or (ii) immediately by us for cause or upon the bankruptcy of our advisor. If the advisory agreement is terminated without cause, then our advisor will be entitled to receive from us any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees, provided that upon such non-renewal or termination we do not retain an advisor in which our advisor or its affiliates have a majority interest. Upon termination of the advisory agreement, all unpaid Deferred Asset Management Fees will automatically be forfeited by our advisor, and if the advisory agreement is terminated for cause, any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees will also automatically be forfeited by our advisor.

As of June 30, 2025, we had accrued \$19.1 million of asset management fees, of which \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees. Also included in accrued asset management fees as of June 30, 2025 were \$8.5 million of restricted cash deposited into the Bonus Retention Fund and \$0.7 million of asset management fees that were deferred in connection with agreements related to the refinancing of our debt obligations. We had not made any payments to our advisor from the Bonus Retention Fund as of June 30, 2025. As of June 30, 2025, we had \$1.4 million of asset management fees payable related to asset management fees incurred for the month of June 2025, which were subsequently paid in July 2025.

Disposition Fees

For substantial assistance in connection with the sale of properties or other investments, we pay our advisor or one of its affiliates 1.0% of the contract sales price of each property or other investment sold; provided, however, that if, in connection with such disposition, commissions are paid to third parties unaffiliated with our advisor or one of its affiliates, the fee paid to our advisor or one of its affiliates may not exceed the commissions paid to such unaffiliated third parties, and provided further that the aggregate disposition fees paid to our advisor or one of its affiliates and unaffiliated third parties may not exceed 6.0% of the contract sales price. We will not pay a disposition fee upon the maturity, prepayment or workout of a loan or other debt-related investment, provided that if we take ownership of a property as a result of a workout or foreclosure of a loan, we will pay a disposition fee upon the sale of such property. No disposition fees will be paid with respect to any sales of our investment in units of the SREIT.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, our advisor has agreed to reduce and defer certain disposition fees. On October 11, 2024, in connection with an amendment to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we and our advisor amended the advisory agreement to reduce the disposition fee payable in connection with the sale of Preston Commons to \$0.5 million and to defer payment of the disposition fee to December 1, 2025.

Additionally, pursuant to the Subordination Agreement, with respect to the disposition fees associated with the sale of Carillon, 515 Congress, Gateway Tech Center, 201 17th Street and Accenture Tower, our advisor agreed that the disposition fees will be reduced to not more than 0.65% of the contract sales price of each property and that payment of such disposition fees to our advisor is subordinated to the Senior Debt until the Senior Debt is paid in full. Such deferred disposition fees will be set aside and deposited to an interest bearing account under the control of the Credit Facility Agent.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

On February 6, 2025, in connection with another amendment to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we and our advisor entered into an amendment to the advisory agreement to reduce the disposition fees associated with the sales of 60 South Sixth, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden, Town Center, Accenture Tower and The Almaden to 0.65% of the contract sales price of each property, in each case subject to the further limitations contained in the advisory agreement and our charter.

Debt Obligations

The following is a summary of our debt obligations as of June 30, 2025 (in thousands):

Debt Obligations	Total	Payments Due During the Years Ended December 31,			
		Remainder of 2025	2026-2027	2028-2029	Thereafter
Outstanding debt obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,474,666	\$ 148,679	\$ 1,325,987	\$ —	\$ —
Interest payments on outstanding debt obligations ⁽²⁾	115,820	52,032	63,788	—	—
Interest payments on interest rate swaps ^{(3) (4)}	—	—	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Amounts include principal payments only based on maturity dates as of June 30, 2025. The maturity dates of certain loans may be extended beyond their current maturity dates; however, the extension options are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests. See the above discussion under “—Liquidity and Capital Resources” and “—Going Concern Considerations.”

⁽²⁾ Projected interest payments are based on the outstanding principal amounts, maturity dates and interest rates in effect as of June 30, 2025 (consisting of the contractual interest rate and using interest rate indices as of June 30, 2025, where applicable). We incurred interest expense related to notes payable of \$53.0 million, excluding amortization of deferred financing costs totaling \$5.9 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

⁽³⁾ Projected interest payments on interest rate swaps are calculated based on the notional amount, effective term of the swap contract, and fixed rate net of the swapped floating rate in effect as of June 30, 2025. In the case where the swapped floating rate (one-month Term SOFR) at June 30, 2025 is higher than the fixed rate in the swap agreement, interest payments on interest rate swaps in the above debt obligations table would reflect zero as we would not be obligated to make any interest payments on those swaps and instead expect to receive payments from our swap counter-parties.

⁽⁴⁾ We recognized net realized gains related to interest rate swaps of \$5.4 million, excluding unrealized loss on derivative instruments of \$6.3 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

For additional information regarding our debt obligations and loan maturities, see “—Going Concern Considerations,” “—Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets” and “—Liquidity and Capital Resources.”

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)
Results of Operations
Overview

As of June 30, 2024, we owned 14 office properties, one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of the SREIT. Subsequent to June 30, 2024, we sold one office property. As a result, as of June 30, 2025, we owned 13 office properties (one of which was held for sale and subsequently sold on July 11, 2025), one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of the SREIT. Therefore, the results of operations presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are not directly comparable. The following table provides summary information about our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollar amounts in thousands):

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2025 versus the three months ended June 30, 2024

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change	\$ Changes Due to Dispositions of Properties ⁽¹⁾	\$ Change Due to Properties Held Throughout Both Periods ⁽²⁾
	2025	2024				
Rental income	\$ 60,904	\$ 64,681	\$ (3,777)	(6)%	\$ (4,424)	\$ 647
Other operating income	4,479	4,715	(236)	(5)%	(405)	169
Operating, maintenance and management	17,267	17,698	(431)	(2)%	(835)	404
Real estate taxes and insurance	11,912	12,117	(205)	(2)%	(682)	477
Asset management fees to affiliate	4,643	4,877	(234)	(5)%	(285)	51
General and administrative expenses	2,279	2,372	(93)	(4)%	n/a	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	25,193	28,486	(3,293)	(12)%	(1,805)	(1,488)
Interest expense	30,508	33,209	(2,701)	(8)%	—	(2,701)
Net gain on derivative instruments	(969)	(4,903)	3,934	(80)%	—	3,934
Unrealized gain (loss) on real estate equity securities	2,849	(4,511)	7,360	(163)%	—	7,360
Other interest income	152	352	(200)	(57)%	n/a	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Represents the dollar amount increase (decrease) for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 related to the dispositions of properties after April 1, 2024. Interest expense incurred on portfolio loans is not allocated to the individual properties that serve as collateral for these portfolio loans and therefore, the decrease in interest expense related to an office property sold in November 2024 is not reflected in the column for changes due to dispositions of properties. In November 2024, we repaid \$140.4 million of outstanding principal debt with the net sale proceeds from sale of an office property.

⁽²⁾ Represents the dollar amount increase (decrease) for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 related to real estate investments owned by us throughout both periods presented.

Rental income from our real estate properties decreased from \$64.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$60.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, partially offset by an increase in operating and property tax recoveries with respect to properties held throughout both periods. We expect rental income to decrease in future periods as a result of the disposition of the property in November 2024, the disposition of a property in July 2025 and to the extent we dispose of additional properties, to vary based on occupancy rates and rental rates of our real estate investments and to increase due to tenant reimbursements related to operating expenses to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office. See “—Going Concern Considerations,” “—Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets” and “—Liquidity and Capital Resources.”

Other operating income decreased from \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, partially offset by an increase in parking revenues at properties held throughout both periods as employees return to the office. We expect other operating income to vary in future periods based on occupancy rates and parking rates at our real estate properties and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

Operating, maintenance and management costs decreased from \$17.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$17.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, partially offset by an overall increase in repairs and maintenance costs and operating costs as a result of general inflation and an increase in physical occupancy at properties held throughout both periods. We expect operating, maintenance and management costs to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

Real estate taxes and insurance decreased slightly from \$12.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$11.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, partially offset by an increase in real estate taxes related to properties held throughout both periods. We expect real estate taxes and insurance to vary based on future property tax reassessments for properties that we continue to own and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

Asset management fees with respect to our real estate investments decreased from \$4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024. We expect asset management fees to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties and to increase in future periods as a result of any improvements we make to our properties. As of June 30, 2025, there were \$19.1 million of accrued asset management fees, of which (i) \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees, (ii) \$8.5 million were related to asset management fees that were restricted for payment and deposited in the Bonus Retention Fund, and (iii) \$0.7 million were related to asset management fees that were deferred in connection with agreements related to the refinancing of our debt obligations. As of June 30, 2025, we had \$1.4 million of asset management fees payable related to asset management fees incurred for the month of June 2025, which were subsequently paid in July 2025. For a discussion of Deferred Asset Management Fees and the Bonus Retention Fund, see “— Liquidity and Capital Resources” herein.

General and administrative expenses decreased slightly from \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to legal fees and financial and advisory consulting fees related to our development and pursuit of our debt restructuring plan and capital raising efforts during the three months ended June 30, 2024. General and administrative costs consisted primarily of portfolio legal fees, directors' and officers' insurance coverage costs, board of directors fees, third party transfer agent fees, financial and advisory consulting fees and audit costs.

Depreciation and amortization decreased from \$28.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$25.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, the acceleration of amortization for an early lease termination at a property held throughout both periods during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and the classification of a real property to held for sale. Upon classifying a property as held for sale, we cease depreciation and amortization expense for that property. We expect depreciation and amortization to increase in future periods as a result of additional capital improvements, offset by a decrease in amortization related to fully amortized tenant origination and absorption costs and to the extent we dispose of properties.

Interest expense decreased from \$33.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 to \$30.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025. Included in interest expense was (i) \$29.7 million and \$26.9 million of interest expense payments for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2025, respectively, and (ii) the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$3.5 million and \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2025, respectively. The decrease in interest expense was primarily due to less interest expense incurred as a result of loan paydowns in connection with the sale of a real property in November 2024, partially offset by higher interest rate spreads as a result of recent refinancings subsequent to March 31, 2024 and the impact on interest expense of additional loan draws. In general, we expect interest expense to decrease due to required loan paydowns, to vary based on fluctuations in interest rates (for our variable rate debt) and the amount of future borrowings and to increase due to higher interest rate spreads as a result of recent refinancings.

We recorded net gain on derivative instruments of \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$2.7 million, offset by unrealized loss on interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025. We recorded net gain on derivative instruments of \$4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$6.3 million, offset by unrealized loss on interest rate swaps of \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The change in net gain on derivative instruments was primarily due to changes in fair values with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges. In general, we expect net gains or losses on derivative instruments to vary based on fair value changes with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges. In addition, as the remaining lives of our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges decrease, we expect the fair values of these interest rate swaps to move towards zero, decreasing the net gains or losses on derivative instruments.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded an unrealized gain on real estate equity securities of \$2.8 million, and during the three months ended June 30, 2024, we recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$4.5 million, as a result of the change in the closing price of the units of the SREIT on the SGX-ST.

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2025 versus the six months ended June 30, 2024

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change	\$ Changes Due to Dispositions of Properties ⁽¹⁾	\$ Change Due to Properties Held Throughout Both Periods ⁽²⁾
	2025	2024				
Rental income	\$ 121,168	\$ 130,038	\$ (8,870)	(7)%	\$ (9,780)	\$ 910
Dividend income from real estate equity securities	261	540	(279)	(52)%	—	(279)
Other operating income	8,342	9,046	(704)	(8)%	(817)	113
Operating, maintenance and management	34,317	35,101	(784)	(2)%	(2,204)	1,420
Real estate taxes and insurance	23,772	25,071	(1,299)	(5)%	(1,696)	397
Asset management fees to affiliate	9,227	9,820	(593)	(6)%	(643)	50
General and administrative expenses	4,818	7,863	(3,045)	(39)%	n/a	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	51,599	56,020	(4,421)	(8)%	(3,622)	(799)
Interest expense	58,855	65,661	(6,806)	(10)%	(419)	(6,387)
Net loss (gain) on derivative instruments	866	(21,055)	21,921	(104)%	—	21,921
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities	(2,374)	(24,023)	21,649	(90)%	—	21,649
Gain from extinguishment of debt	—	56,372	(56,372)	(100)%	(56,372)	—
Gain on sale of real estate, net	—	14,781	(14,781)	(100)%	(14,781)	—
Other interest income	336	682	(346)	(51)%	n/a	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Represents the dollar amount increase (decrease) for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 related to the dispositions of properties after January 1, 2024. Interest expense incurred on portfolio loans is not allocated to the individual properties that serve as collateral for these portfolio loans and therefore, the decrease in interest expense related to the two office properties sold during the year ended December 31, 2024 is not reflected in the column for changes due to dispositions of properties. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repaid \$186.6 million of outstanding principal debt with the net sale proceeds from sale of two office properties during 2024.

⁽²⁾ Represents the dollar amount increase (decrease) for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 related to real estate investments owned by us throughout both periods presented.

Rental income from our real estate properties decreased from \$130.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$121.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024, partially offset by an increase in operating and property tax recoveries with respect to properties held throughout both periods. We expect rental income to decrease in future periods as a result of the disposition of these three properties, the disposition of a property in July 2025 and to the extent we dispose of additional properties, to vary based on occupancy rates and rental rates of our real estate investments and to increase due to tenant reimbursements related to operating expenses to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office. See “—Going Concern Considerations,” “—Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets” and “—Liquidity and Capital Resources.”

Dividend income from our real estate equity securities decreased from \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 due to a decrease in the dividend rate per unit declared by the SREIT. We expect dividend income from our real estate equity securities to vary in future periods based on the occupancy and rental rates of the SREIT’s portfolio, movements in interest rates and the underlying liquidity needs of the SREIT.

Other operating income decreased from \$9.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$8.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024, partially offset by an increase in parking revenues at properties held throughout both periods as employees return to the office. We expect other operating income to vary in future periods based on occupancy rates and parking rates at our real estate properties and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

Operating, maintenance and management costs decreased from \$35.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$34.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024, partially offset by an overall increase in repairs and maintenance costs and operating costs, including janitorial, utility, security and onsite costs, as a result of general inflation and an increase in physical occupancy at properties held throughout both periods. We expect operating, maintenance and management costs to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

Real estate taxes and insurance decreased from \$25.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$23.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024, partially offset by a net increase in real estate taxes related to properties held throughout both periods. We expect real estate taxes and insurance to vary based on future property tax reassessments for properties that we continue to own and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties.

Asset management fees decreased from \$9.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$9.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024. We expect asset management fees to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties and to increase in future periods as a result of any improvements we make to our properties. As of June 30, 2025, there were \$19.1 million of accrued asset management fees, of which (i) \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees, (ii) \$8.5 million were related to asset management fees that were restricted for payment and deposited in the Bonus Retention Fund, and (iii) \$0.7 million were related to asset management fees that were deferred in connection with agreements related to the refinancing of our debt obligations. As of June 30, 2025, we had \$1.4 million of asset management fees payable related to asset management fees incurred for the month of June 2025, which were subsequently paid in July 2025. For a discussion of asset management fees, see “— Liquidity and Capital Resources” herein.

General and administrative expenses decreased from \$7.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to legal fees and financial and advisory consulting fees related to our development and pursuit of our debt restructuring plan and capital raising efforts during the six months ended June 30, 2024. General and administrative costs consisted primarily of portfolio legal fees, directors' and officers' insurance coverage costs, board of directors fees, third party transfer agent fees, financial and advisory consulting fees and audit costs.

Depreciation and amortization decreased from \$56.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$51.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to the sale of a real property in November 2024, a decrease in depreciation and amortization due to lease expirations at a property held throughout both periods and the classification of a real property to held for sale. Upon classifying a property as held for sale, we cease depreciation and amortization expense for that property. We expect depreciation and amortization to increase in future periods as a result of additional capital improvements, offset by a decrease in amortization related to fully amortized tenant origination and absorption costs and to the extent we dispose of properties.

Interest expense decreased from \$65.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$58.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025. Included in interest expense was (i) \$59.7 million and \$53.0 million of interest expense payments for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2025, respectively, and (ii) the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$6.0 million and \$5.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2025, respectively. The decrease in interest expense was primarily due to less interest expense incurred as a result of loan paydowns in connection with the sales of real properties in February 2024 and November 2024 and the disposition of an office property and related forgiveness of debt in connection with a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction in January 2024, partially offset by higher interest rate spreads as a result of recent refinancings subsequent to June 30, 2024 and the impact on interest expense of additional loan draws. In general, we expect interest expense to decrease due to required loan paydowns, to vary based on fluctuations in interest rates (for our variable rate debt) and the amount of future borrowings and to increase due to higher interest rate spreads as a result of recent refinancings.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

We recorded net loss on derivative instruments of \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025. Included in net loss on derivative instruments was (i) unrealized loss on interest rate swaps of \$6.3 million, offset by (ii) realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$5.4 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2025. We recorded net gain on derivative instruments of \$21.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was (i) realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$13.4 million, (ii) unrealized gain on interest rate swaps of \$7.5 million, and (iii) gains related to swap terminations of \$0.2 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The change in net loss (gain) on derivative instruments was primarily due to changes in fair values with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges during the six months ended June 30, 2025. In general, we expect net gains or losses on derivative instruments to vary based on fair value changes with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges. In addition, as the remaining lives of our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges decrease, we expect the fair values of these interest rate swaps to move towards zero, decreasing the net gains or losses on derivative instruments.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, we recorded unrealized losses on real estate equity securities of \$2.4 million and \$24.0 million, respectively, as a result of the change in the closing price of the units of the SREIT on the SGX-ST.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, we recognized a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$56.4 million in connection with the deed-in-lieu of foreclosure transaction related to the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan. The gain on extinguishment of debt related to the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan represents the difference between the carrying amount of the outstanding debt and other liabilities of approximately \$128.7 million and the carrying value of the real estate property and other assets of approximately \$72.3 million, at the time of the transfer of the 201 Spear Street property and other assets in satisfaction of the loan. We did not record any gain on extinguishment of debt during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

We recognized a gain on sale of real estate of \$14.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 related to the disposition of the McEwen Building in February 2024. We did not dispose of any real estate during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Funds from Operations and Modified Funds from Operations

We believe that funds from operations ("FFO") is a beneficial indicator of the performance of an equity REIT. We compute FFO in accordance with the current National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition. FFO represents net income, excluding gains and losses from sales of operating real estate assets (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar conditions based on historical cost accounting and useful-life estimates), gains and losses from change in control, impairment losses on real estate assets, depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, and adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. In addition, we elected the option to exclude mark-to-market changes in value recognized on real estate equity securities in the calculation of FFO. We believe FFO facilitates comparisons of operating performance between periods and among other REITs. However, our computation of FFO may not be comparable to other REITs that do not define FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. Our management believes that historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. As a result, we believe that the use of FFO, together with the required GAAP presentations, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and provides a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities.

Changes in accounting rules have resulted in a substantial increase in the number of non-operating and non-cash items included in the calculation of FFO. As a result, our management also uses MFFO as an indicator of our ongoing performance. MFFO excludes from FFO: acquisition fees and expenses (to the extent that such fees and expenses have been recorded as operating expenses); adjustments related to contingent purchase price obligations; amounts relating to straight-line rents and amortization of above and below market intangible lease assets and liabilities; accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums on debt investments; amortization of closing costs relating to debt investments; impairments of real estate-related investments; mark-to-market adjustments included in net income; and gains or losses included in net income for the extinguishment or sale of debt or hedges. We compute MFFO in accordance with the definition of MFFO included in the practice guideline issued by the IPA in November 2010 as interpreted by management. Our computation of MFFO may not be comparable to other REITs that do not compute MFFO in accordance with the current IPA definition or that interpret the current IPA definition differently than we do.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)**

We believe that MFFO is helpful as a measure of ongoing operating performance because it excludes other non-operating items included in FFO. MFFO excludes non-cash items such as straight-line rental revenue. Additionally, we believe that MFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance indicators and analysis used by management, in addition to net income and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, to evaluate the sustainability of our operating performance. MFFO provides comparability in evaluating the operating performance of our portfolio with other non-traded REITs. MFFO, or an equivalent measure, is routinely reported by non-traded REITs, and we believe often used by analysts and investors for comparison purposes.

FFO and MFFO are non-GAAP financial measures and do not represent net income as defined by GAAP. Net income as defined by GAAP is the most relevant measure in determining our operating performance because FFO and MFFO include adjustments that investors may deem subjective, such as adding back expenses such as depreciation and amortization and the other items described above. Accordingly, FFO and MFFO should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our current and historical operating performance. In addition, FFO and MFFO do not represent cash flows from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered an indication of our liquidity. We believe FFO and MFFO, in addition to net income and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, are meaningful supplemental performance measures. See also “—Going Concern Considerations,” “—Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets” and “—Liquidity and Capital Resources.”

During periods of significant disposition activity, FFO and MFFO are much more limited measures of future performance as neither FFO nor MFFO reflects adjustments for the operations of properties sold or under contract to sale during the periods presented.

Although MFFO includes other adjustments, the exclusion of adjustments for straight-line rent, the amortization of above- and below-market leases, gain from extinguishment of debt, unrealized losses (gains) on derivative instruments and gains related to swap terminations are the most significant adjustments for the periods presented. We have excluded these items based on the following economic considerations:

- *Adjustments for straight-line rent.* These are adjustments to rental revenue as required by GAAP to recognize contractual lease payments on a straight-line basis over the life of the respective lease. We have excluded these adjustments in our calculation of MFFO to more appropriately reflect the current economic impact of our in-place leases, while also providing investors with a useful supplemental metric that addresses core operating performance by removing rent we expect to receive in a future period or rent that was received in a prior period;
- *Amortization of above- and below-market leases.* Similar to depreciation and amortization of real estate assets and lease related costs that are excluded from FFO, GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of intangible lease assets and liabilities diminishes predictably over time and requires that these charges be recognized currently in revenue. Since market lease rates in the aggregate have historically risen or fallen with local market conditions, management believes that by excluding these charges, MFFO provides useful supplemental information on the realized economics of the real estate;
- *Gain from extinguishment of debt.* A gain from extinguishment of debt represents the difference between the carrying value of any consideration transferred to the lender in return for the extinguishment of a debt and the net carrying value of the debt at the time of settlement. We have excluded the gain from extinguishment of debt in our calculation of MFFO because these gains do not impact the current operating performance of our investments and do not provide an indication of future operating performance;
- *Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments.* These adjustments include unrealized losses (gains) from mark-to-market adjustments on interest rate swaps. The change in fair value of interest rate swaps not designated as a hedge are non-cash adjustments recognized directly in earnings and are included in interest expense. We have excluded these adjustments in our calculation of MFFO to more appropriately reflect the economic impact of our interest rate swap agreements; and
- *Gains related to swap terminations.* Gains related to swap terminations represent the difference between the settlement fees received and the value of interest rate swaps terminated, which are included in net (gain) loss on derivative instruments. Although these amounts increase net income, we exclude them from MFFO to more appropriately reflect the ongoing impact of our interest rate swap agreements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Our calculation of FFO, which we believe is consistent with the calculation of FFO as defined by NAREIT, is presented in the following table, along with our calculation of MFFO, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands). No conclusions or comparisons should be made from the presentation of these periods.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net (loss) income	\$ (22,449)	\$ (28,619)	\$ (55,721)	\$ 8,955
Depreciation of real estate assets	21,557	23,805	44,138	47,301
Amortization of lease-related costs	3,636	4,681	7,461	8,719
Unrealized (gain) loss on real estate equity securities	(2,849)	4,511	2,374	24,023
Gain on sale of real estate, net	—	—	—	(14,781)
FFO ⁽¹⁾	(105)	4,378	(1,748)	74,217
Straight-line rent and amortization of above- and below-market leases, net	(1,948)	(2,309)	(4,264)	(5,957)
Gain from extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	(56,372)
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments	1,735	1,403	6,258	(7,501)
Gains related to swap terminations	—	—	—	(178)
MFFO ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ (318)</u>	<u>\$ 3,472</u>	<u>\$ 246</u>	<u>\$ 4,209</u>

⁽¹⁾ FFO and MFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2025 include expenses of \$1.1 million related to legal fees and financial and advisory consulting fees related to our development and pursuit of our debt restructuring plan, and FFO and MFFO include \$0.8 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, of these expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024.

FFO and MFFO may also be used to fund all or a portion of certain capitalizable items that are excluded from FFO and MFFO, such as tenant improvements, building improvements and deferred leasing costs.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the SEC. The preparation of our financial statements requires significant management judgments, assumptions and estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and our disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. With different estimates or assumptions, materially different amounts could be reported in our financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact the comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. A discussion of the accounting policies that management considers critical in that they involve significant management judgments, assumptions and estimates is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed with the SEC. There have been no significant changes to our policies during 2025.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Subsequent Events

We evaluate subsequent events up until the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Disposition of Sterling Plaza and Paydown of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility

On July 11, 2025, we completed the sale of Sterling Plaza, an office property containing an aggregate of 313,609 rentable square feet located on approximately 2.1 acres of land in Dallas, Texas, to a purchaser unaffiliated with us or our advisor, for a gross sales price of \$126.5 million, or \$117.7 million of net sales proceeds, after credits given to the purchaser for outstanding tenant improvements and lease incentives, prorations, third-party closing costs and \$0.8 million of disposition fees paid to our advisor.

On July 11, 2025, pursuant to an amendment to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we used the net sales proceeds of \$117.7 million from the sale of Sterling Plaza to (i) paydown the outstanding principal of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility by \$87.7 million and (ii) fund \$30.0 million into cash collateral accounts for the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. Sterling Plaza was released as security for the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. Following the release of Sterling Plaza, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility is secured by 60 South Sixth, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to the effects of interest rate changes as a result of borrowings used to maintain liquidity and to fund property improvements, repairs and tenant build-outs to properties, to pay for other capital needs, to refinance existing indebtedness and to provide working capital. We have also funded distributions to stockholders and redemptions of common stock with borrowings. Our profitability and the value of our real estate investment portfolio may be adversely affected during any period as a result of interest rate changes. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings, prepayment penalties and cash flows and to lower overall borrowing costs. We may manage interest rate risk by utilizing a variety of financial instruments, including interest rate caps, floors, and swap agreements, in order to limit the effects of changes in interest rates on our operations. When we use these types of derivatives to hedge the risk of interest-earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities, we may be subject to certain risks, including the risk that losses on a hedge position will reduce the funds available for other capital needs and that the losses may exceed the amount we invested in the instruments.

We borrow funds at a combination of fixed and variable rates. Interest rate fluctuations will generally not affect our future earnings or cash flows on our fixed rate debt, unless such instruments mature or are otherwise terminated. However, interest rate changes will affect the fair value of our fixed rate instruments. As of June 30, 2025, the fair value of our fixed rate debt was \$117.7 million and the outstanding principal balance of our fixed rate debt was \$117.7 million. The fair value estimate of our fixed rate debt is calculated using a discounted cash flow analysis utilizing rates we would expect to pay for debt of a similar type and remaining maturity if the loan was originated as of June 30, 2025. As we expect to hold our fixed rate instruments to maturity (unless the property securing the debt is sold and the loan is repaid) and the amounts due under such instruments would be limited to the outstanding principal balance and any accrued and unpaid interest, we do not expect that fluctuations in interest rates, and the resulting change in fair value of our fixed rate instruments, would have a significant impact on our operations.

Conversely, movements in interest rates on our variable rate debt would change our future earnings and cash flows, but not significantly affect the fair value of those instruments. However, changes in required risk premiums would result in changes in the fair value of variable rate instruments. As of June 30, 2025, we were exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on \$357.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding after giving consideration to the impact of interest rate swap agreements on approximately \$1.0 billion of our variable rate debt. Several of our interest rate swap agreements mature during the 12 months ending June 30, 2026. Based on interest rates as of June 30, 2025, and with the consideration of the maturity dates of our interest rate swap agreements, if interest rates were 100 basis points higher or lower during the 12 months ending June 30, 2026, interest expense on our variable rate debt would increase or decrease by \$4.6 million.

The interest rate and weighted-average effective interest rate of our fixed rate debt and variable rate debt as of June 30, 2025 were 7.5% and 6.4%, respectively. The weighted-average effective interest rate represents the actual interest rate in effect as of June 30, 2025 (consisting of the contractual interest rate and the effect of interest rate swaps, if applicable), using interest rate indices as of June 30, 2025 where applicable.

Given the challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry and the challenging interest rate environment, in order to refinance or extend loans, our lenders have required higher interest rate spreads compared to the terms in the loans that have been refinanced or extended. We utilize interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk, and in particular fluctuations in the variable rate, namely SOFR, but these interest rate swaps will not mitigate any risk related to higher interest rate spreads. Additionally, we have entered into various interest rate swap agreements that are currently below market and as those swaps expire, our interest expense will increase and further impact our liquidity position and ongoing cash flows. As a result, we expect interest expense and our weighted-average effective interest rate to increase in the future as a result of recent extensions and loan modifications. For a discussion of the interest rate risks related to the current capital and credit markets, see Part I, Item 2, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets” and the risks discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the SEC.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk (continued)**

We are exposed to financial market risk with respect to our investment in the SREIT (SGX-ST Ticker: OXMU). Financial market risk is the risk that we will incur economic losses due to adverse changes in our investment's security price. Our exposure to changes in security prices is a result of our investment in these types of securities. Market prices are subject to fluctuation and, therefore, the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from our carrying value. Fluctuation in the market prices of a security may result from any number of factors, including perceived changes in the underlying fundamental characteristics of the issuer, the relative price of alternative investments, interest rates, default rates and general market conditions. The SREIT's units were first listed for trading on the SGX-ST on July 19, 2019. If an active trading market for the units does not develop or is not sustained, it may be difficult to sell our units. The market for Singapore REITs may trade a small number of securities and may be unable to respond effectively to increases in trading volume, potentially making prompt liquidation of our investment in the SREIT difficult. Even if an active trading market develops or we are able to negotiate block trades, if we or other significant investors sell or are perceived as intending to sell a substantial amount of units in a short period of time, the market price of our remaining units could be adversely affected. In addition, as a foreign equity investment, the trading price of units of the SREIT may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in the Singapore and Asian markets, including changes in government, economic and fiscal policies. Furthermore, we may be limited in our ability to sell our investment in the SREIT if our advisor and/or its affiliates are deemed to have material, non-public information regarding the SREIT. Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., our Chief Executive Officer, our President and our affiliated director, is a former director of the external manager of the SREIT, and Mr. Schreiber currently holds an indirect ownership interest in the external manager of the SREIT. An affiliate of our advisor serves as the U.S. asset manager to the SREIT. We do not currently engage in derivative or other hedging transactions to manage our investment's security price risk.

As of June 30, 2025, we held 237,426,088 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate value of our investment in the units of the SREIT was \$38.2 million, which was based solely on the closing price of the SREIT units on the SGX-ST of \$0.161 per unit as of June 30, 2025, and did not take into account any potential discount for the holding period risk due to the quantity of units held by us relative to the normal level of trading volume in the units. This is a decrease of \$0.719 per unit from our initial acquisition of the SREIT units at \$0.880 per unit on July 19, 2019. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets, since early March 2020, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility. The trading price of the common units of the SREIT has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. commercial office buildings. Based solely on the closing price per unit of the SREIT units as of June 30, 2025, if prices were to increase or decrease by 10%, our net income would increase or decrease by approximately \$3.8 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures**Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon, and as of the date of, the evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Please see the risks discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 as filed with the SEC.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- a). During the period covered by this Form 10-Q, we did not sell any equity securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- b). Not applicable.
- c). Due to certain restrictions and covenants included in our loan agreements as a result of refinancing certain of our debt facilities, we do not expect to redeem any shares of common stock until certain loans are repaid or refinanced. One of the loans with these restrictions has a current maturity of January 2027 but may be extended subject to the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. As a result, on March 15, 2024, our board of directors terminated our share redemption program. We did not redeem or repurchase any shares of our common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

- (a). None.
- (b). Not applicable
- (c). During the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act) adopted or terminated any “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or any “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement,” as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**Item 6. Exhibits**

Ex.	Description
3.1	<u>Second Articles of Amendment and Restatement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed January 25, 2011</u>
3.2	<u>Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 14, 2023</u>
4.1	<u>Statement regarding restrictions on transferability of shares of common stock (to appear on stock certificate or to be sent upon request and without charge to stockholders issued shares without certificates), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-164703, filed August 20, 2010</u>
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

Date: August 14, 2025

By: /S/ CHARLES J. SCHREIBER, JR.

Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

(principal executive officer)

Date: August 14, 2025

By: /S/ JEFFREY K. WALDVOGEL

Jeffrey K. Waldvogel

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

(principal financial officer)

**Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2025

By: /s/ CHARLES J. SCHREIBER, JR.

Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director
(principal executive officer)

**Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Jeffrey K. Waldvogel, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2025

By: /S/ JEFFREY K. WALDVOGEL

Jeffrey K. Waldvogel

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary
(principal financial officer)

**Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. (the “Registrant”) for the quarter ended June 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), the undersigned, Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., Chief Executive Officer, President and Director of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: August 14, 2025

By: /s/ CHARLES J. SCHREIBER, JR.

Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director
(principal executive officer)

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By: /S/ JEFFREY K. WALDVOGEL

Jeffrey K. Waldvogel

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary
(principal financial officer)