# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

				<u></u>	
		FORM	10-Q		
(Ma	 rk One)			_	
X	QUARTERLY REPORT EXCHANGE ACT OF 19		TION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIE	S
	F	For the quarterly period end OR	led September 30, 2023		
	TRANSITION REPORT EXCHANGE ACT OF 19	PURSUANT TO SEC	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIE	S
		For the transition period for Commission file nur			
		STATE INVES xact Name of Registrant as	TMENT TRUS Specified in Its Charter)	ST III, INC.	
	Maryland		27-		
	(State or Other Jurisdi			S. Employer	
	Incorporation or Organ 800 Newport Center Dr		Identi	fication No.)	
	Newport Beach, C			92660	
	(Address of Principal Exect			(ip Code)	
		(949) 417- (Registrant's Telephone Numb			
		Securities registered pursuant to	Section 12(b) of the Act:		
	Title of Each Clas	ss		nge on Which Registered	
	None			Vone	
		Trading Syn	ıbol(s)		
		None			
	Indicate by check mark whether the registreceding 12 months (or for such shorter period Yes ☒ No □				
S-T (§	Indicate by check mark whether the registr 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding		_	=	
_	Indicate by check mark whether the registration company. See the definitions of "large accurage Act.				
	e Accelerated Filer		A	ccelerated Filer	
Non-	Accelerated Filer		Sı	maller reporting company	
			Eı	merging growth company	
revise	If an emerging growth company, indicate d financial accounting standards provided pu	-		on period for complying with a	any new or
	Indicate by check mark whether the registra	ant is a shell company (as defined in R	ule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes	□ No 🗷	

 $As of \ November \ 9, 2023, there \ were \ 148,647,490 \ outstanding \ shares \ of \ common \ stock \ of \ KBS \ Real \ Estate \ Investment \ Trust \ III, \ Inc.$ 

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

### FORM 10-Q

### **September 30, 2023**

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ BALANCE\ SHEETS}$

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

		ember 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Assets	(	unaudited)		
Real estate:				
Land	\$	274,315	\$	290,121
Buildings and improvements	Ф	2,227,486	Ą	2,235,676
Tenant origination and absorption costs		38,670		42,555
Total real estate held for investment, cost		2,540,471		2,568,352
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(691,602)		(656,401)
Total real estate, net		1,848,869		1,911,951
Real estate equity securities		29,786		87,416
Total real estate and real estate-related investments, net		1,878,655		1,999,367
Cash and cash equivalents		33,093		47,767
Restricted cash		12,038		6,070
Rents and other receivables, net		98,035		93,100
Above-market leases, net		207		262
Due from affiliate		207		10
Prepaid expenses and other assets		125,445		112,411
Total assets	•	2,147,473	•	2,258,987
Liabilities and equity	Ф	2,147,473	<u> </u>	2,230,961
Notes payable, net	\$	1,715,243	\$	1,667,288
	Ф		Ą	56,071
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to affiliate		56,322		10,365
		15,677		, in the second
Distributions payable		1 262		7,374
Below-market leases, net  Other liabilities		1,263		1,911
		65,468		60,918
Redeemable common stock payable		1 052 072		711
Total liabilities		1,853,973		1,804,638
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		20.622		22 (01
Redeemable common stock		39,633		32,681
Stockholders' equity:  Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding		_		
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 148,752,927 and 147,964,954 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively		1,487		1,480
Additional paid-in capital		1,275,812		1,275,833
Cumulative distributions in excess of net income		(1,023,432)		(855,645)
Total stockholders' equity		253,867		421,668
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,147,473	\$	2,258,987

### **Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)**

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022		2023	2022	
Revenues:								
Rental income	\$	69,489	\$	67,897	\$	200,859	\$	204,939
Dividend income from real estate equity securities		5,310		7,598		11,850		14,850
Other operating income		4,748		4,724		13,857		13,468
Total revenues		79,547		80,219		226,566		233,257
Expenses:								
Operating, maintenance and management		19,789		19,674		55,728		54,506
Real estate taxes and insurance		12,542		13,069		39,994		41,231
Asset management fees to affiliate		5,268		5,091		15,542		14,952
General and administrative expenses		1,630		1,889		4,766		5,689
Depreciation and amortization		29,154		29,905		86,263		83,763
Interest expense		31,059		17,166		87,137		36,992
Net gain on derivative instruments		(12,180)		(20,205)		(32,110)		(49,143)
Impairment charges on real estate						45,459		
Total expenses		87,262		66,589		302,779		187,990
Other (loss) income:								
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities		(15,541)		(29,138)		(57,630)		(63,673)
Write-off of prepaid offering costs		_		_		_		(2,728)
Other interest income		140		12		250		35
Total other loss, net		(15,401)		(29,126)		(57,380)		(66,366)
Net loss	\$	(23,116)	\$	(15,496)	\$	(133,593)	\$	(21,099)
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.16)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.90)	\$	(0.14)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		149,007,610		147,247,890		148,775,325		149,647,042

### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

	Commo	on St	ock		dditional Paid-	_	Cumulative vistributions in Excess of Net		Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amounts		in Capital		Income			Equity Equity	
Balance, June 30, 2023	148,864,885	\$	1,489	\$	1,275,814	\$	(1,000,316)	\$	276,987	
Net loss	_		_		_		(23,116)		(23,116)	
Issuance of common stock	255,509		3		2,180		_		2,183	
Transfers from redeemable common stock	_		_		1,123		_		1,123	
Redemptions of common stock	(367,467)		(5)		(3,302)		_		(3,307)	
Other offering costs					(3)				(3)	
Balance, September 30, 2023	148,752,927	\$	1,487	\$	1,275,812	\$	(1,023,432)	\$	253,867	

	Commo	n Stock	Additional Paid-	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Net	Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amounts	in Capital	Income	Equity	
Balance, June 30, 2022	147,273,576	\$ 1,473	\$ 1,275,423	\$ (754,686)	\$ 522,210	
Net loss	_	_	_	(15,496)	(15,496)	
Issuance of common stock	878,188	9	8,983	_	8,992	
Transfers from redeemable common stock	_	_	1,388	_	1,388	
Redemptions of common stock	(948,155)	(9)	(9,937)	_	(9,946)	
Distributions declared	_	_	_	(22,017)	(22,017)	
Other offering costs			(8)		(8)	
Balance, September 30, 2022	147,203,609	\$ 1,473	\$ 1,275,849	\$ (792,199)	\$ 485,123	

### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

	Commo	Common Stock				Cumulative Distributions in Excess of			Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amounts		Additional Paid- in Capital			Net Income	Equity		
Balance, December 31, 2022	147,964,954	\$	1,480	\$	1,275,833	\$	(855,645)	\$	421,668	
Net loss	_		_		_		(133,593)		(133,593)	
Issuance of common stock	1,900,374		19		16,229		_		16,248	
Transfers to redeemable common stock	_		_		(6,241)		_		(6,241)	
Redemptions of common stock	(1,112,401)		(12)		(10,000)		_		(10,012)	
Distributions declared	_		_		_		(34,194)		(34,194)	
Other offering costs			_		(9)				(9)	
Balance, September 30, 2023	148,752,927	\$	1,487	\$	1,275,812	\$	(1,023,432)	\$	253,867	

	Common Stock				dditional Paid-	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of			Total Stockholders'	
	Shares		Amounts		in Capital	Net Income			Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2021	153,150,766	\$	1,532	\$	1,322,613	\$	(703,952)	\$	620,193	
Net loss	_		_		_		(21,099)		(21,099)	
Issuance of common stock	2,382,581		24		24,373		_		24,397	
Transfers from redeemable common stock	_		_		15,356		_		15,356	
Redemptions of common stock	(8,329,738)		(83)		(86,484)		_		(86,567)	
Distributions declared	_		_		_		(67,148)		(67,148)	
Other offering costs		_	_		(9)				(9)	
Balance, September 30, 2022	147,203,609	\$	1,473	\$	1,275,849	\$	(792,199)	\$	485,123	

### **Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)**

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited) (in thousands)

	Ni	Nine Months Ended Septemb				
		2023		2022		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Net loss	\$	(133,593)	\$	(21,099)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		86,263		83,763		
Impairment charges on real estate		45,459		_		
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities		57,630		63,673		
Deferred rents		(5,842)		(7,230		
Amortization of above- and below-market leases, net		(593)		(1,050		
Amortization of deferred financing costs		3,085		2,898		
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments		(9,248)		(54,578		
Write-off of prepaid offering costs		_		2,728		
Interest rate swap settlements for off-market swap instruments		(8,104)		248		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Rents and other receivables		(2,674)		1,218		
Due from affiliate		10		343		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(12,416)		(13,320		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,926		(3,045		
Due to affiliate		5,312		1,274		
Other liabilities		7,977		2,940		
Net cash provided by operating activities		37,192		58,763		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Improvements to real estate		(63,188)		(83,230		
Purchase of interest rate cap		(25)		_		
Net cash used in investing activities		(63,213)		(83,230		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:						
Proceeds from notes payable		46,820		236,618		
Principal payments on notes payable		(1,356)		(82,575		
Payments of deferred financing costs		(628)		(1,062		
Interest rate swap settlements for off-market swap instruments		7,820		(834		
Payments to redeem common stock		(10,012)		(86,567		
Payments of prepaid other offering costs		_		(110		
Payments of other offering costs		(9)		(9		
Distributions paid to common stockholders		(25,320)		(43,150		
Net cash provided by financing activities		17,315		22,311		
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(8,706)		(2,156		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period		53,837		46,436		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	45,131	\$	44,280		
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:						
Interest paid	\$	67,995	\$	37,814		
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Distributions payable	\$		\$	7,336		
Distributions paid to common stockholders through common stock issuances pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan	\$	16,248	\$	24,397		
Redeemable common stock payable	\$		\$	11,109		
Accrued improvements to real estate	\$	15,650	\$	23,230		
Accrued interest rate swap settlements related to off-market swap instruments	\$	(999)	\$	(327		

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION

KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. (the "Company") was formed on December 22, 2009 as a Maryland corporation that elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011 and it intends to continue to operate in such manner. Substantially all of the Company's business is conducted through KBS Limited Partnership III (the "Operating Partnership"), a Delaware limited partnership. The Company is the sole general partner of and owns a 0.1% partnership interest in the Operating Partnership. KBS REIT Holdings III LLC ("REIT Holdings III"), the limited partner of the Operating Partnership, owns the remaining 99.9% interest in the Operating Partnership and is its sole limited partner. The Company is the sole member and manager of REIT Holdings III.

Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, the business of the Company is externally managed by KBS Capital Advisors LLC (the "Advisor"), an affiliate of the Company, pursuant to an advisory agreement the Company entered into with the Advisor (the "Advisory Agreement"). On January 26, 2010, the Company issued 20,000 shares of its common stock to the Advisor at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share. As of September 30, 2023, the Advisor owned 20,857 shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company owns a diverse portfolio of real estate investments. As of September 30, 2023, the Company owned 16 office properties, one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of Prime US REIT, a Singapore real estate investment trust (the "SREIT").

The Company commenced its initial public offering (the "Offering") on October 26, 2010. Upon commencing the Offering, the Company retained KBS Capital Markets Group LLC (the "Dealer Manager"), an affiliate of the Company, to serve as the dealer manager of the Offering pursuant to a dealer manager agreement, as amended and restated (the "Dealer Manager Agreement"). The Company ceased offering shares of common stock in the primary Offering on May 29, 2015 and terminated the primary Offering on July 28, 2015.

The Company sold 169,006,162 shares of common stock in the primary Offering for gross proceeds of \$1.7 billion. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had also sold 46,154,757 shares of common stock under its dividend reinvestment plan for gross offering proceeds of \$471.3 million. Also as of September 30, 2023, the Company had redeemed or repurchased 74,407,668 shares sold in the Offering for \$787.1 million.

Additionally, on October 3, 2014, the Company issued 258,462 shares of common stock for \$2.4 million in private transactions exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

The Company continues to offer shares of common stock under its dividend reinvestment plan. In some states, the Company will need to renew the registration statement annually or file a new registration statement to continue its dividend reinvestment plan offering. The Company may terminate its dividend reinvestment plan offering at any time.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no significant changes to the Company's accounting policies since it filed its audited financial statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. For further information about the Company's accounting policies, refer to the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2022 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

#### **Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and condensed notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information as contained within the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") and the rules and regulations of the SEC, including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, the financial statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair and consistent presentation of the results for such periods. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, REIT Holdings III, the Operating Partnership and their direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Liquidity

The Company generally finances its real estate investments using notes payable that are typically structured as nonrecourse secured mortgages with maturities of approximately three to five years, with short-term extension options available upon the Company meeting certain debt covenants. Each reporting period, management evaluates the Company's ability to continue as a going concern by evaluating conditions and events, including assessing the Company's liquidity needs in order to satisfy upcoming debt obligations and the Company's ability to satisfy debt covenant requirements. Through the normal course of operations, the Company has \$1.7 billion of notes payable maturing over the 12-month period commencing October 1, 2023. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of issuance of these financial statements. Certain loans have available extension options beyond the next 12 months, subject to terms and conditions specified in the respective loan documents, including loan-to-value, debt service coverage or other requirements. In order to satisfy these debt obligations as they mature, management and the board of directors will evaluate the Company's options and may seek to utilize the extension options available in the respective loan agreements, may have to make partial loan paydowns to meet extension test requirements, may agree to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount, will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may be required to sell real estate assets or equity securities to make loan paydowns to meet extension tests and may defer noncontractual expenditures or further suspend or cease distributions and redemptions. Additionally, the Company anticipates it may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. Historically, the Company has successfully refinanced its debt instruments or utilized extension options in order to satisfy debt obligations as they come due and has not yet relinquished ownership of a secured property to a lender; however, the Company may utilize such option if necessary. However, there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's plans to be effectively implemented within one year from the date the financial statements are issued, as certain elements of management's plans are outside the control of the Company, including its ability to sell assets or successfully refinance or restructure certain of its debt instruments. As a result of the Company's upcoming loan maturities, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment, the current interest rate environment, leasing challenges in certain markets where the Company owns properties and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans cannot be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. See Note 6, "Notes Payable" for further information regarding the Company's notes payable.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and condensed notes thereto in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and condensed notes. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

#### Per Share Data

Basic net income (loss) per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding during such period. Diluted net income (loss) per share of common stock equals basic net income (loss) per share of common stock as there were no potentially dilutive securities outstanding during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Distributions declared per common share were \$0.230 in the aggregate for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. No distributions were declared for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Distributions declared per common share were \$0.150 and \$0.448 in the aggregate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Distributions declared per common share assumes each share was issued and outstanding each day that was a record date for distributions and were based on a monthly record date for each month during the periods commencing January 2022 through September 2022 and January 2023 through June 2023. For each monthly record date for distributions during the period from January 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, distributions were calculated at a rate of \$0.04983333 per share. For each monthly record date for distributions during the period from January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023, distributions were calculated at a rate of \$0.03833333 per share.

#### **Segments**

The Company has invested in core real estate properties and real estate-related investments with the goal of acquiring a portfolio of income-producing investments. The Company's real estate properties exhibit similar long-term financial performance and have similar economic characteristics to each other. Accordingly, the Company aggregated its investments in real estate properties into one reportable business segment.

### **Square Footage, Occupancy and Other Measures**

Square footage, occupancy, number of tenants and other measures, including annualized base rent and annualized base rent per square foot, used to describe real estate investments included in these condensed notes to the consolidated financial statements are unaudited and outside the scope of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm's review of the Company's financial statements in accordance with the standards of the United States Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards Update**

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting ("ASU No. 2020-04") to provide temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the guidance in GAAP on contract modifications and hedge accounting to ease the financial reporting burdens related to the expected market transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates, such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). Modified contracts that meet the following criteria are eligible for relief from the modification accounting requirements under GAAP: (1) the contract references LIBOR or another rate that is expected to be discontinued due to reference rate reform, (2) the modified terms directly replace or have the potential to replace the reference rate that is expected to be discontinued due to reference rate reform, and (3) any contemporaneous changes to other terms (i.e., those that do not directly replace or have the potential to replace the reference rate) that change or have the potential to change the amount and timing of contractual cash flows must be related to the replacement of the reference rate. For a contract that meets the criteria, the guidance generally allows an entity to account for and present modifications as an event that does not require contract remeasurement at the modification date or reassessment of a previous accounting determination. That is, the modified contract is accounted for as a continuation of the existing contract. In addition, ASU No. 2020-04 provides various optional expedients for hedging relationships affected by reference rate reform, if certain criteria are met. The amendments in ASU No. 2020-04 are effective for all entities as of March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-06, to extend the temporary accounting relief provided under ASU No. 2020-04 to December 31, 2024. An entity may elect to apply the amendments for contract modifications by Topic or Industry Subtopic as of any date from the beginning of an interim period that includes or is subsequent to March 12, 2020, or prospectively from a date within an interim period that includes or is subsequent to March 12, 2020, up to the date that the financial statements are available to be issued. Once elected for a Topic or an Industry Subtopic, the amendments in this update must be applied prospectively for all eligible contract modifications for that Topic or Industry Subtopic. An entity may elect to apply the amendments in ASU No. 2020-04 to eligible hedging relationships existing as of the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020 and to new eligible hedging relationships entered into after the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020.

For eligible contract modifications that were modified from LIBOR to SOFR, the Company adopted the temporary optional expedients described in ASU No. 2020-04. The optional expedients for hedging relationships described in ASU No. 2020-04 are not expected to have an impact to the Company as the Company has elected not to designate its derivative instruments as a hedge.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 3. REAL ESTATE

As of September 30, 2023, the Company's real estate portfolio was composed of 16 office properties and one mixed-use office/retail property encompassing in the aggregate approximately 7.3 million rentable square feet. As of September 30, 2023, the Company's real estate portfolio was collectively 83.0% occupied. The following table summarizes the Company's investments in real estate as of September 30, 2023 (in thousands):

Property	Date Acquired	City	State	Property Type	Total Real Estate, at Cost (1)	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization (1)	Total Real Estate, Net (1)
Town Center	03/27/2012	Plano	TX	Office	\$ 141,199	\$ (50,707)	\$ 90,492
McEwen Building	04/30/2012	Franklin	TN	Office	40,012	(11,478)	28,534
Gateway Tech Center	05/09/2012	Salt Lake City	UT	Office	36,048	(11,787)	24,261
60 South Sixth	01/31/2013	Minneapolis	MN	Office	183,897	(55,896)	128,001
Preston Commons	06/19/2013	Dallas	TX	Office	144,845	(40,325)	104,520
Sterling Plaza	06/19/2013	Dallas	TX	Office	94,041	(29,555)	64,486
201 Spear Street	12/03/2013	San Francisco	CA	Office	70,345	(852)	69,493
Accenture Tower	12/16/2013	Chicago	IL	Office	563,307	(157,722)	405,585
Ten Almaden	12/05/2014	San Jose	CA	Office	131,365	(39,368)	91,997
Towers at Emeryville	12/23/2014	Emeryville	CA	Office	222,916	(63,592)	159,324
3003 Washington Boulevard	12/30/2014	Arlington	VA	Office	154,916	(44,711)	110,205
Park Place Village	06/18/2015	Leawood	KS	Office/Retail	85,900	(12,712)	73,188
201 17th Street	06/23/2015	Atlanta	GA	Office	104,917	(32,520)	72,397
515 Congress	08/31/2015	Austin	TX	Office	135,260	(34,263)	100,997
The Almaden	09/23/2015	San Jose	CA	Office	195,222	(49,852)	145,370
3001 Washington Boulevard	11/06/2015	Arlington	VA	Office	60,971	(14,241)	46,730
Carillon	01/15/2016	Charlotte	NC	Office	175,310	(42,021)	133,289
					\$ 2,540,471	\$ (691,602)	\$ 1,848,869

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts presented are net of impairment charges and write-offs of fully depreciated/amortized assets.

As of September 30, 2023, the following property represented more than 10% of the Company's total assets:

Property	Location	Rentable Square Feet	]	Total Real Estate, Net 1 thousands)	Percentage of Total Assets	ualized Base Rent housands) (1)	 Average nualized Base ent per sq. ft.	Occupancy
Accenture Tower	Chicago, IL	1,457,724	\$	405,585	18.9 %	\$ 37,580	\$ 27.65	93.2 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Annualized base rent represents annualized contractual base rental income as of September 30, 2023, adjusted to straight-line any contractual tenant concessions (including free rent), rent increases and rent decreases from the lease's inception through the balance of the lease term.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

#### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 3. REAL ESTATE (CONTINUED)

#### **Operating Leases**

The Company's office and office/retail properties are leased to tenants under operating leases for which the terms and expirations vary. As of September 30, 2023, the leases, including leases that have been executed but not yet commenced, had remaining terms, excluding options to extend, of up to 15.8 years with a weighted-average remaining term of 5.7 years. Some of the leases have provisions to extend the term of the leases, options for early termination for all or a part of the leased premises after paying a specified penalty, and other terms and conditions as negotiated. The Company retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the real estate assets leased to tenants. Generally, upon the execution of a lease, the Company requires a security deposit from the tenant in the form of a cash deposit and/or a letter of credit. The amount required as a security deposit varies depending upon the terms of the respective lease and the creditworthiness of the tenant, but generally is not a significant amount. Therefore, exposure to credit risk exists to the extent that a receivable from a tenant exceeds the amount of its security deposit. Security deposits received in cash related to tenant leases are included in other liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and totaled \$10.0 million and \$9.3 million as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized deferred rent from tenants of \$5.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the cumulative deferred rent balance was \$93.9 million and \$89.9 million, respectively, and is included in rents and other receivables on the accompanying balance sheets. The cumulative deferred rent balance included \$16.9 million and \$17.3 million of unamortized lease incentives as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

As of September 30, 2023, the future minimum rental income from the Company's properties under its non-cancelable operating leases was as follows (in thousands):

October 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023	\$ 51,426
2024	199,479
2025	185,827
2026	168,313
2027	142,329
Thereafter	 559,908
	\$ 1,307,282

As of September 30, 2023, the Company's office and office/retail properties were leased to approximately 530 tenants over a diverse range of industries and geographic areas. The Company's highest tenant industry concentrations (greater than 10% of annualized base rent) were as follows:

Industry	Number of Tenants	ized Base Rent <sup>(1)</sup> thousands)	Percentage of Annualized Base Rent
Finance	107	\$ 38,108	18.3 %
Legal Services	53	24,032	11.5 %
		\$ 62,140	29.8 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Annualized base rent represents annualized contractual base rental income as of September 30, 2023, adjusted to straight-line any contractual tenant concessions (including free rent), rent increases and rent decreases from the lease's inception through the balance of the lease term.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 3. REAL ESTATE (CONTINUED)

As of September 30, 2023, no other tenant industries accounted for more than 10% of annualized base rent and no tenant accounted for more than 10% of annualized base rent.

#### **Geographic Concentration Risk**

As of September 30, 2023, the Company's net investments in real estate in California, Illinois and Texas represented 21.7%, 18.9% and 16.8% of the Company's total assets, respectively. As a result, the geographic concentration of the Company's portfolio makes it particularly susceptible to adverse economic developments in the California, Illinois and Texas real estate markets. Any adverse economic or real estate developments in these markets, such as business layoffs or downsizing, industry slowdowns, relocations of businesses, changing demographics and other factors, or any decrease in demand for office space resulting from the local business climate, could adversely affect the Company's operating results and its ability to pay distributions to stockholders.

#### **Impairment of Real Estate**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$45.5 million to write down the carrying value of 201 Spear Street (located in San Francisco, California) to its estimated fair value as a result of continued market uncertainty due to rising interest rates, increased vacancy rates as a result of slow return to office in San Francisco, additional projected vacancy due to anticipated tenant turnover and further declining values of comparable sales in the market, all of which impacted ongoing cash flow estimates and leasing projections, which resulted in the future estimated undiscounted cash flows to be lower than the net carrying value of the property. As of September 30, 2023, 201 Spear Street was 64.5% occupied. The Company is projecting longer lease-up periods for the vacant space, and increased tenant turnover for currently occupied space, as demand for office space in San Francisco has significantly declined as a result of the continued work-from-home arrangements, which increased due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and due to the economic slowdown and the current rising interest rate environment. The Company did not record any non-cash impairment charges during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

### 4. TENANT ORIGINATION AND ABSORPTION COSTS, ABOVE-MARKET LEASE ASSETS AND BELOW-MARKET LEASE LIABILITIES

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's tenant origination and absorption costs, above-market lease assets and below-market lease liabilities (excluding fully amortized assets and liabilities and accumulated amortization) were as follows (in thousands):

		Tenant Orig Absorpti			Above- Lease			Below-Market Lease Liabilities					
	September 30, 2023		De	December 31, 2022		ptember 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022	Se	September 30, 2023		ecember 31, 2022	
Cost	\$	38,670	\$	42,555	\$	904	\$	983	\$	(7,534)	\$	(8,384)	
Accumulated Amortization		(28,635)		(29,524)		(697)		(721)		6,271		6,473	
Net Amount	\$	10,035	\$	13,031	\$	207	\$	262	\$	(1,263)	\$	(1,911)	

Increases (decreases) in net income as a result of amortization of the Company's tenant origination and absorption costs, above-market lease assets and below-market lease liabilities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

	Tenant Orig Absorpti			Market Assets	Below-Market Lease Liabilities					
	For the Three Septem			Months Ended aber 30,	For the Three Months Ende September 30,					
	2023	2022	2023			2022				
Amortization	\$ (947)	\$ (1,332)	\$ (18)	\$ (21)	\$ 201	\$ 284				
	Tenant Orig Absorpti			Market Assets		Market iabilities				
	For the Nine M Septem			Months Ended ober 30,		Months Ended aber 30,				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022				
Amortization	\$ (2,996)	\$ (4,570)	\$ (55)	\$ (66)	\$ 648	\$ 1,116				

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 5. REAL ESTATE EQUITY SECURITIES

#### **Investment in Prime US REIT**

In connection with the Company's sale of 11 properties to the SREIT on July 18, 2019 (the "Singapore Portfolio"), on July 19, 2019, the Company, through an indirect wholly owned subsidiary ("REIT Properties III"), acquired 307,953,999 units in the SREIT at a price of \$271.0 million, or \$0.88 per unit, representing a 33.3% ownership interest in the SREIT (such transactions, the "Singapore Transaction"). On August 21, 2019, REIT Properties III sold 18,392,100 of its units in the SREIT for \$16.2 million pursuant to an over-allotment option granted to the underwriters of the SREIT's offering, reducing REIT Properties III's ownership in the SREIT to 31.3% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. On November 9, 2021, REIT Properties III sold 73,720,000 of its units in the SREIT for \$58.9 million, net of fees and costs, reducing REIT Properties III's ownership in the SREIT to 18.5% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. As of September 30, 2023, REIT Properties III held 215,841,899 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT. As of September 30, 2023, the aggregate book value and fair value of the Company's investment in the units of the SREIT was \$29.8 million, which was based on the closing price of the SREIT units on the SGX-ST of \$0.138 per unit as of September 30, 2023.

On November 9, 2021, upon the Company's sale of 73,720,000 units in the SREIT, the Company determined that based on its ownership interest of 18.5% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date, it no longer had significant influence over the operations, financial policies and decision making with respect to the SREIT. Accordingly, effective November 9, 2021, the Company's investment in the units of the SREIT represent an investment in marketable securities and is therefore presented at fair value at each reporting date based on the closing price of the SREIT units on the SGX-ST on that date and dividend income is recognized as it is declared based on eligible units as of the ex-dividend date.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recognized \$5.3 million and \$11.9 million of dividend income from its investment in the SREIT, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized \$7.6 million and \$14.9 million of dividend income from its investment in the SREIT, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$15.5 million and \$57.6 million, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$29.1 million and \$63.7 million, respectively.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

#### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

#### CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 6. NOTES PAYABLE

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's notes payable consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Book Value as of September 30, 202	3	Book Value as of December 31, 2022	Contractual Interest Rate as of September 30, 2023 (1)	Effective Interest Rate as of September 30, 2023 (1)	Payment Type	Maturity Date <sup>(2)</sup>
The Almaden Mortgage Loan (3)	\$ 123,00	) !	\$ 123,000	3.65%	3.65%	Interest Only	12/01/2023
201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan (4)	125,00	)	125,000	One-month Term SOFR + 1.45%	6.77%	Interest Only	01/05/2024
Carillon Mortgage Loan (5)	88,80	)	88,800	One-month Term SOFR +1.50%	6.82%	Interest Only	04/11/2024
Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility (6)	249,14	5	249,145	One-month Term SOFR + 1.60%	6.92%	Interest Only	03/01/2024
3001 & 3003 Washington Mortgage Loan	140,87	5	142,232	One-month Term SOFR + 0.10% + 1.45%	6.87%	Principal & Interest	06/01/2024
Accenture Tower Revolving Loan (7)	281,25	)	281,250	One-month Term SOFR + 2.35%	7.67%	Interest Only	11/02/2023
Unsecured Credit Facility (8)	37,50	)	37,500	One-month Term SOFR + 2.20%	7.52%	Interest Only	07/30/2024
Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility	606,28	3	559,468	+1.80%	7.19%	Interest Only	11/03/2023
Park Place Village Mortgage Loan (11)	65,00	)	65,000	One-month Term SOFR + 1.95%	7.27%	Interest Only	08/31/2025
Total notes payable principal outstanding	\$ 1,716,85	9 5	\$ 1,671,395				
Deferred financing costs, net	(1,61	5)	(4,107)				
Total Notes Payable, net	\$ 1,715,24	3 5	\$ 1,667,288				

<sup>(1)</sup> Contractual interest rate represents the interest rate in effect under the loan as of September 30, 2023. Effective interest rate is calculated as the actual interest rate in effect as of September 30, 2023, consisting of the contractual interest rate and using interest rate indices as of September 30, 2023, where applicable. For information regarding the Company's derivative instruments, see Note 7, "Derivative Instruments."

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the maturity date as of September 30, 2023; subject to certain conditions, the maturity dates of certain loans may be extended beyond the dates shown. See below.

<sup>(3)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, The Almaden Mortgage Loan has two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms, conditions and fees as described in the loan documents. The Almaden Mortgage Loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.65% for the initial term of the loan and a floating rate of 350 basis points over one-month LIBOR during the extension options, subject to a minimum interest rate of 3.65%. Pursuant to the loan documents, the Almaden Mortgage Loan includes provisions for a LIBOR successor rate in the event LIBOR is unascertainable or ceases to be available.

<sup>(4)</sup> As a result of the borrower's failure to pay in full the entire November 2023 monthly interest payment under the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan on the due date, on November 9, 2023, the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan lender notified the borrower that if such amount is not paid by November 14, 2023, then the borrower will be in default under the loan. The borrower does not expect to make the full interest payment by this date, and as a result, will likely default on the loan. If the borrower defaults, interest on the loan will accrue at the default rate and additional daily or late charges will apply.

<sup>(5)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing capacity under the Carillon Mortgage Loan was \$111.0 million, of which \$88.8 million is term debt and \$22.2 million is revolving debt. As of September 30, 2023, the outstanding balance under the loan consisted of \$88.8 million of term debt. As of September 30, 2023, \$22.2 million of revolving debt remained available for future disbursements, subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the loan documents. As of September 30, 2023, the Carillon Mortgage Loan has one 24-month extension option, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents.

<sup>(6)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility was secured by 515 Congress, the McEwen Building, Gateway Tech Center and 201 17th Street. As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing capacity under the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility was \$249.2 million, of which \$124.6 million is term debt and \$124.6 million is revolving debt. As of September 30, 2023, the outstanding balance under the loan consisted of \$124.6 million of term debt and \$124.6 million of revolving debt. As of September 30, 2023, the Modified Portfolio Revolving Loan Facility has one 12-month extension option, subject to certain terms, conditions and fees as described in the loan documents.

<sup>(7)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the outstanding balance under the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan consisted of \$281.3 million of term debt and an additional \$93.7 million of revolving debt remained available for future disbursements, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. As of September 30, 2023, the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan has two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, the Company entered into a second modification agreement with the lenders under the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan and extended the maturity date to December 4, 2023, among other modifications. See Note 11, "Subsequent Events – Accenture Tower Revolving Loan."

<sup>(8)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing capacity under the Unsecured Credit Facility was \$75.0 million, of which \$37.5 million is term debt and \$37.5 million is revolving debt. As of September 30, 2023, the outstanding balance under the Unsecured Credit Facility consisted of \$37.5 million of term debt and an additional \$37.5 million of revolving debt remained available for future disbursements, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents.

<sup>(9)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was secured by 60 South Sixth, Preston Commons, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center. As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing capacity under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was \$613.2 million, of which \$459.9 million is term debt and \$153.3 million is revolving debt. As of September 30, 2023, the Company determined it did not meet the debt service coverage ratio required under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility. Pursuant to the terms of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, the Company is required to notify the lenders by November 29, 2023. At such time, the Company would have 30 days from receipt of notice from the lenders to make a principal paydown of up to \$29.7 million. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, the Company entered into a loan modification and extension agreement with the lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and extended the maturity date to November 17, 2023, among other modifications. See Note 11, "Subsequent Events – Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility."

<sup>(10)</sup> Bloomberg Short-Term Bank Yield Index ("BSBY")

<sup>(11)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the Park Place Village Mortgage Loan has two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms, conditions and fees as described in the loan documents. Monthly payments are interest only during the initial term and the first extension option. During the second extension option, certain future monthly payments due under the Park Place Village Mortgage Loan also include amortizing principal payments.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 6. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Through the normal course of operations, the Company has \$1.7 billion of notes payable maturing over the 12-month period commencing October 1, 2023. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of these financial statements. The maturity dates of certain notes payable may be extended beyond their current maturity dates; however, the extension options are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than the Company's current loan compliance tests, including loan-to-value, debt service coverage or other requirements. In order to satisfy these debt obligations as they mature, management and the board of directors will evaluate the Company's options and may seek to utilize the extension options available in the respective loan agreements, may have to make partial loan paydowns to meet extension test requirements, may agree to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount, will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may be required to sell real estate assets or equity securities to make loan paydowns to meet extension tests and may defer noncontractual expenditures or further suspend or cease distributions and redemptions. Additionally, the Company anticipates it may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. Such actions would reduce the Company's liquidity. Additionally, continued increases in interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on the Company's ability to meet loan compliance tests and may further reduce the available liquidity under the Company's loan agreements. See also, Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies — Liquidity."

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company's interest expense related to notes payable was \$31.1 million and \$87.1 million, respectively, and during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company's interest expense related to notes payable was \$17.2 million and \$37.0 million, respectively, which excludes the impact of interest rate swaps and caps put in place to mitigate the Company's exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate notes payable. See Note 7, "Derivative Instruments." Included in interest expense was the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$1.0 million and \$3.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$1.0 million and \$2.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, \$9.8 million and \$8.0 million of interest expense were payable, respectively.

The following is a schedule of maturities, including principal amortization payments, for all notes payable outstanding as of September 30, 2023 (in thousands):

October 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023	\$ 1,011,004
2024	640,855
2025	65,000
2026	_
2027	_
Thereafter	
	\$ 1,716,859

The Company's notes payable contain financial debt covenants. Except as disclosed in footnote 9 above with respect to the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, as of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with these debt covenants. See also footnote 4 above with respect to the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company enters into derivative instruments for risk management purposes to hedge its exposure to cash flow variability caused by changing interest rates. The primary goal of the Company's risk management practices related to interest rate risk is to prevent changes in interest rates from adversely impacting the Company's ability to achieve its investment return objectives. The Company does not enter into derivatives for speculative purposes.

The Company enters into interest rate swaps as a fixed rate payer to mitigate its exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate notes payable. The value of interest rate swaps is primarily impacted by interest rates, market expectations about interest rates, and the remaining life of the instrument. In general, increases in interest rates, or anticipated increases in interest rates, will increase the value of the fixed rate payer position and decrease the value of the variable rate payer position. As the remaining life of the interest rate swap decreases, the value of both positions will generally move towards zero.

The Company enters into interest rate caps to mitigate its exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate notes payable. The values of interest rate caps are primarily impacted by interest rates, market expectations about interest rates, and the remaining life of the instrument. In general, increases in interest rates, or anticipated increases in interest rates, will increase the value of interest rate caps. As the remaining life of an interest rate cap decreases, the value of the instrument will generally decrease towards zero.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company has entered into 19 interest rate swaps and one interest rate cap, which were not designated as hedging instruments. The following table summarizes the notional amount and other information related to the Company's interest rate swaps and interest rate cap as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The notional amount is an indication of the extent of the Company's involvement in each instrument at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks (dollars in thousands):

	September	r 30, 2023	December	r 31, 2022		Weighted-	Weighted- Average
<b>Derivative Instruments</b>	Number of Instruments	Notional Amount	Number of Instruments	Notional Amount	Reference Rate as of September 30, 2023	Average Fix Pay Rate	Remaining Term in Years
Derivative instruments no	t designated as	hedging instru	ments				
Interest rate swaps (1)	19	\$ 1,646,250	20	\$ 1,619,190	Fallback SOFR <sup>(2)</sup> / Fixed at 0.70% - 1.40% One-month Term SOFR/ Fixed at 2.38% - 3.92%	2.4%	1.9
Interest rate cap	1	\$ 125,000	_	s —	One-month Term SOFR at 6.49%	6.5%	0.3

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes eight forward interest rate swaps: (i) four forward interest rate swaps in the total amount of \$200.0 million became effective on November 1, 2023 and mature on February 1, 2026, (ii) one forward interest rate swap in the amount of \$100.0 million became effective on November 1, 2023 and matures on May 1, 2026, (iii) one forward interest rate swap in the amount of \$100.0 million became effective on November 1, 2023 and matures on July 1, 2026, (iv) one forward interest rate swap in the amount of \$100.0 million became effective on November 1, 2023 and matures on November 1, 2026 and (v) one forward interest rate swap in the amount of \$100.0 million will become effective on December 1, 2023 and will mature on November 1, 2026.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Upon cessation of one-month LIBOR on June 30, 2023, eight of the Company's interest rate swaps which bore interest at one-month LIBOR were automatically converted to a fallback rate ("Fallback SOFR") plus a 11.448 basis point adjustment. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had seven interest rate swaps which had been converted to Fallback SOFR with maturity dates between November 1, 2023 and January 1, 2025.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

### 7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments as well as their classification on the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (dollars in thousands):

		Septemb	er 30, 20	)23	December 31, 2022			
<b>Derivative Instruments</b>	Balance Sheet Location	Number of Instruments	Fair Value		Number of Instruments	Fa	air Value	
Derivative instruments not a	lesignated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate swaps	Prepaid expenses and other assets, at fair value (1)	19	\$	49,415	18	\$	40,216	
Interest rate swaps	Other liabilities, at fair value	_	\$		2	\$	(75)	
Interest rate cap	Prepaid expenses and other assets, at fair value	1	\$	_	_	\$		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes eight forward interest rate swaps. See footnote (1) to the table immediately above. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, prepaid expenses and other assets included a \$1.1 million and \$8.7 million asset related to the fair value of two off-market interest rate swaps determined to be hybrid financial instruments for which the Company elected to apply the fair value option, respectively.

The following table summarizes the effects of derivative instruments on the Company's consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	For the Three Septem	Months Ended ber 30,	For the Nine I Septem	Months Ended lber 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments				
Realized loss recognized on interest rate swaps	\$ —	\$ 184	\$ —	\$ 7,152
Realized gain recognized on interest rate swaps	(8,551)	(1,681)	(22,862)	(1,717)
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps (1)	(3,630)	(18,708)	(9,273)	(54,578)
Unrealized loss on interest rate cap	1		25	
Net gain on derivative instruments	\$ (12,180)	\$ (20,205)	\$ (32,110)	\$ (49,143)

<sup>(1)</sup> For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, unrealized gain on interest rate swaps included a \$3.0 million and \$7.6 million unrealized loss, respectively, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, unrealized gain on interest rate swaps included a \$2.2 million and \$11.6 million unrealized gain, respectively, in each case related to the change in fair value of two off-market interest rate swaps determined to be hybrid financial instruments for which the Company elected to apply the fair value option.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 8. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Under GAAP, the Company is required to measure certain financial instruments at fair value on a recurring basis. In addition, the Company is required to measure other non-financial and financial assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis (e.g., carrying value of impaired real estate loans receivable and long-lived assets). Fair value is defined as the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The GAAP fair value framework uses a three-tiered approach. Fair value measurements are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in
  markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which significant inputs and significant value drivers are
  observable in active markets; and
- Level 3: prices or valuation techniques where little or no market data is available that requires inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

The fair value for certain financial instruments is derived using a combination of market quotes, pricing models and other valuation techniques that involve significant management judgment. The price transparency of financial instruments is a key determinant of the degree of judgment involved in determining the fair value of the Company's financial instruments. Financial instruments for which actively quoted prices or pricing parameters are available and for which markets contain orderly transactions will generally have a higher degree of price transparency than financial instruments for which markets are inactive or consist of non-orderly trades. The Company evaluates several factors when determining if a market is inactive or when market transactions are not orderly. The following is a summary of the methods and assumptions used by management in estimating the fair value of each class of assets and liabilities for which it is practicable to estimate the fair value:

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, rent and other receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities: These balances approximate their fair values due to the short maturities of these items.

Real estate equity securities: At September 30, 2023, the Company's investment in the units of the SREIT was presented at fair value on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the units of the SREIT was based on a quoted price in an active market on a major stock exchange. The Company classifies these inputs as Level 1 inputs.

Derivative instruments: The Company's derivative instruments are presented at fair value on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The valuation of these instruments is determined using a proprietary model that utilizes observable inputs. As such, the Company classifies these inputs as Level 2 inputs. The proprietary model uses the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, as well as observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and volatility. The fair values of interest rate swaps are estimated using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted fixed cash payments and the discounted expected variable cash receipts. The variable cash receipts are based on an expectation of interest rates (forward curves) derived from observable market interest rate curves. In addition, credit valuation adjustments, which consider the impact of any credit risks to the contracts, are incorporated in the fair values to account for potential nonperformance risk. The fair value of interest rate caps (floors) are determined using the market standard methodology of discounting the future expected cash payments (receipts) which would occur if variable interest rates rise above (below) the strike rate of the caps (floors). The variable interest rates used in the calculation of projected payments (receipts) on the cap (floors) are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from observed market interest rate curves and volatilities.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 8. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Notes payable: The fair values of the Company's notes payable are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on management's estimates of current market interest rates for instruments with similar characteristics, including remaining loan term, loan-to-value ratio, type of collateral and other credit enhancements. Additionally, when determining the fair value of a liability in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability is not available, the Company measures fair value using (i) a valuation technique that uses the quoted price of the identical liability when traded as an asset or quoted prices for similar liabilities when traded as assets or (ii) another valuation technique that is consistent with the principles of fair value measurement, such as the income approach or the market approach. The Company classifies these inputs as Level 3 inputs.

The following were the face values, carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's notes payable as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, which carrying amounts generally do not approximate the fair values (in thousands):

		S	epte	mber 30, 202	23		December 31, 2022						
	1	Face Value Carrying Amount Fair Value					F	ace Value		Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
Financial liabilities:													
Notes payable	\$	1,716,859	\$	1,715,243	\$	1,656,701	\$	1,671,395	\$	1,667,288	\$	1,654,046	

Disclosure of the fair values of financial instruments is based on pertinent information available to the Company as of the period end and requires a significant amount of judgment. Low levels of transaction volume for certain financial instruments have made the estimation of fair values difficult and, therefore, both the actual results and the Company's estimate of value at a future date could be materially different.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company measured the following assets and liabilities at fair value (in thousands):

		sing						
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)			Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Recurring Basis:								
Real estate equity securities	\$ 29,786	\$	29,786	\$	_	\$	_	
Asset derivatives - interest rate swaps (1)	\$ 49,415	\$	_	\$	49,415	\$	_	
Asset derivatives - interest rate caps	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes eight forward interest rate swaps. See Note 7, "Derivative Instruments." Also includes a \$1.1 million asset related to the fair value of two offmarket interest rate swaps determined to be hybrid financial instruments for which the Company elected to apply the fair value option.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 8. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company measured the following asset at fair value on a nonrecurring basis (in thousands):

			Fair	Value M	<b>Ieasurements</b>	Using	
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Unobs	ignificant ervable Inputs (Level 3)
Nonrecurring Basis:							
Impaired real estate (1)	\$ 71,918	\$	_	\$	_	\$	71,918

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount represents the fair value for a real estate asset impacted by an impairment charge during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as of the date that the fair value measurement was made, which was June 30, 2023. The carrying value for the real estate asset measured at a reporting date other than June 30, 2023 may have subsequently increased or decreased from the fair value reflected due to activity that has occurred since the measurement date.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, one of the Company's real estate properties was measured at its estimated fair value based on a discounted cash flow approach. The significant unobservable inputs the Company used in measuring the estimated fair value of this property included a discount rate of 9.75% and a terminal cap rate of 7.75%. See Note 3, "Real Estate – Impairment of Real Estate" for further discussion of the impaired real estate property.

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into the Advisory Agreement with the Advisor and the Dealer Manager Agreement with the Dealer Manager. These agreements entitled the Advisor and/or the Dealer Manager to specified fees upon the provision of certain services with regard to the Offering and reimbursement of organization and offering costs incurred by the Advisor and the Dealer Manager on behalf of the Company and entitle the Advisor to specified fees upon the provision of certain services with regard to the investment of funds in real estate investments, the management of those investments, among other services, and the disposition of investments, as well as entitle the Advisor and/or the Dealer Manager to reimbursement of offering costs related to the dividend reinvestment plan incurred by the Advisor and the Dealer Manager on behalf of the Company and certain costs incurred by the Advisor in providing services to the Company. In addition, the Advisor is entitled to certain other fees, including an incentive fee upon achieving certain performance goals, as detailed in the Advisory Agreement. The Company has also entered into a fee reimbursement agreement with the Dealer Manager pursuant to which the Company agreed to reimburse the Dealer Manager for certain fees and expenses it incurs for administering the Company's participation in the DTCC Alternative Investment Product Platform with respect to certain accounts of the Company's investors serviced through the platform. The Advisor and Dealer Manager also serve or served as the advisor and dealer manager, respectively, for KBS Real Estate Investment Trust II, Inc. ("KBS REIT II") (liquidated May 2023) and KBS Growth & Income REIT, Inc. ("KBS Growth & Income REIT").

As of January 1, 2022, the Company, together with KBS REIT II, KBS Growth & Income REIT, the Dealer Manager, the Advisor and other KBS-affiliated entities, had entered into an errors and omissions and directors and officers liability insurance program where the lower tiers of such insurance coverage were shared. The cost of these lower tiers is allocated by the Advisor and its insurance broker among each of the various entities covered by the program, and is billed directly to each entity. In June 2023, the Company renewed its participation in the program, and the program is effective through June 30, 2024. At renewal on June 30, 2022, due to its liquidation, KBS REIT II elected to cease participation in the program and obtained separate insurance coverage. At renewal on June 30, 2023, due to its liquidation, KBS Growth & Income REIT elected to cease participation in the program and obtained separate insurance coverage.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, summarized below are the related-party costs incurred by the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and any related amounts receivable and payable as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (in thousands):

		Incu	irred	l	Incurred			d		Receiva	ble a	as of	Payable as of			
	7	Three Moi Septen				Nine Mont Septem			Sep	otember 30,	December 31,		September 30,		December 31,	
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Expensed																
Asset management fees (1)	\$	5,268	\$	5,091	\$	15,542	\$	14,952	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,383	\$	10,191
Reimbursement of operating expenses (2)		79		53		273		245		_		10		294		174
	\$	5,347	\$	5,144	\$	15,815	\$	15,197	\$		\$	10	\$	15,677	\$	10,365

<sup>(1)</sup> See "Asset Management Fees" below.

In connection with the Offering, Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber agreed to provide additional indemnification to one of the participating broker-dealers. The Company agreed to add supplemental coverage to its directors' and officers' insurance coverage to insure Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber's obligations under this indemnification agreement in exchange for reimbursement by Messrs. Bren, Hall, McMillan and Schreiber to the Company for all costs, expenses and premiums related to this supplemental coverage. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Advisor incurred \$72,000 and \$79,000, respectively, for the costs of the supplemental coverage obtained by the Company.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reimbursable operating expenses primarily consists of internal audit personnel costs, accounting software costs and cybersecurity related expenses incurred by the Advisor under the Advisory Agreement. The Company has reimbursed the Advisor for the Company's allocable portion of the salaries, benefits and overhead of internal audit department personnel providing services to the Company. These amounts totaled \$30,000 and \$86,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$48,000 and \$150,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and were the only type of employee costs reimbursed under the Advisory Agreement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company currently does not reimburse for employee costs in connection with services for which the Advisor erans acquisition or origination fees or disposition fees (other than reimbursement of travel and communication expenses) and other than future payments pursuant to the Bonus Retention Fund (see below, "-Asset Management Fees"), the Company does not reimburse the Advisor for the salaries or benefits the Advisor or its affiliates may pay to the Company's executive officers and affiliated directors. In addition to the amounts above, the Company reimburses the Advisor for certain of the Company's direct costs incurred from third parties that were initially paid by the Advisor on behalf of the Company. As of December 31, 2021, the Company was charged \$0.8 million by certain vendors for services for which the Company believes it was either overcharged or which were never performed. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company incurred \$1.6 million of legal and accounting costs related to the investigation of this matter. The Advisor agreed to reimburse the Company for any amounts inappropriately charged to the Company for these vendor services, including legal and accounting costs incurred related to the investigation of this matter. As of S

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Asset Management Fees**

For asset management services, the Company pays the Advisor a monthly fee. With respect to investments in real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee equal to one-twelfth of 0.75% of the amount paid or allocated to acquire the investment, plus the cost of any subsequent development, construction or improvements to the property. This amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition expenses related thereto (but excludes acquisition fees paid or payable to the Advisor). In the case of investments made through joint ventures, the asset management fee is determined based on the Company's proportionate share of the underlying investment (but excluding acquisition fees paid or payable to the Advisor). With respect to investments in loans and any investments other than real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee calculated, each month, as one-twelfth of 0.75% of the lesser of (i) the amount actually paid or allocated to acquire or fund the loan or other investment (which amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition or origination expenses related thereto, but is exclusive of acquisition or origination fees paid or payable to the Advisor) and (ii) the outstanding principal amount of such loan or other investment, plus the acquisition or origination expenses related to the acquisition or funding of such investment (excluding acquisition or origination fees paid or payable to the Advisor), as of the time of calculation. The Company currently does not pay any asset management fees in connection with the Company's investment in the equity securities of the SREIT.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, on November 8, 2022, the Company and the Advisor amended the advisory agreement and commencing with asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022, the Company pays \$1.15 million of the monthly asset management fee to the Advisor in cash and the Company deposits the remainder of the monthly asset management fee into an interest bearing account in the Company's name, which amounts will be paid to the Advisor from such account solely as reimbursement for payments made by the Advisor pursuant to the Advisor's employee retention program (such account, the "Bonus Retention Fund"). The Bonus Retention Fund was established in order to incentivize and retain key employees of the Advisor. The Company will be deemed to have fully funded the Bonus Retention Fund once the Company has deposited \$8.5 million in cash into such account, at which time the monthly asset management fee will be payable in full to the Advisor. The Advisor has acknowledged and agreed that payments by the Advisor to employees under the Advisor's employee retention program that are reimbursed by the Company from the Bonus Retention Fund will be conditioned on (a) the Company's liquidation and dissolution; (b) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of the Company in which (i) the Company is not the surviving entity and (ii) the Advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; (c) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; (d) the non-renewal or termination of the Advisory Agreement without cause; or (e) the termination of the employee without cause. To the extent the Bonus Retention Fund is not fully paid out to employees as set forth above, the Advisory Agreement provides that the residual amount will be deemed additional Deferred Asset Management Fees (defined below) and be treated in accordance with the provisions for payment of Deferred Asset Management Fees. Two of the Company's executive officers, Jeff Waldvogel and Stacie Yamane, and one of the Company's directors, Marc DeLuca, participate in and have been allocated awards under the Advisor's employee retention program, which awards would only be paid as set forth above. As of September 30, 2023, the Company has deposited \$6.9 million of restricted cash into the Bonus Retention Fund and the Company had not made any payments to the Advisor from the Bonus Retention Fund.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

### KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Prior to amending the Advisory Agreement in November 2022, the prior advisory agreement had provided that with respect to asset management fees accruing from March 1, 2014, the Advisor would defer, without interest, the Company's obligation to pay asset management fees for any month in which the Company's modified funds from operations ("MFFO") for such month, as such term is defined in the practice guideline issued by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA") in November 2010 and interpreted by the Company, excluding asset management fees, did not exceed the amount of distributions declared by the Company for record dates of that month. The Company remained obligated to pay the Advisor an asset management fee in any month in which the Company's MFFO, excluding asset management fees, for such month exceeded the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, an "MFFO Surplus"); however, any amount of such asset management fee in excess of the MFFO Surplus was deferred under the prior advisory agreement. If the MFFO Surplus for any month exceeded the amount of the asset management fee payable for such month, any remaining MFFO Surplus was applied to pay any asset management fee amounts previously deferred in accordance with the prior advisory agreement.

Pursuant to the current Advisory Agreement, asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022 are no longer subject to the deferral provision described above. Asset management fees that remained deferred as of September 30, 2022 are "Deferred Asset Management Fees." As of September 30, 2022, Deferred Asset Management Fees totaled \$8.5 million. The Advisory Agreement also provides that the Company remains obligated to pay the Advisor outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in any month to the extent that MFFO for such month exceeds the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, a "RMFFO Surplus"); provided however, that any amount of outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in excess of the RMFFO Surplus will continue to be deferred.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had accrued \$15.4 million and \$10.2 million of asset management fees, respectively, of which \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and \$6.9 million and \$1.7 million were related to asset management fees that were restricted for payment and deposited in the Bonus Retention Fund as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Consistent with the prior advisory agreement, the current Advisory Agreement provides that notwithstanding the foregoing, any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will become immediately due and payable at such time as the Company's stockholders have received, together as a collective group, aggregate distributions (including distributions that may constitute a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) sufficient to provide (i) an 8.0% per year cumulative, noncompounded return on such net invested capital (the "Stockholders' 8% Return") and (ii) a return of their net invested capital, or the amount calculated by multiplying the total number of shares purchased by stockholders by the issue price, reduced by any amounts to repurchase shares pursuant to the Company's share redemption program. The Stockholders' 8% Return is not based on the return provided to any individual stockholder. Accordingly, it is not necessary for each of the Company's stockholders to have received any minimum return in order for the Advisor to receive Deferred Asset Management Fees.

In addition, the current Advisory Agreement provides that any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will also be immediately due and payable upon the earlier of:

- (i) a listing of the Company's shares of common stock on a national securities exchange;
- (ii) the Company's liquidation and dissolution;
- (iii) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of the Company in which (y) the Company is not the surviving entity and (z) the Advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; and
- (iv) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The Advisory Agreement has a term expiring on September 27, 2024 but may be renewed for an unlimited number of successive one-year periods upon the mutual consent of the Company and the Advisor. The Advisory Agreement may be terminated (i) upon 60 days written notice without cause or penalty by either the Company (acting through the conflicts committee) or the Advisor or (ii) immediately by the Company for cause or upon the bankruptcy of the Advisor. If the Advisory Agreement is terminated without cause, then the Advisor will be entitled to receive from the Company any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees, provided that upon such non-renewal or termination the Company does not retain an advisor in which the Advisor or its affiliates have a majority interest. Upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, all unpaid Deferred Asset Management Fees will automatically be forfeited by the Advisor, and if the Advisory Agreement is terminated for cause, any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees will also automatically be forfeited by the Advisor.

#### Lease to Affiliate

On May 29, 2015, the indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "Lessor") of the Company that owns 3003 Washington Boulevard entered into a lease with an affiliate of the Advisor (the "Lessee") for 5,046 rentable square feet, or approximately 2.4% of the total rentable square feet, at 3003 Washington Boulevard. The lease commenced on October 1, 2015 and was amended on March 14, 2019 (the "Amended Lease") to extend the lease period commencing on September 1, 2019 and terminating on August 31, 2024 and set the annual base rent during the extension period. The annualized base rent from the commencement of the Amended Lease is approximately \$0.3 million, and the average annual rental rate (net of rental abatements) over the term of the Amended Lease through its termination is \$62.55 per square foot.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recognized \$83,000 and \$248,000 of revenue related to this lease, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized \$82,000 and \$247,000 of revenue related to this lease, respectively.

Prior to their approval of the lease and the Amended Lease, the Company's conflicts committee and board of directors determined the lease to be fair and reasonable to the Company.

#### Portfolio Sale

On July 18, 2019, the Company sold the Singapore Portfolio to the SREIT, which is affiliated with Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., a director and executive officer of the Company. See Note 5, "Real Estate Equity Securities" for information related to the Company's investment in the SREIT. The SREIT is externally managed by an entity (the "Manager") in which Charles J. Schreiber, Jr. currently holds an indirect ownership interest. Mr. Schreiber is also a former director of the Manager. The SREIT pays the Manager an annual base fee of 10% of annual distributable income and an annual performance fee of 25% of the increase in distributions per unit of the SREIT from the preceding year. For acquisitions other than the Singapore Portfolio, the SREIT pays the Manager an acquisition fee of 1% of the acquisition price. The SREIT will also pay the Manager a divestment fee of 0.5% of the sale price of any real estate sold and a development management fee of 3% of the total project costs incurred for development projects. A portion of the fees paid to the Manager are paid to KBS Realty Advisors LLC, an entity controlled by Mr. Schreiber, for sub-advisory services. The Schreiber Trust, a trust whose beneficiaries are Charles J. Schreiber, Jr. and his family members, and the Linda Bren 2017 Trust also acquired units in the SREIT. The Schreiber Trust agreed it will not sell any portion of its units in the SREIT unless it has received the consent of the Company's conflicts committee. The Linda Bren 2017 Trust has agreed it will not sell \$5.0 million of its investment in the SREIT unless it has received the consent of the Company's conflicts committee.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, no other business transactions occurred between the Company and KBS REIT II, KBS Growth & Income REIT, the Advisor, the Dealer Manager or other KBS-affiliated entities.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Economic Dependency**

The Company is dependent on the Advisor for certain services that are essential to the Company, including the identification, evaluation, negotiation, origination, acquisition and disposition of investments; management of the daily operations of the Company's investment portfolio; and other general and administrative responsibilities. In the event that the Advisor is unable to provide the respective services, the Company will be required to obtain such services from other sources.

#### **Legal Matters**

From time to time, the Company may be party to legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of its business. Management is not aware of any legal proceedings of which the outcome is probable or reasonably possible to have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition, which would require accrual or disclosure of the contingency and possible range of loss. Additionally, the Company has not recorded any loss contingencies related to legal proceedings in which the potential loss is deemed to be remote.

#### **Environmental**

As an owner of real estate, the Company is subject to various environmental laws of federal, state and local governments. Compliance with existing environmental laws is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations as of September 30, 2023.

#### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluates subsequent events up until the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.

#### **Accenture Tower Revolving Loan**

On November 2, 2020, the Company, through an indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "Accenture Tower Borrower"), entered into a three-year loan facility with U.S. Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, joint lead arranger and cobook runner; Bank of America, N.A., as syndication agent, joint lead arranger and co-book runner; and Deutsche Pfandbriefbank AG (together, with the National Bank of Kuwait S.A.K.P. Grand Caymans Branch (which was subsequently added as a lender), the "Accenture Tower Lenders"), for a committed amount of up to \$375.0 million (as amended and modified, the "Accenture Tower Revolving Loan"), of which \$281.3 million was term debt and \$93.7 million was revolving debt. The Accenture Tower Revolving Loan is secured by Accenture Tower.

The Accenture Tower Revolving Loan had a maturity date of November 2, 2023, with two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. On November 2, 2023, the Company, through the Accenture Tower Borrower, entered into a second modification agreement with the Accenture Tower Lenders to extend the initial maturity date of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan to December 4, 2023. The two 12-month extension options pursuant to the loan agreement remain available from the original maturity date of November 2, 2023, in each case subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. As of November 2, 2023, the outstanding principal balance of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan consisted of \$281.3 million of term debt and the \$93.7 million of revolving debt was undrawn. Pursuant to the second modification agreement, the Accenture Tower Borrower shall have no right to request and the Accenture Tower Lenders shall have no obligation to disburse, any advances of the revolving debt until the Accenture Tower Borrower successfully extends the term of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan by satisfying the terms and conditions of the first extension option. The Company continues to have discussions with the Accenture Tower Lenders regarding potential modifications to the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan, which would include, among other modifications, an extension of the maturity date, but the Company can give no assurance that such modification will be completed.

Item 1. Financial Statements (continued)

## KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2023 (unaudited)

#### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility

On November 3, 2021, the Company, through indirect wholly owned subsidiaries (each a "Borrower" and together, the "Borrowers"), entered into a two-year loan agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent; BofA Securities, Inc., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and Capital One, National Association as joint lead arrangers and joint book runners; Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and each of the financial institutions a signatory thereto, for an amount up to \$613.2 million, of which \$459.9 million was term debt and \$153.3 million was revolving debt (the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility"). The current lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility are Bank of America, N.A.; Wells Fargo Bank, National Association; U.S. Bank, National Association; Capital One, National Association; PNC Bank, National Association; Regions Bank; and Zions Bankcorporation, N.A., DBA California Bank & Trust (together, the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders").

The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility is secured by 60 South Sixth, Preston Commons, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center.

The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility had a maturity date of November 3, 2023, with one 12-month extension option, subject to certain terms and conditions as described in the loan documents. As of November 3, 2023, the Company did not meet the conditions necessary to exercise the one-year extension option. On November 8, 2023, the Company, through the Borrowers, entered into a loan modification and extension agreement with the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders, effective as of November 3, 2023 (the "Extension Agreement"). Pursuant to the Extension Agreement, the maturity date of Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was extended to November 17, 2023 with no additional options to extend the maturity date. As of November 3, 2023, the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was approximately \$606.3 million. The unadvanced portion of the commitment of approximately \$6.9 million was permanently cancelled. The Company continues to have discussions with the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders regarding a potential modification of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility which would include, among other modifications, an extension of the maturity date, but the Company can give no assurance that such modification will be completed.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. and the notes thereto. As used herein, the terms "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc., a Maryland corporation, and, as required by context, KBS Limited Partnership III, a Delaware limited partnership, which we refer to as the "Operating Partnership," and to their subsidiaries.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. and members of our management team, as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based, and generally are identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "seeks," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "plans," "intends," "should" or similar expressions. These include statements about our plans, strategies and prospects and these statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results over time, unless required by law. Moreover, you should interpret many of the risks identified in this report, as well as the risks set forth below, as being heightened as a result of the continued disruptions in the financial markets impacting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings.

The following are some of the risks and uncertainties, although not all of the risks and uncertainties, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those presented in our forward-looking statements:

- The ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings, continues to be one of the most significant risks and uncertainties we face. The combination of the continued economic slowdown, rising interest rates and significant inflation (or the perception that any of these events may continue), as well as a lack of lending activity in the debt markets, have contributed to considerable weakness in the commercial real estate markets. There can be no assurance as to when the markets will stabilize. Upcoming and recent tenant lease expirations and leasing challenges in certain markets amidst the aforementioned headwinds coupled with slower than expected return-to-office, most notably in the San Francisco Bay Area where we own several assets, have had direct and material impacts on our ability to access certain credit facilities and on our ongoing cash flow. Additionally, due to disruptions in the financial markets, it is becoming increasingly difficult to refinance maturing debt obligations as lenders are hesitant to make new loans in the current market environment with so many uncertainties surrounding asset valuations, especially in the office real estate market. We have \$1.7 billion of loan maturities in the next 12 months. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of issuance of these financial statements. All but three of the loans have additional extension options; however, these extensions are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests, including loan-to-value, debt service coverage or other requirements. As a result, in order to qualify for certain loan extensions, we will likely be required to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount and/or make paydowns on certain loans. Due to this potential reduction in loan commitment and ongoing capital expenditure needs in our real estate portfolio, we will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may need to evaluate selling equity securities and/or may be required to sell certain assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage our liquidity needs. However, there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of the outcome of such efforts. Selling real estate assets in the current market would likely impact the ultimate sale price. We also may defer noncontractual expenditures or further suspend or cease distributions and redemptions. Additionally, we anticipate we may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. Continued increases in interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on our ability to meet loan compliance tests and may further reduce our available liquidity under our loan agreements, and continued disruptions in the financial markets and economic uncertainty could adversely affect our ability to implement our business strategy and continue as a going concern. Further, potential changes in customer behavior, such as continued work-from-home arrangements, which increased as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, could materially and negatively impact the future demand for office space, adversely impacting our operations.
- We are dependent on KBS Capital Advisors LLC ("KBS Capital Advisors"), our advisor, to conduct our operations.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

- All of our executive officers, our affiliated directors and other key professionals are also officers, affiliated directors, managers, key professionals and/or holders of a direct or indirect controlling interest in our advisor and/or other KBS-affiliated entities. As a result, these individuals, our advisor and its affiliates face conflicts of interest, including conflicts created by our advisor's and its affiliates' compensation arrangements with us and other KBS programs and investors and conflicts in allocating time among us and these other programs and investors. These conflicts could result in action or inaction that is not in the best interests of our stockholders.
- Our advisor and its affiliates currently receive fees in connection with transactions involving the purchase or origination, management and disposition of our investments. Acquisition and asset management fees are based on the cost of the investment, and not based on the quality of the investment or the quality of the services rendered to us. We may also pay significant fees during our listing/liquidation stage. Although most of the fees payable during our listing/liquidation stage are contingent on our stockholders first enjoying agreed-upon investment returns, the investment return thresholds may be reduced subject to approval by our conflicts committee and our charter limitations. These payments increase the risk that our stockholders will not earn a profit on their investment in us and increase the risk of loss to our stockholders.
- We cannot guarantee that we will pay distributions. Due to the illiquidity of the current debt and capital markets and upcoming loan maturities, we have adjusted the timing and amount of stockholder distributions going forward in order to be able to retain funds for future leasing needs in the portfolio. We have moved to quarterly assessments of distributions, and by the last month of each calendar quarter we will make a decision on the distribution amount (if any) to be paid. We did not declare any distributions for the three months ended September 30, 2023. For the reasons discussed herein, we are unable to predict when we will be in a position to resume the payment of regular distributions to our stockholders. We have and may in the future fund distributions from sources other than cash flow from operations, including, without limitation, the sale of assets, borrowings, return of capital or offering proceeds. We have no limits on the amounts we may pay from such sources.
- We may incur debt until our total liabilities would exceed 75% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves), and we may exceed this limit with the approval of the conflicts committee of our board of directors. High debt levels could limit the amount of cash we have available to distribute and could result in a decline in the value of an investment in us.
- We depend on tenants for the revenue generated by our real estate investments. Revenues from our properties could decrease due to a reduction in occupancy (caused by factors including, but not limited to, tenant defaults, tenant insolvency, early termination of tenant leases and non-renewal of existing tenant leases), rent deferrals or abatements, tenants becoming unable to pay their rent, lower rental rates and/or potential changes in customer behavior, such as continued work from home arrangements, making it more difficult for us to meet our debt service obligations and limiting our ability to pay distributions to our stockholders.
- Our significant investment in the equity securities of Prime US REIT (the "SREIT"), a traded Singapore real estate investment trust, is subject to the risks associated with real estate investments as well as the risks inherent in investing in traded securities, including, in this instance, risks related to the quantity of units held by us relative to the trading volume of the units. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets, since March 2020, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility. The trading price of the common units of the SREIT has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. commercial office buildings. The SREIT also has a significant amount of debt maturing in 2024, which adds additional uncertainty around the value of the units.
- We cannot predict with any certainty when dividend reinvestment plan proceeds will be available for general corporate purposes, as we are unable to predict when we will be in a position to resume the payment of regular distributions to our stockholders. When such funds are not available, we may have to use a greater proportion of our cash flow from operations to meet cash requirements, which would further reduce cash available for distributions and could further limit our ability to redeem shares under our share redemption program.
- Our charter does not require us to liquidate our assets and dissolve by a specified date, nor does our charter require our directors to list our shares for trading by a specified date. No public market currently exists for our shares of common stock. There are limits on the ownership and transferability of our shares. Our shares cannot be readily sold and, if our stockholders are able to sell their shares, they would likely have to sell them at a substantial discount.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

• Stockholders may have to hold their shares an indefinite period of time. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to provide additional liquidity to stockholders. Since 2019, due to the limitations on redemptions under our share redemption program, our pursuit of strategic alternatives and/or disruptions in the financial markets impacting the U.S. office market, we have either exhausted the funds available for Ordinary Redemptions (defined below) under our share redemption program or implemented suspensions of Ordinary Redemptions under our share redemption program for all or a portion of the calendar year. Since 2019, we have redeemed 19,536,779 shares under our share redemption program, which is approximately 13% of our current outstanding shares. On January 17, 2023, our board of directors determined to suspend Ordinary Redemptions under our share redemption program to preserve capital in the current market environment. Ordinary Redemptions are all redemptions other than those that qualify for the special provisions for redemptions sought in connection with a stockholder's death, "Qualifying Disability" or "Determination of Incompetence" (each as defined in the share redemption program and, together, "Special Redemptions"). We cannot predict future redemption demand with any certainty. If Ordinary Redemptions are resumed and future redemption requests exceed the redemption limitations under our share redemption program, the number of rejected redemption requests will increase over time.

All forward-looking statements should be read in light of the risks identified in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and in Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2023, each as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the risks identified in Part II, Item 1A herein.

#### Overview

We were formed on December 22, 2009 as a Maryland corporation that elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011 and we intend to continue to operate in such a manner. We conduct our business primarily through our Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner. Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, our business is managed by our advisor pursuant to an advisory agreement and our advisor conducts our operations and manages our portfolio of real estate investments. Our advisor owns 20,857 shares of our common stock. We have no paid employees.

We have invested in a diverse portfolio of real estate investments. As of September 30, 2023, we owned 16 office properties, one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of the SREIT.

On February 4, 2010, we filed a registration statement on Form S-11 with the SEC to offer a minimum of 250,000 shares and a maximum of up to 280,000,000 shares, or up to \$2,760,000,000 of shares, of common stock for sale to the public, of which up to 200,000,000 shares, or up to \$2,000,000,000 of shares, were registered in our primary offering and up to 80,000,000 shares, or up to \$760,000,000 of shares, were registered under our dividend reinvestment plan. We ceased offering shares of common stock in our primary offering on May 29, 2015 and terminated the primary offering on July 28, 2015.

We sold 169,006,162 shares of common stock in our now-terminated primary initial public offering for gross offering proceeds of \$1.7 billion. As of September 30, 2023, we had also sold 46,154,757 shares of common stock under our dividend reinvestment plan for gross offering proceeds of \$471.3 million. Also as of September 30, 2023, we had redeemed or repurchased 74,407,668 shares for \$787.1 million.

Additionally, on October 3, 2014, we issued 258,462 shares of common stock, for \$2.4 million, in private transactions exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

We continue to offer shares of common stock under our dividend reinvestment plan. In some states, we will need to renew the registration statement annually or file a new registration statement to continue the dividend reinvestment plan offering. We may terminate our dividend reinvestment plan offering at any time.

Section 5.11 of our charter requires that we seek stockholder approval of our liquidation if our shares of common stock are not listed on a national securities exchange by September 30, 2020, unless a majority of the conflicts committee of our board of directors, composed solely of all of our independent directors, determines that liquidation is not then in the best interest of our stockholders. Pursuant to our charter requirement, the conflicts committee considered the ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office properties, the challenging interest rate environment and lack of activity in the debt markets, the limited availability in the debt markets for commercial real estate transactions, and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market, and on August 10, 2023, our conflicts committee unanimously determined to postpone approval of our liquidation. Section 5.11 of our charter requires that the conflicts committee revisit the issue of liquidation at least annually.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

#### Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets and Going Concern Considerations

Volatility in global financial markets and changing political environments can cause fluctuations in the performance of the U.S. commercial real estate markets. Possible future declines in rental rates, slower or potentially negative net absorption of leased space and expectations of future rental concessions, including free rent to renew tenants early, to retain tenants who are up for renewal or to attract new tenants, may result in decreases in cash flows from investment properties. Further, revenues from our properties could decrease due to a reduction in occupancy (caused by factors including, but not limited to, tenant defaults, tenant insolvency, early termination of tenant leases and non-renewal of existing tenant leases), rent deferrals or abatements, tenants being unable to pay their rent and/or lower rental rates. Increases in the cost of financing due to higher interest rates will prevent us from refinancing debt obligations at terms as favorable as the terms of existing indebtedness. Further, increases in interest rates would increase the amount of our debt payments on our variable rate debt to the extent the interest rates on such debt are not fixed through interest rate swap agreements or limited by interest rate caps. Market conditions can change quickly, potentially negatively impacting the value of real estate investments. The current rising interest rate environment has had a downward impact on real estate values, and the lack of financing available in the current environment, especially for commercial office buildings, has significantly impacted the amount of transaction activity in the commercial real estate market and made valuing such assets increasingly difficult. Management continuously reviews our investment and debt financing strategies to optimize our portfolio and the cost of our debt exposure in this challenging environment.

These ongoing challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry, especially as it pertains to commercial office buildings, continues to be one of the most significant risks and uncertainties we face. The combination of the continued economic slowdown, rising interest rates and significant inflation (or the perception that any of these events may continue), as well as a lack of lending activity in the debt markets, have contributed to considerable weakness in the commercial real estate markets. The usage and leasing activity of our assets in several markets remains lower than pre-pandemic levels, and we cannot predict when economic activity and demand for office space will return to pre-pandemic levels. Both upcoming and recent tenant lease expirations and leasing challenges in certain markets amidst the aforementioned headwinds coupled with slower than expected return-to-office, most notably in the San Francisco Bay Area where we own several assets, have had direct and material impacts on our ability to access certain credit facilities and on our ongoing cash flow, which, in large part, provide liquidity to manage redemption requests and capital expenditures needed to manage our real estate assets. Potential long-term changes in customer behavior, such as continued work-from-home arrangements, which increased as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, could materially and negatively impact the future demand for office space, further adversely impacting our operations.

Due to disruptions in the financial markets, it is becoming increasingly difficult to refinance maturing debt obligations as lenders are hesitant to make new loans in the current market environment with so many uncertainties surrounding asset valuations, especially in the office real estate market. We have \$1.7 billion of loan maturities in the next 12 months. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern for a least a year from the date of the issuance of these financial statements. All but three of the loans have additional extension options; however, these extensions are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests, including loan-to-value, debt service coverage or other requirements. As a result, in order to qualify for certain loan extensions, we will likely be required to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount and/or make paydowns on certain loans. Due to this potential reduction in loan commitment and ongoing capital expenditure needs in our real estate portfolio, we will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may need to evaluate selling equity securities and/or may be required to sell certain assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage our liquidity needs. However, there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of the outcome of such efforts. Selling real estate assets in the current market would likely impact the ultimate sale price. We also may defer noncontractual expenditures. Additionally, we anticipate we may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. See the discussion below under "—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

We have concluded that it is critical to preserve capital given the current state of the markets. On January 17, 2023, our board of directors determined to suspend Ordinary Redemptions under our share redemption program and reduced the distribution rate from that of prior periods. Commencing in July 2023, we further adjusted the timing and amount of stockholder distributions in order to be able to retain funds for future leasing needs in the portfolio. We have moved to quarterly assessments of distributions, and by the last month of each calendar quarter we will make a decision on the distribution amount (if any) to be paid. We did not declare any distributions for the three months ended September 30, 2023. We are unable to predict when we will be in a position to resume the payment of regular distributions to our stockholders. These actions were a direct result of the factors discussed above.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$45.5 million to write down the carrying value of 201 Spear Street (located in San Francisco, California) to its estimated fair value as a result of continued market uncertainty due to rising interest rates, increased vacancy rates as a result of slow return to office in San Francisco, additional projected vacancy due to anticipated tenant turnover and further declining values of comparable sales in the market, all of which impacted ongoing cash flow estimates and leasing projections, which resulted in the future estimated undiscounted cash flows to be lower than the net carrying value of the property. As a result, 201 Spear Street is currently valued at substantially less than the outstanding mortgage debt of \$125.0 million, which debt has an initial loan maturity of January 5, 2024. We are currently engaged in discussions with our lender and due to the substantial difference between the mortgage debt and the fair value of the asset and the very uncertain path and timing of a recovery in the San Francisco market, we do not believe it is in the Company's best interest to make significant paydowns on the loan and invest additional funds into this asset in an effort to refinance and extend the loan. As a result of the borrower's failure to pay in full the entire November 2023 monthly interest payment under the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan on the due date, on November 9, 2023, the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan lender notified the borrower that if such amount is not paid by November 14, 2023, then the borrower will be in default under the loan. The borrower does not expect to make the full interest payment by this date, and as a result, will likely default on the loan. If the borrower defaults, interest on the loan will accrue at the default rate and additional daily or late charges will apply. As a result, we anticipate that there is a high likelihood that we may ultimately relinquish ownership of the property to the lender in a foreclosure transaction or other alternative to foreclosure in satisfaction of the mortgage.

We have also made a significant investment in the common units of the SREIT. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets discussed above, since early March 2020, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility. The trading price of the common units of the SREIT has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. commercial office buildings. The SREIT also has a significant amount of debt maturing in 2024, which adds additional uncertainty around the value of the units. As of November 14, 2023, the aggregate value of our investment in the units of the SREIT was \$29.1 million, which was based solely on the closing price of the units on the SGX-ST of \$0.135 per unit as of November 14, 2023, and did not take into account any potential discount for the holding period risk due to the quantity of units we hold. This is a decrease of \$0.745 per unit from our initial acquisition of the SREIT units at \$0.880 per unit on July 19, 2019.

Continued disruptions in the financial markets and economic uncertainty could adversely affect our ability to implement our business strategy and continue as a going concern. Overall, there remains significant uncertainty regarding the timing and duration of the economic recovery, which precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact the current disruptions in the markets may have on our business.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our principal demands for funds during the short and long-term are and will be for payments (including maturity payments) under debt obligations; operating expenses, capital expenditures and general and administrative expenses; redemptions of common stock; and payments of distributions to stockholders. Our primary sources of capital for meeting our cash requirements are as follows:

- Cash flow generated by our real estate and real estate-related investments;
- Debt financings (including any amounts currently available under existing loan facilities); and
- Proceeds from the sale of our real estate properties and real estate-related investments.

Our real estate properties generate cash flow in the form of rental revenues and tenant reimbursements, which are reduced by operating expenditures, capital expenditures, debt service payments, the payment of asset management fees and corporate general and administrative expenses. Cash flow from operations from our real estate properties is primarily dependent upon the occupancy level of our portfolio, the net effective rental rates on our leases, the collectability of rent and operating recoveries from our tenants and how well we manage our expenditures. Due to uncertainties in the U.S. office real estate market, most notably in the greater San Francisco Bay Area where we own certain assets, we anticipate that our future cash flows from operations may be impacted due to lease rollover and reduced demand for office space.

Our investment in the equity securities of the SREIT generates cash flow in the form of dividend income, and dividends are typically declared and paid on a semi-annual basis, though dividends are not guaranteed. As of September 30, 2023, we held 215,841,899 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

As of September 30, 2023, we had mortgage debt obligations in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.7 billion, with a weighted-average remaining term of 0.3 years. As of September 30, 2023, we had \$1.7 billion of notes payable maturing during the 12 months ending September 30, 2024. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of issuance of these financial statements. As of September 30, 2023, our debt obligations consisted of \$123.0 million of fixed rate notes payable and \$1.6 billion of variable rate notes payable. As of September 30, 2023, the interest rates on \$1.0 billion of our variable rate notes payable were effectively fixed through interest rate swap agreements.

The maturity dates of certain loans may be extended beyond their current maturity dates; however, the extension options are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests, including the leverage ratio required, debt service coverage and other requirements. The most stringent compliance test for our loan extensions will likely be the leverage ratio required, which will generally be based on updated lender commissioned appraisals. Given the uncertainty in the current real estate market and variability in appraisers' views on fair values of office properties in the current market, these updated appraisals could have a significant impact on our availability under our loans. As a result, in order to qualify for certain loan extensions, we will likely be required to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount and/or make paydowns on certain loans. Due to this potential reduction in loan commitment and ongoing capital expenditure needs in our real estate portfolio, we will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may need to evaluate selling equity securities and/or may be required to sell certain assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage our liquidity needs. Selling real estate assets in the current market would likely impact the ultimate sale price. While we anticipate to have available funds on certain loans to make these loan paydowns where required, depending on the size of the required paydown (beyond just a loss of commitment), we may need to rely on asset sale proceeds or the completion of refinance discussions with certain lenders in order to be able meet any loan paydown requirements. We also may defer noncontractual expenditures. Additionally, we anticipate we may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. However, there can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's plans, as certain elements of management's plans are outside our control, including our ability to sell assets or successfully refinance or restructure certain of our debt instruments. As a result of our upcoming loan maturities, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment, the current interest rate environment, leasing challenges in certain markets where we own properties and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans cannot be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Continued increases in interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on our ability to meet loan compliance tests and may further reduce our available liquidity under our loan agreements.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$45.5 million to write down the carrying value of 201 Spear Street (located in San Francisco, California) to its estimated fair value as a result of continued market uncertainty due to rising interest rates, increased vacancy rates as a result of slow return to office in San Francisco, additional projected vacancy due to anticipated tenant turnover and further declining values of comparable sales in the market, all of which impacted ongoing cash flow estimates and leasing projections, which resulted in the future estimated undiscounted cash flows to be lower than the net carrying value of the property. As a result, 201 Spear Street is currently valued at less than the outstanding mortgage debt of \$125.0 million, which debt has an initial loan maturity of January 5, 2024. We are currently engaged in discussions with our lender and due to the substantial difference between the mortgage debt and the fair value of the asset and the very uncertain path and timing of a recovery in the San Francisco market, we do not believe it is in the Company's best interest to make significant paydowns on the loan and invest additional funds into this asset in an effort to refinance and extend the loan. As a result of the borrower's failure to pay in full the entire November 2023 monthly interest payment under the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan on the due date, on November 9, 2023, the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan lender notified the borrower that if such amount is not paid by November 14, 2023, then the borrower will be in default under the loan. The borrower does not expect to make the full interest payment by this date, and as a result, will likely default on the loan. If the borrower defaults, interest on the loan will accrue at the default rate and additional daily or late charges will apply. As a result, we anticipate that there is a high likelihood that we may ultimately relinquish ownership of the property to the lender in a foreclosure transaction or other alternative to foreclosure in satisfaction of the mortgage.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Additionally, as of September 30, 2023, we determined we did not meet the debt service coverage ratio required under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility with an outstanding principal balance of \$606.3 million as of that date. Pursuant to the terms of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we are required to notify the lenders by November 29, 2023. At such time, we would have 30 days from receipt of notice from the lenders to make a principal paydown of up to \$29.7 million. The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility had a maturity date of November 3, 2023, with one 12-month extension option, subject to certain terms and conditions as described in the loan documents. As of November 3, 2023, we did not meet the conditions necessary to exercise the one-year extension option. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, we entered into a loan modification and extension agreement with the lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and extended the maturity date to November 17, 2023, among other modifications. See "—Subsequent Events — Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility."

We paid cash distributions to our stockholders during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 using cash flow from operations from current and prior periods and proceeds from debt financing. We have experienced a reduction in our net cash flows from operations in recent periods primarily due to lease expirations in our portfolio and a resulting decrease in occupancy. In January 2023, our board of directors reduced our distribution rate from prior periods due to the continued impact of the economic slowdown on our cash flows. Commencing in July 2023, we further adjusted the timing and amount of stockholder distributions in order to be able to retain funds for future leasing needs in the portfolio. We have moved to quarterly assessments of distributions, and by the last month of each calendar quarter we will make a decision on the distribution amount (if any) to be paid. We did not declare any distributions for the three months ended September 30, 2023. For the reasons discussed herein, we are unable to predict when we will be in a position to resume the payment of regular distributions to our stockholders. See "—Distributions" below.

Under our charter, we are required to limit our total operating expenses to the greater of 2% of our average invested assets or 25% of our net income for the four most recently completed fiscal quarters, as these terms are defined in our charter, unless the conflicts committee has determined that such excess expenses were justified based on unusual and non-recurring factors. Operating expenses for the four fiscal quarters ended September 30, 2023 did not exceed the charter-imposed limitation.

#### Cash Flows from Operating Activities

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, net cash provided by operating activities was \$37.2 million and \$58.8 million, respectively. Net cash provided by operating activities was lower during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 primarily as a result of higher interest expense and a decrease in dividend income received from the SREIT, offset by lower asset management fees paid to our advisor during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as a result of an increase in asset management fees that were restricted for payment and deposited in the Bonus Retention Fund as discussed below.

# Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$63.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 due to improvements to real estate.

#### Cash Flows from Financing Activities

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net cash provided by financing activities was \$17.3 million and primarily consisted of the following:

- \$44.8 million of net cash provided by debt financing as a result of proceeds from notes payable of \$46.8 million, partially offset by principal payments on notes payable of \$1.4 million and payments of deferred financing costs of \$0.6 million;
- \$25.3 million of net cash distributions, after giving effect to distributions reinvested by stockholders of \$16.2 million;
- \$10.0 million of cash used for redemptions and repurchases of common stock; and
- \$7.8 million provided by interest rate swap settlements for off-market swap instruments.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

We expect that our debt financing and other liabilities will be between 45% and 65% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves). There is no limitation on the amount we may borrow for the purchase of any single asset. We limit our total liabilities to 75% of the cost of our tangible assets (before deducting depreciation and other non-cash reserves), meaning that our borrowings and other liabilities may exceed our maximum target leverage of 65% of the cost of our tangible assets without violating these borrowing restrictions. We may exceed the 75% limit only if a majority of the conflicts committee approves each borrowing in excess of this limitation and we disclose such borrowings to our stockholders in our next quarterly report with an explanation from the conflicts committee of the justification for the excess borrowing. To the extent financing in excess of this limit is available on attractive terms, our conflicts committee may approve debt in excess of this limit. From time to time, our total liabilities could also be below 45% of the cost of our tangible assets due to the lack of availability of debt financing. As of September 30, 2023, our borrowings and other liabilities were approximately 59% of the cost (before deducting depreciation and other noncash reserves) and 61% of the book value (before deducting depreciation) of our tangible assets, respectively. This leverage limitation is based on cost and not fair value, and our leverage may exceed 75% of the fair value of our tangible assets.

We also expect to use our capital resources to make certain payments to our advisor. We currently make payments to our advisor in connection with the acquisition of investments, the management of our investments and costs incurred by our advisor in providing services to us. We also pay fees to our advisor in connection with the disposition of investments. We reimburse our advisor and dealer manager for certain stockholder services. In addition, our advisor is entitled to an incentive fee upon achieving certain performance goals.

Among the fees payable to our advisor is an asset management fee. With respect to investments in real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee equal to one-twelfth of 0.75% of the amount paid or allocated to acquire the investment, plus the cost of any subsequent development, construction or improvements to the property. This amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition expenses related thereto (but excludes acquisition fees paid or payable to our advisor). In the case of investments made through joint ventures, the asset management fee is determined based on our proportionate share of the underlying investment (but excluding acquisition fees paid or payable to our advisor). With respect to investments in loans and any investments other than real property, the asset management fee is a monthly fee calculated, each month, as one-twelfth of 0.75% of the lesser of (i) the amount actually paid or allocated to acquire or fund the loan or other investment (which amount includes any portion of the investment that was debt financed and is inclusive of acquisition or origination expenses related thereto but is exclusive of acquisition or origination fees paid or payable to our advisor) and (ii) the outstanding principal amount of such loan or other investment, plus the acquisition or origination expenses related to the acquisition or funding of such investment (excluding acquisition or origination fees paid or payable to our advisor), as of the time of calculation. We currently do not pay asset management fees to our advisor on our investment in units of the SREIT.

Notwithstanding the foregoing on November 8, 2022, we and our advisor amended the advisory agreement related to the payment of asset management fees (the "Renewed Advisory Agreement"), among other provisions. Pursuant to the Renewed Advisory Agreement, commencing with asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022, we pay \$1.15 million of the monthly asset management fee to our advisor in cash and we deposit the remainder of the monthly asset management fee into an interest bearing account in our name, which amounts will be paid to our advisor from such account solely as reimbursement for payments made by our advisor pursuant to our advisor's employee retention program (such account, the "Bonus Retention Fund"). The Bonus Retention Fund was established in order to incentivize and retain key employees of our advisor. We will be deemed to have fully funded the Bonus Retention Fund once we have deposited \$8.5 million in cash into such account, at which time the monthly asset management fee will be payable in full to our advisor. Our advisor has acknowledged and agreed that payments by our advisor to employees under our advisor's employee retention program that are reimbursed by us from the Bonus Retention Fund will be conditioned on (a) our liquidation and dissolution; (b) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of us in which (i) we are not the surviving entity and (ii) our advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; (c) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets; (d) the non-renewal or termination of the Renewed Advisory Agreement without cause; or (e) the termination of the employee without cause. To the extent the Bonus Retention Fund is not fully paid out to employees as set forth above, the Renewed Advisory Agreement provides that the residual amount will be deemed additional Deferred Asset Management Fees (defined below) and be treated in accordance with the provisions for payment of Deferred Asset Management Fees. Two of our executive officers, Mr. Waldvogel and Ms. Yamane, and one of our directors, Mr. DeLuca, participate in and have been allocated awards under our advisor's employee retention program, which awards would only be paid as set forth above.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Prior to entering the Renewed Advisory Agreement, the advisory agreement had provided that with respect to asset management fees accruing from March 1, 2014, our advisor would defer, without interest, our obligation to pay asset management fees for any month in which our modified funds from operations ("MFFO") for such month, as such term is defined in the practice guideline issued by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA") in November 2010 and interpreted by us, excluding asset management fees, did not exceed the amount of distributions declared by us for record dates of that month. We remained obligated to pay our advisor an asset management fee in any month in which our MFFO, excluding asset management fees, for such month exceeded the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, an "MFFO Surplus"); however, any amount of such asset management fee in excess of the MFFO Surplus was deferred under the advisory agreement. If the MFFO Surplus for any month exceeded the amount of the asset management fee payable for such month, any remaining MFFO Surplus was applied to pay any asset management fee amounts previously deferred in accordance with the advisory agreement.

Pursuant to the Renewed Advisory Agreement, asset management fees accruing from October 1, 2022 are no longer subject to the deferral provision described above. Asset management fees that remained deferred as of September 30, 2022 are "Deferred Asset Management Fees." As of September 30, 2022, Deferred Asset Management Fees totaled \$8.5 million. The Renewed Advisory Agreement also provides that we remain obligated to pay our advisor outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in any month to the extent that MFFO for such month exceeds the amount of distributions declared for the record dates of that month (such excess amount, a "RMFFO Surplus"); provided however, that any amount of outstanding Deferred Asset Management Fees in excess of the RMFFO Surplus will continue to be deferred.

Consistent with the prior advisory agreement, the Renewed Advisory Agreement provides that notwithstanding the foregoing, any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will become immediately due and payable at such time as our stockholders have received, together as a collective group, aggregate distributions (including distributions that may constitute a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) sufficient to provide (i) an 8.0% per year cumulative, noncompounded return on such net invested capital (the "Stockholders' 8% Return") and (ii) a return of their net invested capital, or the amount calculated by multiplying the total number of shares purchased by stockholders by the issue price, reduced by any amounts to repurchase shares pursuant to our share redemption program. The Stockholders' 8% Return is not based on the return provided to any individual stockholder. Accordingly, it is not necessary for each of our stockholders to have received any minimum return in order for our advisor to receive Deferred Asset Management Fees.

In addition, the Renewed Advisory Agreement provides that any and all Deferred Asset Management Fees that are unpaid will also be immediately due and payable upon the earlier of:

- (i) a listing of our shares of common stock on a national securities exchange;
- (ii) our liquidation and dissolution;
- (iii) a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, either directly or indirectly, of us in which (y) we are not the surviving entity and (z) our advisor is no longer serving as an advisor or asset manager to the surviving entity in such transaction; and
- (iv) the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets.

The Renewed Advisory Agreement may be terminated (i) upon 60 days written notice without cause or penalty by either us (acting through the conflicts committee) or our advisor or (ii) immediately by us for cause or upon the bankruptcy of our advisor. If the Renewed Advisory Agreement is terminated without cause, then our advisor will be entitled to receive from us any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees, provided that upon such non-renewal or termination we do not retain an advisor in which our advisor or its affiliates have a majority interest. Upon termination of the Renewed Advisory Agreement, all unpaid Deferred Asset Management Fees will automatically be forfeited by our advisor, and if the Renewed Advisory Agreement is terminated for cause, any residual amount of the Bonus Retention Fund deemed to be additional Deferred Asset Management Fees will also automatically be forfeited by our advisor.

As of September 30, 2023, we had accrued \$15.4 million of asset management fees, of which \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees. Included in accrued asset management fees as of September 30, 2023 is \$6.9 million of restricted cash deposited into the Bonus Retention Fund. We had not made any payments to our advisor from the Bonus Retention Fund as of September 30, 2023.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

#### **Debt Obligations**

The following is a summary of our debt obligations as of September 30, 2023 (in thousands):

		Payments Due During the Years Ended December 31,							
Debt Obligations	Total	R	Remainder of 2023	2	024-2025	20	26-2027	Ther	eafter
Outstanding debt obligations (1)	\$ 1,716,859	\$	1,011,004	\$	705,855	\$	_	\$	_
Interest payments on outstanding debt obligations (2)(3)	37,313		19,093		18,220		_		_
Interest payments on interest rate swaps (4) (5)	_		_		_		_		_

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts include principal payments only based on maturity dates as of September 30, 2023. The maturity dates of certain loans may be extended beyond their current maturity dates; however, the extension options are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests. As a result, in order to qualify for certain loan extensions, we will likely be required to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount and/or make paydowns on certain loans, which would reduce our liquidity. Additionally, continued increases in interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on our ability to meet such tests and may further reduce our available liquidity under our loan agreements.

For additional information regarding our debt obligations and loan maturities, see "—Market Outlook—Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets—Going Concern Considerations" and "—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

# **Results of Operations**

#### **Overview**

As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, we owned 16 office properties, one mixed-use office/retail property and an investment in the equity securities of the SREIT. The following table provides summary information about our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollar amounts in thousands):

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2023 versus the three months ended September 30, 2022

The following table provides summary information about our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Increase	Percentage		
	2023		_	2022		(Decrease)	Change	
Rental income	\$	69,489	\$	67,897	\$	1,592	2 %	
Dividend income from real estate equity securities		5,310		7,598		(2,288)	(30)%	
Other operating income		4,748		4,724		24	1 %	
Operating, maintenance and management		19,789		19,674		115	1 %	
Real estate taxes and insurance		12,542		13,069		(527)	(4)%	
Asset management fees to affiliate		5,268		5,091		177	3 %	
General and administrative expenses		1,630		1,889		(259)	(14)%	
Depreciation and amortization		29,154		29,905		(751)	(3)%	
Interest expense		31,059		17,166		13,893	81 %	
Net gain on derivative instruments		(12,180)		(20,205)		8,025	(40)%	
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities		(15,541)		(29,138)		13,597	(47)%	
Other interest income		140		12		128	1,067 %	

<sup>(2)</sup> Projected interest payments are based on the outstanding principal amounts, maturity dates and interest rates in effect as of September 30, 2023 (consisting of the contractual interest rate and using interest rate indices as of September 30, 2023, where applicable).

<sup>(3)</sup> We incurred interest expense related to notes payable of \$84.0 million, excluding amortization of deferred financing costs totaling \$3.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

<sup>(4)</sup> Projected interest payments on interest rate swaps are calculated based on the notional amount, effective term of the swap contract, and fixed rate net of the swapped floating rate in effect as of September 30, 2023. In the case where the swapped floating rate (one-month LIBOR or one-month Term SOFR) at September 30, 2023 is higher than the fixed rate in the swap agreement, interest payments on interest rate swaps in the above debt obligations table would reflect zero as we would not be obligated to make any interest payments on those swaps and instead expect to receive payments from our swap counter-parties.

<sup>(5)</sup> We incurred net realized gains related to interest rate swaps of \$22.9 million, excluding unrealized gains on derivative instruments of \$9.3 million, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Rental income from our real estate properties increased from \$67.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$69.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to lease commencements subsequent to September 30, 2022. We expect rental income to vary based on occupancy rates and rental rates of our real estate investments and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets and to increase due to tenant reimbursements related to operating expenses to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office. See "Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets and Going Concern Considerations."

Dividend income from our real estate equity securities decreased from \$7.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$5.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 due to a decrease in the dividend rate per unit declared by the SREIT. We expect dividend income for our real estate equity securities to vary in future periods based on the occupancy and rental rates of the SREIT's portfolio, movements in interest rates and the underlying liquidity needs of the SREIT

Other operating income remained consistent at \$4.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. We expect other operating income to vary in future periods based on occupancy rates and parking rates at our real estate properties and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets.

Operating, maintenance and management costs increased from \$19.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$19.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in operating, maintenance and management costs was primarily due to an overall increase in repairs and maintenance costs and operating costs, including janitorial and security costs, as a result of general inflation and an increase in physical occupancy. We expect operating, maintenance and management costs to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office.

Real estate taxes and insurance decreased from \$13.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$12.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to a reduction in the property tax estimate as a result of the lower assessed property value related to one of our real estate properties. We expect real estate taxes and insurance to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to vary based on increases or decreases due to future property tax reassessments for properties that we continue to own.

Asset management fees with respect to our real estate investments increased from \$5.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$5.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to capital improvements at our real estate properties. We expect asset management fees to increase in future periods as a result of any improvements we make to our properties and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties. As of September 30, 2023, there were \$15.4 million of accrued asset management fees, of which \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees and \$6.9 million was restricted cash deposited into the Bonus Retention Fund. For a discussion of Deferred Asset Management Fees and the Bonus Retention Fund, see "— Liquidity and Capital Resources" herein.

General and administrative expenses decreased from \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to appraisal fees related to the update of our estimated value per share in September 2022 and professional fees incurred related to our conflicts committee's and board of directors' evaluation of various alternatives available to us during the three months ended September 30, 2022. General and administrative costs consisted primarily of portfolio legal fees, board of directors fees, third party transfer agent fees, financial advisor consulting fees and audit costs. We expect general and administrative expenses to vary in future periods.

Depreciation and amortization decreased from \$29.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$29.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to the reduced depreciable asset basis for 201 Spear Street as a result of non-cash impairment charges recorded subsequent to September 30, 2022. We expect depreciation and amortization to increase in future periods as a result of additional capital improvements, offset by a decrease in amortization related to fully amortized tenant origination and absorption costs.

Interest expense increased from \$17.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 to \$31.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Included in interest expense was (i) \$16.2 million and \$30.1 million of interest expense payments for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2023, respectively, and (ii) the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$1.0 million and \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2023, respectively. The increase in interest expense was due to higher one-month Bloomberg Short-Term Bank Yield Index ("BSBY") and one-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Term SOFR") during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and the related impact on interest expense related to the portion of our variable rate debt and draws on our revolving debt. In general, we expect interest expense to vary based on fluctuations in interest rates (for our variable rate debt) and the amount of future borrowings.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

We recorded net gain on derivative instruments of \$12.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$8.6 million and unrealized gain on interest rate swaps of \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. We recorded net gain on derivative instruments of \$20.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was unrealized gain on interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million, offset by \$0.2 million of realized loss on interest rate swaps for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease in net gain on derivative instruments was primarily due to changes in fair values with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges during the three months ended September 30, 2023. In general, we expect net gains or losses on derivative instruments to vary based on fair value changes with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges.

During the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, we recorded an unrealized loss on real estate equity securities of \$15.5 million and \$29.1 million as a result of the decrease in the closing price of the units of the SREIT on the SGX-ST.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2023 versus the nine months ended September 30, 2022

		ths Ended aber 30,		Percentage Change	
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)		
Rental income	\$ 200,859	\$ 204,939	\$ (4,080)	(2)%	
Dividend income from real estate equity securities	11,850	14,850	(3,000)	(20)%	
Other operating income	13,857	13,468	389	3 %	
Operating, maintenance and management	55,728	54,506	1,222	2 %	
Real estate taxes and insurance	39,994	41,231	(1,237)	(3)%	
Asset management fees to affiliate	15,542	14,952	590	4 %	
General and administrative expenses	4,766	5,689	(923)	(16)%	
Depreciation and amortization	86,263	83,763	2,500	3 %	
Interest expense	87,137	36,992	50,145	136 %	
Net gain on derivative instruments	(32,110)	(49,143)	17,033	(35)%	
Impairment charges on real estate	45,459	_	45,459	100 %	
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities	(57,630)	(63,673)	6,043	(9)%	
Write-off of prepaid offering costs	_	(2,728)	2,728	(100)%	
Other interest income	250	35	215	614 %	

Rental income from our real estate properties decreased from \$204.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$200.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to the reserve for straight-line rent for a lease at 201 Spear Street. We expect rental income to vary based on occupancy rates and rental rates of our real estate investments and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets and to increase due to tenant reimbursements related to operating expenses to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office. See "Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets and Going Concern Considerations."

Dividend income from our real estate equity securities decreased from \$14.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$11.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 due to a decrease in the dividend rate per unit declared by the SREIT. We expect dividend income for our real estate equity securities to vary in future periods based on the occupancy and rental rates of the SREIT's portfolio, movements in interest rates and the underlying liquidity needs of the SREIT.

Other operating income increased from \$13.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$13.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in other operating income was primarily due to an increase in parking revenues as employees return to the office. We expect other operating income to vary in future periods based on occupancy rates and parking rates at our real estate properties and to the extent of continued uncertainty in the real estate and financial markets.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Operating, maintenance and management costs increased from \$54.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$55.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase in operating, maintenance and management costs was primarily due to an overall increase in repairs and maintenance costs and operating costs, including janitorial and security costs, as a result of general inflation and an increase in physical occupancy. We expect operating, maintenance and management costs to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to the extent physical occupancy increases as employees return to the office.

Real estate taxes and insurance decreased from \$41.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$40.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to a reduction in the property tax estimate as a result of the lower assessed property values related to our real estate properties. We expect real estate taxes and insurance to increase in future periods as a result of general inflation and to vary based on increases or decreases due to future property tax reassessments for properties that we continue to own.

Asset management fees increased from \$15.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$15.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to capital improvements at our real estate properties. We expect asset management fees to increase in future periods as a result of any improvements we make to our properties and to decrease to the extent we dispose of properties. As of September 30, 2023, there were \$15.4 million of accrued asset management fees, of which \$8.5 million were Deferred Asset Management Fees and \$6.9 million was restricted cash deposited into the Bonus Retention Fund. For a discussion of Deferred Asset Management Fees and the Bonus Retention Fund, see "— Liquidity and Capital Resources" herein.

General and administrative expenses decreased from \$5.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to professional fees incurred related to our conflicts committee's and board of directors' evaluation of various alternatives available to us during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and a decrease in board of director fees. General and administrative costs consisted primarily of portfolio legal fees, board of directors fees, third party transfer agent fees, financial advisor consulting fees and audit costs. We expect general and administrative expenses to vary in future periods.

Depreciation and amortization increased from \$83.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$86.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to an increase in capital improvements as a result of lease expansion at a property and acceleration of depreciation and amortization for early lease terminations. We expect depreciation and amortization to increase in future periods as a result of additional capital improvements, offset by a decrease in amortization related to fully amortized tenant origination and absorption costs.

Interest expense increased from \$37.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$87.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Included in interest expense was (i) \$34.1 million and \$84.0 million of interest expense payments for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2023, respectively, and (ii) the amortization of deferred financing costs of \$2.9 million and \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2023, respectively. The increase in interest expense was due to higher one-month LIBOR, one-month BSBY and one-month Term SOFR during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the related impact on interest expense related to the portion of our variable rate debt and draws on our revolving debt. In general, we expect interest expense to vary based on fluctuations in interest rates (for our variable rate debt) and the amount of future borrowings.

We recognized net gain on derivative instruments of \$32.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was (i) realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$22.9 million, (ii) unrealized gain on interest rate swaps of \$9.3 million, and (iii) fair value loss on interest rate cap of \$25,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. We recognized net gain on derivative instruments of \$49.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Included in net gain on derivative instruments was (i) unrealized gain on interest rate swaps of \$54.6 million, (ii) realized gain on interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million, offset by (iii) \$7.2 million of realized loss on interest rate swaps for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease in net gain on derivative instruments was primarily due to changes in fair values with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. In general, we expect net gains or losses on derivative instruments to vary based on fair value changes with respect to our interest rate swaps that are not accounted for as cash flow hedges.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$45.5 million to write down the carrying value of 201 Spear Street (located in San Francisco, California) to its estimated fair value as a result of continued market uncertainty due to rising interest rates, increased vacancy rates as a result of slow return to office in San Francisco, additional projected vacancy due to anticipated tenant turnover and further declining values of comparable sales in the market, all of which impacted ongoing cash flow estimates and leasing projections, which resulted in the future estimated undiscounted cash flows to be lower than the net carrying value of the property. As of September 30, 2023, 201 Spear Street was 64.5% occupied. We are projecting longer lease-up periods for the vacant space, and increased tenant turnover for currently occupied space, as demand for office space in San Francisco has significantly declined as a result of the continued work-from-home arrangements, which increased due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and due to the economic slowdown and the current rising interest rate environment. See also the discussion of the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan under "— Liquidity and Capital Resources." We did not record any non-cash impairment charges during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, we recorded unrealized losses on real estate equity securities of \$57.6 million and \$63.7 million, respectively, as a result of the decrease in the closing price of the units of the SREIT on the SGX-ST.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we recorded \$2.7 million related to the write-off of prepaid offering costs. In order to avoid additional legal, accounting and other offering costs, we withdrew our registration statement on Form S-11 to register a public offering as an NAV REIT, which had been filed with the SEC, as at this time it is not likely we will pursue a conversion to an "NAV REIT."

# **Funds from Operations and Modified Funds from Operations**

We believe that funds from operations ("FFO") is a beneficial indicator of the performance of an equity REIT. We compute FFO in accordance with the current National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition. FFO represents net income, excluding gains and losses from sales of operating real estate assets (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar conditions based on historical cost accounting and useful-life estimates), gains and losses from change in control, impairment losses on real estate assets, depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, and adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. In addition, we elected the option to exclude mark-to-market changes in value recognized on real estate equity securities in the calculation of FFO. We believe FFO facilitates comparisons of operating performance between periods and among other REITs. However, our computation of FFO may not be comparable to other REITs that do not define FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. Our management believes that historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. As a result, we believe that the use of FFO, together with the required GAAP presentations, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and provides a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities.

Changes in accounting rules have resulted in a substantial increase in the number of non-operating and non-cash items included in the calculation of FFO. As a result, our management also uses MFFO as an indicator of our ongoing performance as well as our dividend sustainability. MFFO excludes from FFO: acquisition fees and expenses (to the extent that such fees and expenses have been recorded as operating expenses); adjustments related to contingent purchase price obligations; amounts relating to straight-line rents and amortization of above and below market intangible lease assets and liabilities; accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums on debt investments; amortization of closing costs relating to debt investments; impairments of real estate-related investments; mark-to-market adjustments included in net income; and gains or losses included in net income for the extinguishment or sale of debt or hedges. We compute MFFO in accordance with the definition of MFFO included in the practice guideline issued by the IPA in November 2010 as interpreted by management. Our computation of MFFO may not be comparable to other REITs that do not compute MFFO in accordance with the current IPA definition or that interpret the current IPA definition differently than we do.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

We believe that MFFO is helpful as a measure of ongoing operating performance because it excludes costs that management considers more reflective of investing activities and other non-operating items included in FFO. Management believes that excluding acquisition fees and expenses (to the extent that such fees and expenses have been recorded as operating expenses) from MFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with management's analysis of the operating performance of the portfolio over time. MFFO also excludes non-cash items such as straight-line rental revenue. Additionally, we believe that MFFO provides investors with supplemental performance information that is consistent with the performance indicators and analysis used by management, in addition to net income and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, to evaluate the sustainability of our operating performance. MFFO provides comparability in evaluating the operating performance of our portfolio with other non-traded REITs. MFFO, or an equivalent measure, is routinely reported by non-traded REITs, and we believe often used by analysts and investors for comparison purposes.

FFO and MFFO are non-GAAP financial measures and do not represent net income as defined by GAAP. Net income as defined by GAAP is the most relevant measure in determining our operating performance because FFO and MFFO include adjustments that investors may deem subjective, such as adding back expenses such as depreciation and amortization and the other items described above. Accordingly, FFO and MFFO should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our current and historical operating performance. In addition, FFO and MFFO do not represent cash flows from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered an indication of our liquidity. We believe FFO and MFFO, in addition to net income and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, are meaningful supplemental performance measures. See also "—Market Outlook—Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets—Going Concern Considerations" and "—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Although MFFO includes other adjustments, the exclusion of adjustments for straight-line rent, the amortization of aboveand below-market leases, and unrealized losses (gains) on derivative instruments are the most significant adjustments for the periods presented. We have excluded these items based on the following economic considerations:

- Adjustments for straight-line rent. These are adjustments to rental revenue as required by GAAP to recognize
  contractual lease payments on a straight-line basis over the life of the respective lease. We have excluded these
  adjustments in our calculation of MFFO to more appropriately reflect the current economic impact of our in-place
  leases, while also providing investors with a useful supplemental metric that addresses core operating performance by
  removing rent we expect to receive in a future period or rent that was received in a prior period;
- Amortization of above- and below-market leases. Similar to depreciation and amortization of real estate assets and
  lease related costs that are excluded from FFO, GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of intangible lease assets and
  liabilities diminishes predictably over time and requires that these charges be recognized currently in revenue. Since
  market lease rates in the aggregate have historically risen or fallen with local market conditions, management believes
  that by excluding these charges, MFFO provides useful supplemental information on the realized economics of the
  real estate; and
- Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments. These adjustments include unrealized losses (gains) from mark-to-market adjustments on interest rate swaps and the interest rate cap. The change in fair value of interest rate swaps and the interest rate cap not designated as a hedge are non-cash adjustments recognized directly in earnings and are included in interest expense. We have excluded these adjustments in our calculation of MFFO to more appropriately reflect the economic impact of our interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Our calculation of FFO, which we believe is consistent with the calculation of FFO as defined by NAREIT, is presented in the following table, along with our calculation of MFFO, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (in thousands). No conclusions or comparisons should be made from the presentation of these periods.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Net loss	\$	(23,116)	\$	(15,496)	\$	(133,593)	\$	(21,099)	
Depreciation of real estate assets		24,706		24,947		72,749		67,897	
Amortization of lease-related costs		4,448		4,958		13,514		15,866	
Impairment charges on real estate		_		_		45,459		_	
Unrealized loss on real estate equity securities		15,541		29,138		57,630		63,673	
FFO		21,579		43,547		55,759		126,337	
Straight-line rent and amortization of above- and below-market leases, net		(3,750)		(2,945)		(6,435)		(8,280)	
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments		(3,629)		(18,708)		(9,248)		(54,578)	
MFFO	\$	14,200	\$	21,894	\$	40,076	\$	63,479	

FFO and MFFO may also be used to fund all or a portion of certain capitalizable items that are excluded from FFO and MFFO, such as tenant improvements, building improvements and deferred leasing costs.

#### **Distributions**

Distributions declared, distributions paid and cash flow from operating activities were as follows for the first, second and third quarters of 2023 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	D:-4		istributions	D	istrib	utions Paid	(2)		C	Cash Flow from
Period		ributions eclared	eclared Per Share (1)	Cash	Re	einvested		Total		Operating Activities
First Quarter 2023	\$	17,073	\$ 0.115	\$ 11,303	\$	7,448	\$	18,751	\$	5,192
Second Quarter 2023		17,121	0.115	10,488		6,617		17,105		6,510
Third Quarter 2023				3,529		2,183		5,712		25,490
	\$	34,194	\$ 0.230	\$ 25,320	\$	16,248	\$	41,568	\$	37,192

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes share was issued and outstanding on each monthly record date for distributions during the period presented. For each monthly record date for distributions during the period from January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023, distributions were calculated at a rate of \$0.03833333 per share.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we paid aggregate distributions of \$41.6 million, including \$25.3 million of distributions paid in cash and \$16.3 million of distributions reinvested through our dividend reinvestment plan. Our net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$133.6 million. FFO for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$55.8 million and cash flow from operating activities was \$37.2 million. See the reconciliation of FFO to net income above. We funded our total distributions paid, which includes net cash distributions and dividends reinvested by stockholders, with \$17.4 million of cash flow from current operating activities, \$8.3 million of cash flow from operating activities in excess of distributions paid during prior periods and \$15.9 million of proceeds from debt financing. For purposes of determining the source of our distributions paid, we assume first that we use cash flow from operating activities from the relevant or prior periods to fund distribution payments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Distributions are generally paid on a monthly basis. Distributions for the monthly record date of a given month are generally paid on or about the first business day of the following month.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

In January 2023, we reduced the distribution rate from that of prior periods due to the continued impact of the economic slowdown on our cash flows. Commencing in July 2023, due to the illiquidity in the debt and capital markets and upcoming loan maturities, we further adjusted the timing and amount of stockholder distributions in order to be able to retain funds for future leasing needs in the portfolio. We have moved to quarterly assessments of distributions, and by the last month of each calendar quarter we will make a decision on the distribution amount (if any) to be paid. We did not declare any distributions for the three months ended September 30, 2023. For the reasons discussed herein, we are unable to predict when we will be in a position to resume the payment of regular distributions to our stockholders. Continued disruptions in the financial markets and economic uncertainty could adversely affect our ability to implement our business strategy and continue as a going concern. See "— Market Outlook — Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets and Going Concern Considerations", "— Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" herein and Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and Part II, Item 5, "Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities — Distribution Information" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 as filed with the SEC.

# **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the SEC. The preparation of our financial statements requires significant management judgments, assumptions and estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and our disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. With different estimates or assumptions, materially different amounts could be reported in our financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact the comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. A discussion of the accounting policies that management considers critical in that they involve significant management judgments, assumptions and estimates is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the SEC. There have been no significant changes to our policies during 2023.

#### **Subsequent Events**

We evaluate subsequent events up until the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.

# Accenture Tower Revolving Loan

On November 2, 2020, we, through an indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "Accenture Tower Borrower"), entered into a three-year loan facility with U.S. Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, joint lead arranger and co-book runner; Bank of America, N.A., as syndication agent, joint lead arranger and co-book runner; and Deutsche Pfandbriefbank AG (together, with the National Bank of Kuwait S.A.K.P. Grand Caymans Branch (which was subsequently added as a lender), the "Accenture Tower Lenders"), for a committed amount of up to \$375.0 million (as amended and modified, the "Accenture Tower Revolving Loan"), of which \$281.3 million was term debt and \$93.7 million was revolving debt. The Accenture Tower Revolving Loan is secured by Accenture Tower.

The Accenture Tower Revolving Loan had a maturity date of November 2, 2023, with two 12-month extension options, subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. On November 2, 2023, we, through the Accenture Tower Borrower, entered into a second modification agreement with the Accenture Tower Lenders to extend the initial maturity date of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan to December 4, 2023. The two 12-month extension options pursuant to the loan agreement remain available from the original maturity date of November 2, 2023, in each case subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents. As of November 2, 2023, the outstanding principal balance of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan consisted of \$281.3 million of term debt and the \$93.7 million of revolving debt was undrawn. Pursuant to the second modification agreement, the Accenture Tower Borrower shall have no right to request and the Accenture Tower Lenders shall have no obligation to disburse, any advances of the revolving debt until the Accenture Tower Borrower successfully extends the term of the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan by satisfying the terms and conditions of the first extension option. We continue to have discussions with the Accenture Tower Lenders regarding potential modifications to the Accenture Tower Revolving Loan, which would include, among other modifications, an extension of the maturity date, but we can give no assurance that such modification will be completed.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

#### Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility

On November 3, 2021, we, through indirect wholly owned subsidiaries (each a "Borrower" and together, the "Borrowers"), entered into a two-year loan agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent; BofA Securities, Inc., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and Capital One, National Association as joint lead arrangers and joint book runners; Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and each of the financial institutions a signatory thereto, for an amount up to \$613.2 million, of which \$459.9 million was term debt and \$153.3 million was revolving debt (the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility"). The current lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility are Bank of America, N.A.; Wells Fargo Bank, National Association; U.S. Bank, National Association; Capital One, National Association; PNC Bank, National Association; Regions Bank; and Zions Bankcorporation, N.A., DBA California Bank & Trust (together, the "Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders").

The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility is secured by 60 South Sixth, Preston Commons, Sterling Plaza, Towers at Emeryville, Ten Almaden and Town Center.

The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility had a maturity date of November 3, 2023, with one 12-month extension option, subject to certain terms and conditions as described in the loan documents. As of November 3, 2023, we did not meet the conditions necessary to exercise the one-year extension option. On November 8, 2023, we, through the Borrowers, entered into a loan modification and extension agreement with the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders, effective as of November 3, 2023 (the "Extension Agreement"). Pursuant to the Extension Agreement, the maturity date of Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was extended to November 17, 2023 with no additional options to extend the maturity date. As of November 3, 2023, the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility was approximately \$6.9 million. The unadvanced portion of the commitment of approximately \$6.9 million was permanently cancelled. We continue to have discussions with the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility Lenders regarding a potential modification of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility which would include, among other modifications, an extension of the maturity date, but we can give no assurance that such modification will be completed.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to the effects of interest rate changes as a result of borrowings used to maintain liquidity and to fund the acquisition, expansion and refinancing of our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our profitability and the value of our real estate investment portfolio may be adversely affected during any period as a result of interest rate changes. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings, prepayment penalties and cash flows and to lower overall borrowing costs. We may manage interest rate risk by utilizing a variety of financial instruments, including interest rate caps, floors, and swap agreements, in order to limit the effects of changes in interest rates on our operations. When we use these types of derivatives to hedge the risk of interest-earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities, we may be subject to certain risks, including the risk that losses on a hedge position will reduce the funds available for other capital needs and that the losses may exceed the amount we invested in the instruments.

We borrow funds at a combination of fixed and variable rates. Interest rate fluctuations will generally not affect our future earnings or cash flows on our fixed rate debt, unless such instruments mature or are otherwise terminated. However, interest rate changes will affect the fair value of our fixed rate instruments. As of September 30, 2023, the fair value of our fixed rate debt was \$122.1 million and the outstanding principal balance of our fixed rate debt was \$123.0 million. The fair value estimate of our fixed rate debt is calculated using a discounted cash flow analysis utilizing rates we would expect to pay for debt of a similar type and remaining maturity if the loan was originated as of September 30, 2023. As we expect to hold our fixed rate instruments to maturity (unless the property securing the debt is sold and the loan is repaid) and the amounts due under such instruments would be limited to the outstanding principal balance and any accrued and unpaid interest, we do not expect that fluctuations in interest rates, and the resulting change in fair value of our fixed rate instruments, would have a significant impact on our operations.

Conversely, movements in interest rates on our variable rate debt would change our future earnings and cash flows, but not significantly affect the fair value of those instruments. However, changes in required risk premiums would result in changes in the fair value of variable rate instruments. As of September 30, 2023, we were exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on \$547.6 million of variable rate debt outstanding after giving consideration to the impact of interest rate swap agreements on approximately \$1.0 billion of our variable rate debt. We also had an interest rate cap for a notional amount of \$125.0 million. Based on interest rates as of September 30, 2023, if interest rates were 100 basis points higher or lower during the 12 months ending September 30, 2024, interest expense on our variable rate debt would increase or decrease by \$5.5 million.

The interest rate and weighted-average effective interest rate of our fixed rate debt and variable rate debt as of September 30, 2023 were 3.7% and 5.0%, respectively. The weighted-average effective interest rate represents the actual interest rate in effect as of September 30, 2023 (consisting of the contractual interest rate and the effect of interest rate swaps and the interest rate cap, if applicable), using interest rate indices as of September 30, 2023 where applicable.

We have \$1.7 billion of loan maturities in the next 12 months. We continue to have discussions with our lenders regarding potential modifications to certain debt obligations, including the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and Accenture Tower Revolving Loan. See Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Subsequent Events – Accenture Tower Revolving Loan" and "– Subsequent Events – Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility." Given the challenges affecting the U.S. commercial real estate industry and the rising interest rate environment, in order to refinance or extend these loans, we expect lenders to demand higher interest rate spreads compared to the existing terms in our current loan agreements. We utilize interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk, and in particular fluctuations in the variable rate, namely SOFR, but these interest rate swaps will not mitigate any risk related to higher interest rate spreads. As a result, we expect interest expense and our weighted-average effective interest rate to increase in the future as we continue to refinance our maturing debt. For a discussion of the interest rate risks related to the current capital and credit markets, see Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Market Outlook – Real Estate and Real Estate Finance Markets and Going Concern Considerations" and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" herein and the risks discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the SEC.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk (continued)

We are exposed to financial market risk with respect to our investment in the SREIT (SGX-ST Ticker: OXMU). Financial market risk is the risk that we will incur economic losses due to adverse changes in our investment's security price. Our exposure to changes in security prices is a result of our investment in these types of securities. Market prices are subject to fluctuation and, therefore, the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from our carrying value. Fluctuation in the market prices of a security may result from any number of factors, including perceived changes in the underlying fundamental characteristics of the issuer, the relative price of alternative investments, interest rates, default rates and general market conditions. The SREIT's units were first listed for trading on the SGX-ST on July 19, 2019. If an active trading market for the units does not develop or is not sustained, it may be difficult to sell our units. The market for Singapore REITs may trade a small number of securities and may be unable to respond effectively to increases in trading volume, potentially making prompt liquidation of our investment in the SREIT difficult. Even if an active trading market develops or we are able to negotiate block trades, if we or other significant investors sell or are perceived as intending to sell a substantial amount of units in a short period of time, the market price of our remaining units could be adversely affected. In addition, as a foreign equity investment, the trading price of units of the SREIT may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in the Singapore and Asian markets, including changes in government, economic and fiscal policies. Furthermore, we may be limited in our ability to sell our investment in the SREIT if our advisor and/or its affiliates are deemed to have material, non-public information regarding the SREIT. Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., our Chief Executive Officer, our President and our affiliated director, is a former director of the external manager of the SREIT, and Mr. Schreiber currently holds an indirect ownership interest in the external manager of the SREIT. An affiliate of our advisor serves as the U.S. asset manager to the SREIT. We do not currently engage in derivative or other hedging transactions to manage our investment's security price risk.

As of September 30, 2023, we held 215,841,899 units of the SREIT which represented 18.2% of the outstanding units of the SREIT as of that date. As of September 30, 2023, the aggregate value of our investment in the units of the SREIT was \$29.8 million, which was based solely on the closing price of the SREIT units on the SGX-ST of \$0.138 per unit as of September 30, 2023, and did not take into account any potential discount for the holding period risk due to the quantity of units held by us relative to the normal level of trading volume in the units. This is a decrease of \$0.742 per unit from our initial acquisition of the SREIT units at \$0.880 per unit on July 19, 2019. Due to the disruptions in the financial markets, since early March 2020, the trading price of the common units of the SREIT has experienced substantial volatility. The trading price of the common units of the SREIT has been significantly impacted by the market sentiment for stock with significant investment in U.S. commercial office buildings. The SREIT also has a significant amount of debt maturing in 2024, which adds additional uncertainty around the value of the units. Based solely on the closing price per unit of the SREIT units as of September 30, 2023, if prices were to increase or decrease by 10%, our net income would increase or decrease by approximately \$3.0 million.

# Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon, and as of the date of, the evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None.

# Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the risks discussed below, please see the risks discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and in Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2023, each as filed with the SEC.

We have substantial indebtedness maturing over the 12-month period ending September 30, 2024. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of these financial statements. If we are unable to repay, refinance or extend maturing loans, the lenders may declare events of default and seek to foreclose on the underlying collateral. There is no assurance that we will be able to satisfy, extend or refinance the maturing loans, and even if we do, we may still be adversely affected if substantial principal paydowns are required.

As of September 30, 2023, we had mortgage debt obligations in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.7 billion, with a weighted-average remaining term of 0.3 years. As of September 30, 2023, we had \$1.7 billion of notes payable maturing during the 12 months ending September 30, 2024. Considering the current commercial real estate lending environment, this raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of the issuance of these financial statements. Certain of our loans have extension options beyond the next 12 months. However, the extension options are subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents some of which are more stringent than our current loan compliance tests, including the leverage ratio required, debt service coverage and other requirements. The most stringent compliance test for our loan extensions will likely be the leverage ratio required, which will generally be based on updated lender commissioned appraisals. Given the uncertainty in the current real estate market and variability in appraisers' views on fair values of office properties in the current market, these updated appraisals could have a significant impact on our availability under our loans. As a result, in order to qualify for certain loan extensions, we will likely be required to reduce the loan commitment by a substantial amount and/or make paydowns on certain loans. Due to this potential reduction in loan commitment and ongoing capital expenditure needs in our real estate portfolio, we will likely seek to refinance or restructure certain debt instruments, may need to evaluate selling equity securities and/or may be required to sell certain assets into a challenged real estate market in an effort to manage our liquidity needs. Selling real estate assets in the current market would likely impact the ultimate sale price. While we anticipate to have available funds on certain loans to make these loan paydowns where required, depending on the size of the required paydown (beyond just a loss of commitment), we may need to rely on asset sale proceeds or the completion of refinance discussions with certain lenders in order to be able meet any loan paydown requirements. We also may defer noncontractual expenditures or further suspend or cease distributions and redemptions. Additionally, we anticipate we may relinquish ownership of one or more secured properties to the mortgage lender. There can be no assurances as to the certainty or timing of management's plans, as certain elements of management's plans are outside our control, including our ability to sell assets or successfully refinance or restructure certain of our debt instruments. As a result of our upcoming loan maturities, the challenging commercial real estate lending environment, the current interest rate environment, leasing challenges in certain markets where we own properties and the lack of transaction volume in the U.S. office market as well as general market instability, management's plans cannot be considered probable and thus do not alleviate substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Moreover, funding substantial principal repayments would significantly impact our capital resources, which could have a material adverse effect on our ability to meet our future liquidity needs. Continued increases in interest rates, reductions in real estate values and future tenant turnover in the portfolio will have a further impact on our ability to meet loan compliance tests and may further reduce our available liquidity under our loan agreements. If we are unable to meet loan compliance tests and/or repay, refinance or extend maturing mortgage loans, the lenders may declare events of default and will have the right to sell or dispose of the collateral and/or enforce and collect the collateral securing the loans, which would negatively affect our results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, asset valuations and ability to continue as a going concern.

# Item 1A. Risk Factors (continued)

Additionally, as of September 30, 2023, we determined we did not meet the debt service coverage ratio required under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility with an outstanding principal balance of \$606.3 million as of that date. Pursuant to the terms of the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility, we are required to notify the lenders by November 29, 2023. At such time, we would have 30 days from receipt of notice from the lenders to make a principal paydown of up to \$29.7 million. The Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility had a maturity date of November 3, 2023, with one 12-month extension option, subject to certain terms and conditions as described in the loan documents. As of November 3, 2023, we did not meet the conditions necessary to exercise the one-year extension option. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, we entered into a loan modification and extension agreement with the lenders under the Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility and extended the maturity date to November 17, 2023, among other modifications. See Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Subsequent Events – Amended and Restated Portfolio Loan Facility."

In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$45.5 million to write down the carrying value of 201 Spear Street (located in San Francisco, California) to its estimated fair value as a result of continued market uncertainty due to rising interest rates, increased vacancy rates as a result of slow return to office in San Francisco, additional projected vacancy due to anticipated tenant turnover and further declining values of comparable sales in the market, all of which impacted ongoing cash flow estimates and leasing projections. As a result, 201 Spear Street is currently valued at less than the outstanding mortgage debt of \$125.0 million, which debt has an initial loan maturity of January 5, 2024. We are currently engaged in discussions with our lender and due to the substantial difference between the mortgage debt and the fair value of the asset and the very uncertain path and timing of a recovery in the San Francisco market, we do not believe it is in the Company's best interest to make significant paydowns on the loan and invest additional funds into this asset in an effort to refinance and extend the loan. As a result of the borrower's failure to pay in full the entire November 2023 monthly interest payment under the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan on the due date, on November 9, 2023, the 201 Spear Street Mortgage Loan lender notified the borrower that if such amount is not paid by November 14, 2023, then the borrower will be in default under the loan. The borrower does not expect to make the full interest payment by this date, and as a result, will likely default on the loan. If the borrower defaults, interest on the loan will accrue at the default rate and additional daily or late charges will apply. As a result, we anticipate that there is a high likelihood that we may ultimately relinquish ownership of the property to the lender in a foreclosure transaction or other alternative to foreclosure in satisfaction of the mortgage.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- a). During the period covered by this Form 10-Q, we did not sell any equity securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- b). Not applicable.
- c). We have a share redemption program that may enable stockholders to sell their shares to us in limited circumstances. The restrictions of our share redemption program will limit our stockholders' ability to sell their shares should they require liquidity and will limit our stockholders' ability to recover an amount equal to our estimated value per share. Further, on January 17, 2023, our board of directors determined to suspend Ordinary Redemptions (defined below) under our share redemption program to preserve capital in the current market environment. We will continue to evaluate the markets and our overall liquidity profile as we determine when to potentially remove the suspension on Ordinary Redemptions, though we can give no assurance in this regard. During the suspension of Ordinary Redemption requests that have been received were canceled, and no Ordinary Redemption requests will be accepted or collected. However, any redemptions sought in connection with and meeting the requirements for Special Redemptions (defined below) will still be eligible for redemption and will continue to be processed in accordance with the current share redemption program.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds (continued)

There are several limitations on our ability to redeem shares under our share redemption program:

- Unless the shares are being redeemed in connection with a stockholder's death, "Qualifying Disability" or "Determination of Incompetence" (each as defined in the share redemption program, and together with redemptions sought in connection with a stockholder's death, "Special Redemptions;" all redemptions that do not meet the requirements for a Special Redemption are "Ordinary Redemptions"), we may not redeem shares unless the stockholder has held the shares for one year.
- During any calendar year, we may redeem only the number of shares that we could purchase with the amount of net proceeds from the sale of shares under our dividend reinvestment plan during the prior calendar year, provided that once we have received requests for redemptions, whether in connection with Special Redemptions or otherwise, that if honored, and when combined with all prior redemptions made during the calendar year, would result in the amount of remaining funds available for the redemption of additional shares in such calendar year being \$10.0 million or less, the last \$10.0 million of available funds shall be reserved exclusively for Special Redemptions. Notwithstanding anything contained in our share redemption program to the contrary, we may increase or decrease the funding available for the redemption of shares pursuant to the program upon ten business days' notice to our stockholders.
- During any calendar year, we may redeem no more than 5% of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year.
- We have no obligation to redeem shares if the redemption would violate the restrictions on distributions under Maryland General Corporation Law, as amended from time to time, which prohibits distributions that would cause a corporation to fail to meet statutory tests of solvency.

For purposes of determining the time period a redeeming stockholder has held each share, the time period begins as of the date the stockholder acquired the share; provided, that shares purchased by the redeeming stockholder pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan or received as a stock dividend will be deemed to have been acquired on the same date as the initial share to which the dividend reinvestment plan shares or stock dividend shares relate. The date of the share's original issuance by us is not determinative.

For a stockholder's shares to be eligible for redemption in a given month, the administrator must receive a written redemption request from the stockholder or from an authorized representative of the stockholder setting forth the number of shares requested to be redeemed at least five business days before the redemption date. We redeem shares on the last business day of each month, except that the first redemption date following our establishment of an estimated value per share shall be no less than ten business days after our announcement of such estimated value per share in a filing with the SEC and the redemption date shall be set forth in such filing. If we cannot redeem all shares presented for redemption in any month because of the limitations on redemptions set forth in our share redemption program, then we will honor redemption requests on a pro rata basis, except that if a pro rata redemption would result in a stockholder owning less than the minimum purchase requirement described in our currently effective, or the most recently effective, registration statement, as such registration statement has been amended or supplemented, then we would redeem all of such stockholder's shares.

Except during the current suspension of Ordinary Redemption under the share redemption program, if we do not completely satisfy a redemption request on a redemption date because the program administrator did not receive the request in time, because of the limitations on redemptions set forth in our share redemption program or because of a suspension of our share redemption program, then we will treat the unsatisfied portion of the redemption request as a request for redemption at the next redemption date funds are available for redemption, unless the redemption request is withdrawn. Any stockholder can withdraw a redemption request by sending written notice to the program administrator, provided such notice is received at least five business days before the redemption date.

Upon a transfer of shares, any pending redemption requests with respect to such transferred shares will be canceled as of the date we accept the transfer. Stockholders wishing us to continue to consider a redemption request related to any transferred shares must resubmit their redemption request.

Pursuant to our share redemption program, redemptions made in connection with Special Redemptions are made at a price per share equal to the most recent estimated value per share of our common stock as of the applicable redemption date.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds (continued)

Ordinary Redemptions are made at a price per share equal to 96% of our most recent estimated value per share as of the applicable redemption date.

On September 28, 2022, our board of directors approved an estimated value per share of our common stock of \$9.00 (unaudited) based on (i) appraisals of our 17 real estate properties as of July 31, 2022, the estimated value of our investment in units of the SREIT (SGX-ST Ticker: OXMU) as of September 20, 2022 and the estimated value of our other assets as of June 30, 2022 less (ii) the estimated value of our liabilities as of June 30, 2022, all divided by the number of shares outstanding as of June 30, 2022. Effective for the October 2022 redemption date, which was October 31, 2022, and until the estimated value per share is updated, the redemption price for all shares eligible for redemption will be calculated based on the September 28, 2022 estimated value per share.

We currently expect to utilize an independent valuation firm to update our estimated value per share no later than December 2023. We will report the estimated value per share of our common stock in a Current Report on Form 8-K or in our annual or quarterly reports, all publicly filed with the SEC. We will also provide information about our estimated value per share on our website, <a href="https://www.kbsreitiii.com">www.kbsreitiii.com</a> (such information may be provided by means of a link to our public filings on the SEC's website, <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>).

Our board of directors may amend, suspend or terminate our share redemption program upon ten business days' notice to stockholders, and consistent with SEC guidance and interpretations, we may increase or decrease the funding available for the redemption of shares pursuant to our share redemption program upon ten business days' notice. We may provide notice by including such information (a) in a Current Report on Form 8-K or in our annual or quarterly reports, all publicly filed with the SEC or (b) in a separate mailing to our stockholders. The complete share redemption program document is filed as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 14, 2022 and is available at the SEC's website, <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we funded redemptions under our share redemption program with the net proceeds from our dividend reinvestment plan and from debt financing. We redeemed shares pursuant to our share redemption program as follows:

Month	Total Number of Shares Redeemed <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid Per Share <sup>(2)</sup>	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares Available That May Yet Be Redeemed Under the Program
January 2023	118,125	\$ 9.00	(3)
February 2023	122,546	\$ 9.00	(3)
March 2023	83,897	\$ 9.00	(3)
April 2023	146,969	\$ 9.00	(3)
May 2023	137,868	\$ 9.00	(3)
June 2023	135,112	\$ 9.00	(3)
July 2023	77,940	\$ 9.00	(3)
August 2023	153,579	\$ 9.00	(3)
September 2023	135,948	\$ 9.00	(3)
Total	1,111,984		

<sup>(1)</sup> We announced the adoption and commencement of the program on October 14, 2010. We announced amendments to the program on March 8, 2013 (which amendment became effective on April 7, 2013), on March 7, 2014 (which amendment became effective on April 6, 2014), on May 9, 2018 (which amendment became effective on June 8, 2018), on July 16, 2021 (which amendment became effective on July 30, 2021), on March 18, 2022 (which amendment became effective on April 27, 2022).

<sup>(2)</sup> The prices at which we redeem shares under the program are as set forth above.

<sup>(3)</sup> As discussed above, in January 2023, our board of directors determined to suspend Ordinary Redemptions under our share redemption program to preserve capital in the current market environment. However, any redemptions sought in connection with and meeting the requirements for Special Redemptions are still eligible for redemption and will continue to be processed in accordance with the share redemption program, subject to the amount of net proceeds raised from the sale of shares under our dividend reinvestment plan during 2022, or \$33.4 million, including the reserve for Special Redemptions. As of November 1, 2023, we had \$22.4 million available for redemptions for the remainder of 2023 under the share redemption program, including the reserve for Special Redemptions.

# **Table of Contents**

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds (continued)

For the months of January 2023 through September 2023, we fulfilled all Special Redemption requests eligible for redemption under our share redemption program and received in good order. See note (3) above.

In addition to the redemptions under the share redemption program described above, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we repurchased an additional 417 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$9.00 per share for an aggregate price of \$3,753.

Item 3. Defaults	Upon	Senior	Securities
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None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

**Item 5. Other Information** 

None.

# Item 6. Exhibits

Ex.	Description
3.1	Second Articles of Amendment and Restatement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed January 25, 2011
3.2	Third Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2020, filed November 16, 2020
4.1	Statement regarding restrictions on transferability of shares of common stock (to appear on stock certificate or to be sent upon request and without charge to stockholders issued shares without certificates), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-164703, filed August 20, 2010
4.2	Fourth Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2015, filed August 13, 2015
10.1	Advisory Agreement, by and between the Company and KBS Capital Advisors LLC, dated as of September 27, 2023, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed September 28, 2023
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1	April 2022 Amended and Restated Share Redemption Program, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 14, 2022
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# KBS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST III, INC.

Date: November 14, 2023 By: /S/ CHARLES J. SCHREIBER, JR.

Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

(principal executive officer)

Date: November 14, 2023 By: /S/ JEFFREY K. WALDVOGEL

Jeffrey K. Waldvogel

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

(principal financial officer)

# Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2023	By: /s/ Charles J. Schreiber, .	ſR.
	Charles J. Schreiber, J.	ſ <b>.</b>
	Chief Executive Officer President	and Director

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (principal executive officer)

# Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jeffrey K. Waldvogel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary (principal financial officer)

# Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. (the "Registrant") for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Charles J. Schreiber, Jr., Chief Executive Officer, President and Director of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 14, 2023	By:	/s/ Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.
		Charles J. Schreiber, Jr.
		Chief Executive Officer, President and Director
		(principal executive officer)

# Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of KBS Real Estate Investment Trust III, Inc. (the "Registrant") for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Jeffrey K. Waldvogel, the Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 14, 2023	Ву:	/s/ Jeffrey K. Waldvogel
		Jeffrey K. Waldvogel
		Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary
		(principal financial officer)